State Commercial Turbo Sandblaster Storage Water Heaters Models SBT 75-115, SBT 75-140, SBT 100-199T, SBT 70-360, SBT 100-400, SBT 80-180 SBT 30-225NE, & SBT 100-260T

Manual

INSTALLATION
MAINTENANCE
USER INSTRUCTIONS

This manual contains instructions for the installation, operation and maintenance of your gasfired water heater. Read the appropriate section arefully before servicing or using the water heater. Then keep it handy for quick future reference by inserting it in the plastic envelope provided on the appliance.

AWARNING

This water heater is equipped for one type of gas only. Check the data plate near the gas control valve for the correct gas. DO NOT USE THIS WATER HEATER WITH ANY GAS OTHER THAN THE ONE LISTED ON THE DATA PLATE. Failure to use the correct gas can cause problems which can result in DEATH, SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. If you have any questions or doubts consult your regional gas authority.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
THIS HEATER MUST BE LEFT UNDER THE
CONTROL OF THE GAS CONTROL VALVE
AND THERMOSTAT AT ALL TIMES.

FOR YOUR SAFETY IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- 1. Turn off Gas and open windows.
- 2. Don't touch electrical switches.
- 3. Extinguish any open flames.
- 4. Immediately call your local Gas Board.

FLAMMABLE VAPOURS MAY BE DRAWN BY AIR CURRENTS FROM OTHER AREAS OF THE STRUCTURE TO THIS APPLIANCE.

FOR YOUR SAFETY:

DO NOT STORE OR USE PETROL, AEROSOL OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPOURS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER ATMOSPHERIC GAS APPLIANCE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

All electrical work should be carried out by a suitably qualified electrician in accordance with the current IEE Regulations for buildings, with due consideration given to cable size and type, and short circuit protection.

THIS APPLIANCE SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A TECHNICAL ROOM SEPARATE FROM LIVING ROOMS AND PROVIDED WITH APPROPRIATE VENTILATION DIRECTLY TO THE OUTSIDE.

0291406-03

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General Description

The "Turbo Sandblaster" water heater described in this manual is a floor standing, open flued direct fired storage water heater. Each storage vessel is internally lined with a vitreous enamel coating and is fitted with sacrificial aluminum anode rods to protect against hot water corrosion. The tank is insulated with a layer of CFC free foam and is covered by a metal casing finished in a blue stove enamel paint with a dark blue trim. Each unit is equipped with a stainless steel atmospheric burner which is controlled by a gas control valve which incorporates a gas governor and a thermo-electric flame supervision device. A combined thermostat is installed to regulate the temperature of the water in the tank and the thermostat incorporates an Emergency Cut Off (ECO) device which can be

manually reset. Each water heater is supplied complete with a drain down tap, an inspection hole at the side of the unit and a combined temperature/pressure relief valve.

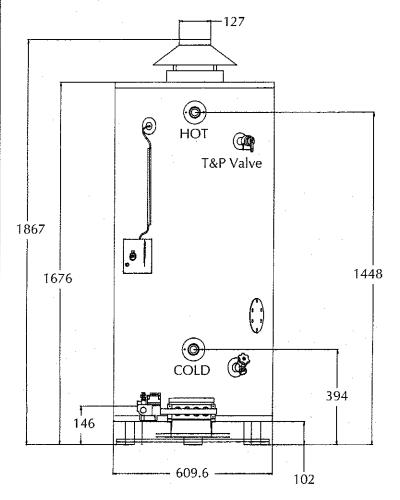
The water heater can be fitted to an unvented, direct on mains system, and in such cases it must be installed by a "competent Person", as laid down in Building Regulations – G3.

"This appliance shall be installed in a technical room sea arate from living rooms and provided with appropriate ventilation directly to the outside".

Technical Data

iechnical Data SBT 75-115 NE

550 litre/hr	101 111/ [#		
	121 UK gal/hr		
281 litres	62 UK gal		
544 kg	1198 lb		
-33 minutes	33 minutes		
3.82m³/hr	135 ft³/hr		
41kW	140,030 Btu/h		
31.98 kW	109,223 Btu/hr		
10.3 bar	150 psig.		
3 metres	10 ft		
17.5 mbar	7 in wg		
27.5 mbar	11 in wg		
35 mbar	14 in wg		
35 mbar	14 in wg		
10 mbar	4 in wg		
25 mbar	10 in wg		
2.05mm	_		
1.35mm	-		
57.43 m³/hr	2030 ft³∕hr		
238°C	460°F		
1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP		
25mm	1" Minimum		
25mm	1" Minimum		
	³/₄" BSP		
127mm	5"		
263 kg	578 lbs		
152mm	6"		
610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"		
20mm	3/4 ¹⁸		
	33 minutes 3.82m³/hr 41kW 31.98 kW 10.3 bar 3 metres 17.5 mbar 27.5 mbar 35 mbar 10 mbar 25 mbar 2.05mm 1.35mm 57.43 m³/hr 238°C 1½ BSP 1½ BSP 25mm 25mm 2127mm 263 kg 152mm 6100mm 1030mm		

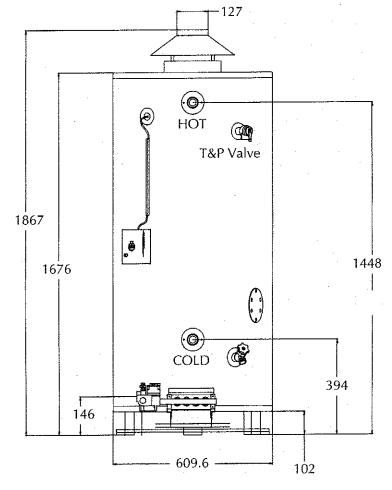


All dimensions are in mm

Technical Data

Technical Data SBT 75-140 NE

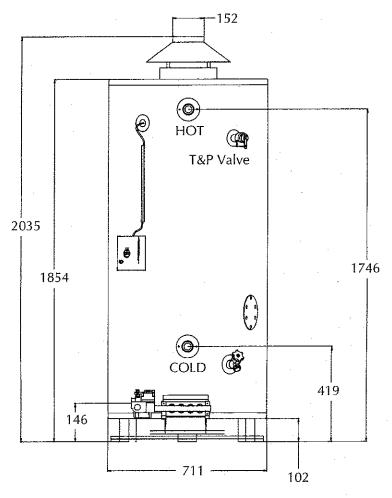
Continuous at 44°C temperature rise	623 litre/hr	137 UK gal/hr	
Storage capacity	281 litres	62 UK gal	
Weight filled	544 kg	1198 lb	
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	27 minutes	27 minutes	
Input rate	3.82m³/hr	135 ft³/hr	
Input gross	41kW	140,030 Btu/hr	
Output gross	31.98 kW	109,223 Btu/hr	
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.	
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg	
Injector size (natural gas)	2.35mm		
Injector size (LPG)	1.65mm	_	
Approx flue gas	57.43 m³∕hr	2030 ft³/hr	
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F	
Water connections—cold inlet —hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum	
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum	
Gas connection	_	³¼" BSP	
Draught diverter outlet size	127mm	5"	
Shipping weight	263 kg	578 lbs	
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6"	
SERVICE CLEARANCE Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"	
Safety Valve	20mm	3/4 ^H	



All dimensions are in mm

rechnical Data SBT 100-199T NE

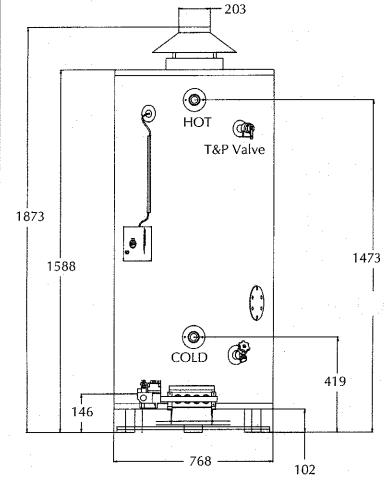
Continuous at 44°C temperature rise	851 litre/hr	187 UK gal/hr		
Storage capacity	376 litres	83 UK gal		
Weight filled	702 kg	1545 lb		
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	27 minutes	27 minutes		
Input rate	5.23m³/hr	185 ft³/hr		
Input gross	56kW -	191,260 Btu/hr		
Output gross	43.68 kW	149,183 Btu/hr		
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.		
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft		
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg		
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg		
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg		
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg		
Surner setting pressure natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg		
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg		
Injector size (natural gas)	2.25mm	_		
Injector size (LPG)	1.50mm			
Approx flue gas	78.45 m³∕hr	2773 ft³/hr		
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F		
Water connections-cold inlet -hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP		
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum		
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum		
Gas connection	_	³/₄" BSP		
Draught diverter outlet size	153mm	6"		
Shipping weight	325 kg	715 lbs		
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6"		
SERVICE CLEARANCE Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"		
Safety Valve	20mm	3/411		



All dimensions are in mm

Technical Data SBT 100-400

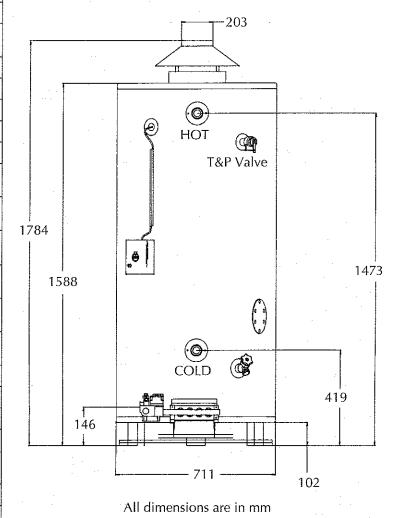
Continuous at 44°C			
temperature rise	1642 litre/hr	362 UK gal/hr	
Storage capacity	376 litres	83 UK gal	
Weight filled	773 kg	1700 lb	
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	14 minutes	14 minutes	
Input rate	10.08m³/hr	357 ft³/hr	
Input gross	108kW	368,820 Btu/hr	
Output gross	84.24 kW	287,680 Btu/hr	
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.	
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg	
Injector size (natural gas)	2.75mm	_	
Injector size (LPG)	1.90mm	_	
Approx flue gas	151.30 m³/hr	5348 ft ² /hr	
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F	
Water connections-cold inlet -hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum	
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum	
Gas connection	_	3/4" BSP	
Draught diverter outlet size	203mm	8"	
Shipping weight	395 kg	870 lbs	
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6"	
SERVICE CLEARANCE Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"	
Safety Valve	20mm	3/4"	



All dimensions are in mm

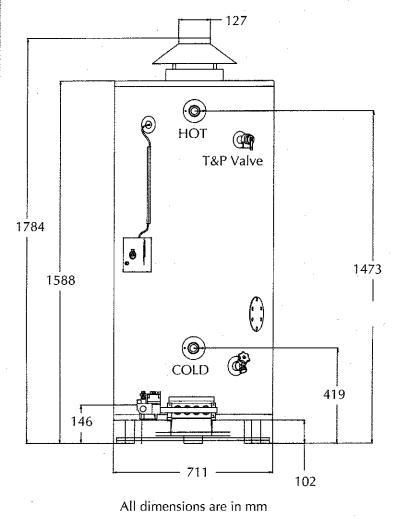
fechnical Data SBT 70-360 NE

	-		
Continuous at 44°C temperature rise	1391 litre/hr	306 UK gal/hr	
Storage capacity	263 litres	58 UK gal	
Weight filled	611 kg	1345 lb	
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	12 minutes	12 minutes	
Input rate	8.55m³/hr	302 ft³/hr	
Input gross	91.5kW	312,472 Btu/hr	
Output gross	71.37 kW	243,728 Btu/hr	
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.	
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg	
Injector size (natural gas)	2.55mm	_	
Injector size (LPG)	1.70mm		
Approx flue gas	128.19 m³/hr	4531 ft³/hr	
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F	
Water connections-cold inlet -hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum	
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum	
Gas connection		3/4" BSP	
Draught diverter outlet size	203mm	8"	
Shipping weight	348 kg	765 lbs	
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6 ⁿ	
SERVICE CLEARANCE Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"	
Safety Valve	20mm	3/4 ¹¹	



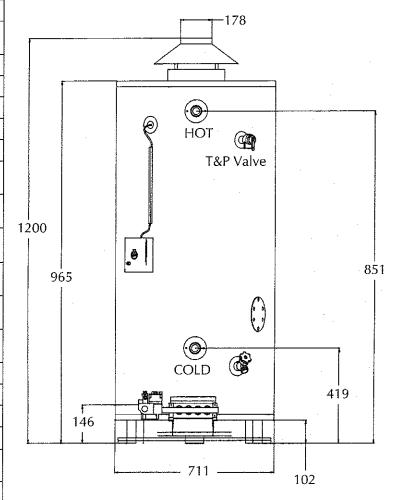
Technical Data SBT 80-180 NE

Continuous at 44°C temperature rise	801 litre/hr	176 UK gal/hr	
Storage capacity	303 litres	67 UK gal	
Weight filled	595 kg	1310lb	
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	25 minutes	25 minutes	
Input rate	4.95m³/hr	174 ft³∕hr	
Input gross	53kW	180,000 Btu/hr	
Output gross	41.10 kW	140,356 Btu/hr	
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.	
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg	
Injector size (natural gas)	2.15mm	-	
Injector size (LPG)	1.30mm	-	
Approx flue gas	74.25 m³/hr	2610 ft³/hr	
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F	
Water connections-cold inlet -hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum	
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum	
Gas connection		³/₄" BSP	
Draught diverter outlet size	127mm	5"	
Shipping weight	290 kg	640 lbs	
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	·6"	
SERVICE CLEARANCE			
Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"	
Safety Valve	20mm	3/4 ⁸	



Technical Data SBT 30-225 NE

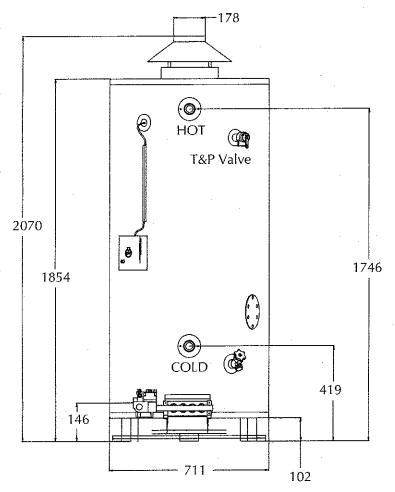
Continuous at 44°C temperature rise	1002 litre/hr	220 UK gal/hr		
Storage capacity	113 litres	25 UK gal		
Weight filled	351kg	773lb		
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	7 minutes	7 minutes		
Input rate	6.17m³/hr	217 ft³/hr		
Input gross	66kW	225,000 Btu/hr		
Output gross	51.38kW	175,462 Btu/hr		
Maximum working head	10.3 bar	150 psig.		
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft		
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg		
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg		
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg		
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg		
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg		
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg		
Injector size (natural gas)	2.50mm	-		
Injector size (LPG)	1.50mm	_		
Approx flue gas	92.55 m³/hr	3255 ft³/hr		
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F		
Water connections-cold inlet -hot outlet		1½ BSP 1½ BSP		
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum		
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum		
Gas connection	-	3/4" BSP		
Draught diverter outlet size	178mm	フ "		
Shipping weight	238 kg	525 lbs		
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6"		
SERVICE CLEARANCE				
Front Above	610mm 508mm	24" 20"		
Safety Valve	20mm	3/411		



All dimensions are in mm

Technical Data SBT 100-260T

		Т	
Continuous at 44°C			
temperature rise	1106 litre/hr	243 UK gal/hr	
Storage capacity	376 litres	83 UK gal	
Weight filled	702 kg	1545 lb	
Time to recover storage with 44°C temperature rise	20 minutes	20 minutes	
Input rate	6.8 m³∕hr	185 ft³/hr	
Input gross	76 kW	260,000 Btu/hr	
Output gross	59.4 kW	203,000 Btu/hr	
Maximum working head	10.3 bar 150 psig.		
Minimum working head	3 metres	10 ft	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	17.5 mbar	7 in wg	
Nominal gas inlet pressure (LPG)	27.5 mbar	11 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (natural gas)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Maximum gas inlet pressure (LPG)	35 mbar	14 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (natural gas)	10 mbar	4 in wg	
Burner setting pressure (LPG)	25 mbar	10 in wg	
Injector size (natural gas)	2.25mm	_	
Injector size (LPG)	1.50mm	-	
Approx flue gas	78.45 m³/hr	2773 ft³/hr	
Approx flue gas temperature	238°C	460°F	
Water connections—cold inlet —hot outlet	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	1½ BSP 1½ BSP	
Open Vent	25mm	1" Minimum	
Cold feed pipe	25mm	1" Minimum	
Gas connection	_	3/4" BSP	
Draught diverter outlet size	153mm	6"	
Shipping weight	325 kg	715 lbs	
MINIMUM CLEARANCE All round	152mm	6°	
SERVICE CLEARANCE Front Above	610mm 1030mm	24" 40.5"	
Safety Valve 20mm ³ / ₄ ⁿ			
		•	



All dimensions are in mm

Installation

Related Documents

The installation of the storage water heater must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations: 1984 and Byelaws of the local water Authority, the Model Water Byelaws and the Building Regulations.

Also, it should be in accordance with any relevant requirements of the Local Authority, the local Gas Region, and the requirements of the following British Standard Codes of Practice:

BS 6644	Installation of Gas Fired Hot Water Boilers 60 kw to 2 MW
1M/11	Flues for Industrial and
BS 6700	Commercial Gas Fired Boilers Design, Installation, Testing and
	Maintenance of services supply- ing water for Domestic use within
BS 7200	buildings and their curtilages Unvented Hot Water Storage
	Units and packages

The installation must conform to commercial standards, but the following may be used, where necessary, for further guidance:

BS 5540: Part 1	Flues for Gas Appliances up to 60 km
BS 5440: Part 2	Air Supply For Gas Appliances up
•	to 60 kw
BS 5546	Installation of Gas Hot Water
	Supplies for Domestic Purposes
	(2nd Family Gases).

It is the law that all gas appliances are installed and serviced by competent persons in accordance with the above regulations. It is in your own interest and that of safety to ensure that the law is complied with.

Location

The location of the storage water heater must permit a satisfactory flue and an adequate air supply. The location must also provide the minimum clearances for servicing and air circulation around the water heater. The water heater must not be installed in a bedroom, bed sitting room, or a room containing a bath or shower. They are considered unsuitable for installation in individual dwellings eg houses, flats or hotel rooms. The floor on which the heater is installed must be flat, level, and of sufficient load bearing capacity to support the weight of the filled water heater with allowance for the weight of additional pipework bearing on the appliance.

Minimum clearances all round the heater should be 150 mm.

A clearance of 600 mm should be accessible at the front of the heater for removal of the burner assembly and 1030 mm above the heater for removal of the flue baffles and anode rods.

The location selected should be as close to the flue stack or chimney as practical and as centralized with the piping system as possible. It should be located in an area not subject to freezing temperatures. The water heater must not be installed on carpeting. Carpeting must be protected by a suitable panel beneath the appliance extending beyond the full width and depth of the appliance by at least 75mm in any direction.

Any combustible material adjacent to the heater must be so placed or shielded as to ensure that its temperature does not exceed 65°C.

Combustion and Ventilation Air Supply

Detailed recommendations for combustion and ventilation air supplies are given in British Standard 6644. The following notes are intended to give general guidance:

The space housing the water heater installation must have permanent air vents communicating directly with the outside air, at high and low level. Where communication with the outside air is possible only by means of high level air vents, ducting down to floor level for the lower vents must be used.

The natural ventilation openings at high and low level should be 4.5cm² /kW at low level and 2.25cm² at high level.

Air vents should have negligible resistance and must not be sited in any position where they are likely to be easily blocked or flooded or in a position adjacent to an extraction system which is carrying flammable vapour.

Grilles or louvres should be designed so that high velocity air systems are minimized in the boiler house.

If the water heater is installed in hairdressers premises, barber shops, dry cleaning establishments or laundry facilities, it is imperative that the combustion and ventilation air must not be contaminated. Sprays or materials emitting volatile vapours can be a source of ignition from the permanent pilot burner in the water heater. Propellants of aerosol sprays and fumes of volatile compounds, in addition to being highly flammable, will also change to corrosive hydrochloric or hydrofluoric acid when exposed to the combustion products of the water heater. The results may be hazardous, cause service problems and produce failure.

Effects of an Extract Fan

If there is any type of extraction fan fitted in the premises, there is a possibility that if adequate air inlet areas from the outside are not provided, spillage of the products of combustion from the water heater flue could occur when the fan is in operation.

Where such installations occur, a spillage test as detailed in BS 5440: Part 1 must be carried out and any necessary corrective action taken.

Installation (cont'd)

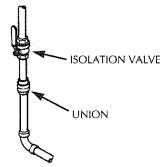
Gas Meter

The gas piping to the water heater is connected to a gas meter by the local Gas Region or the local Gas Regional contractor. An existing gas meter and service should be checked preferably by the local Gas Region to ensure that the meter is adequate to deal with the additional rate of gas supply required.

Gas Piping

Installation of the gas supply pipes should be in accordance with BS 6891. A gas line of sufficient size should be run to the water heater. Make sure the gas supplied is of the same type as listed on the data badge.





There must be:

- A readily accessible and clearly identified manual isolation valve in the gas supply in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations: 1984
- A ground joint union between the manual isolation valve and the appliance control valve to permit servicing on the water heater.

To prevent damage, care must be taken not to allow the torque to be applied across the gas control when attaching the gas supply pipe to the control valve inlet.

Before commissioning the heater, the installation pipes must be tested for soundness and purged, see BS 6891. When the gas line is tested, it should be disconnected from the gas control valve on the heater and capped. If the gas control is subjected to pressures in excess of 35 m bar (14 in WG), the damage to the gas valve could result in an extremely hazardous condition. The manufacturer of the water heater will not be liable either direct or contingent for incidental or consequential damages in the event these instructions are not followed.

CORRECT GAS PIPE DIAMETER (Inches) FOR WATER HEATERS OPERATING ON NATURAL GAS							
Total Input Distance from Meter, In Metres (Feet)							
kw (BTU/h)	9 (30)	18 (60)	27 (90)	36 (120)	46 (150)	55 (180)	64 (210)
22 (75,100)	3/4	1	1	1	11/4	1%	1¼
44 (150,000)	3/4	1	1	1	11/4	1¼	1¼
59 (200,000)	1	11/4	11/4	11/4	11/4	11/4	11/4
-88 (300,000)	11/4	11/4	1 1/4	11/2	1½	11/2	11/2
117 (400,000)	11/4	11/2	11/2	11/2	2	2	2
147 (500,000)	11/4	11/2	2	2	2	2	2
176 (600,000)	1½	2	2	2	2	2	2
220 (750,000)	11/2	2	2	2	3	3	3

Flue System

Detailed recommendations for flues are given in British Standard 6644, BS 5440: Part 1, and 1M/11. The following notes are intended to give general guidance:

- All flue joints must be made "socket up" to retain any condensate within the flue.
- All products of combustion and flue gases must be completely removed to the outside air without spillage from the draught diverter.
- Horizontal runs of pipes and 90° bends/elbows should be avoided.
- The cross sectional area of the flue serving the water heater must not be less than the area of the outlet of the flue connection on the top of the appliance.
- Observe clearances from all combustible materials, i.e.
 50mm except where the flue passes through a noncombustible sleeve where clearance is at least 25 mm.
- Flue pipes and fittings should be constructed from materials, which are asbestos free, robust, durable, corrosion resistant and non-combustible.
- If double wall flue pipe is used, it must be of a type accepted by British Gas.
- The flue pipe should be adequately supported to ensure weight is not transferred to the top of the appliance.
- The flue connecting pipe shall not enter the chimney within 250 mm of its base, shall not protrude beyond its inner face and shall enter with an upward sweep. There must be access to examine and maintain the entry point.

A flue pipe constructed from one of the materials used for flue pipes and fittings referred to, should form the initial connection to the chimney. Alternatively, a chimney may be lined with a stainless steel flexible flue liner or any other liner of acceptable material. The number of joints must be kept to a minimum.

Before connecting a water heater to a flue which has been previously used, the flue should be thoroughly swept clean of any soot and loose material. If a register plate, restrictor plate, damper, etc. is fitted in a chimney flue, it must be removed before connecting the water heater to the flue.

The flue should be terminated in accordance with the relevant recommendations given in BS 5440: Part 1, and BS 6644. A suitable terminal must be fitted to the flue outlet. The terminal should have a minimum resistance to the egress of combustion products and have effective protection against the entry of rain, snow, leaves, birds, etc. The point of termination must not be within 600 mm of an openable window, air vent or other ventilation opening, nor in an area of pressure which will cause downdraught.

Installation (cont'd)

Common Flues

Where two or more gas fired appliances are to be connected to a common natural draught flue, the appliances shall be installed in the same room, shall have the same type of burner system and the flue shall be sized so as to ensure complete evacuation of the flue products from the whole installation.

All flues, whether single or combined, must have adequate support.

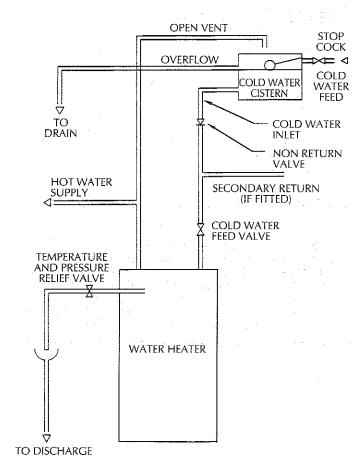
Where one appliance is likely to be used more regularly or for longer periods than others in a group, it shall be connected at the point nearest to the main flue.

When flues are combined, the area of the combined flue should be equal to the area of the largest flue, plus 50% of all the others joining it.

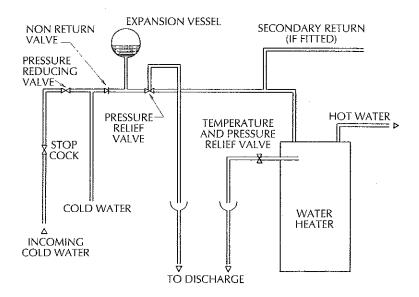
Water Connections

Detailed recommendations for the water system are given in British Standards 5546 and 6700. The following notes are of particular importance:

- The water heater should be fitted to an open vent system or an unvented system.
- In an open system, the cistern should be fitted with a stop valve and its capacity should be in accordance with the local water byelaws and in addition must always be greater than the hourly recovery of the heater. (See Technical Data Sheet for Recovery Rate)
- It is recommended that copper tubing, complying with BS 2871: Part 1 is used for water carrying pipework.
- All pipes must be supported as shown in BS 6700.
- All pipework situated in areas which may be exposed to freezing conditions should be insulated.
- Drainage taps must be located in accessible positions which will permit the draining of the whole system.
 Draining taps should be at least ½" nominal size and be in accordance with BS 2879.
- The Open Vent must be connected, normally from the top of the flow pipe of the heater, rising continuously to discharge over the cold feed cistern. Its size must not be less than that specified in the Technical Data Table. It must not be valved and must be insulated along any part where freezing may occur.
- The Cold Feed Pipe should be valved as shown and not be less than the size specified in the Technical Data table.
- Dead legs of hot water pipes to draw off points should be as short as possible and should not exceed the lengths laid down in BS 5546.
- If lengths required are greater than those mentioned, a return circuit must be fitted.



On **Unvented** systems, the equipment must be approved to BS 7206, and must be installed toe the manufacturers recommendations. It must also be installed by a "Competent Person", as laid down in the Building Regulations – G3.



Installation (cont'd)

Water Treatment

The use of water softening equipment is strongly recommended in all cases where conditions of high or extreme water hardness exist.

When a water treatment plant (water softener) is used in conjunction with State water heaters, it is recommended that the total hardness be reduced to 50-85 mg/l.

High water temperatures generally cause an increase in corrosion and scale forming activity; waters below 60°C scale and corrode less, thus, it is desirable to keep the water temperature as low as possible.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Warranty on this water heater will not be valid if lime or scale deposits are allowed to accumulate causing failure of the tank due to restricted heat transfer. IN HARD WATER AREAS, CLEANING MUST BE PERFORMED AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS EVERY 90 DAYS. Failure to keep accurate records of dates of each cleaning will constitute lack of proper maintenance and void the warranty.

Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve

For protection against excessive pressures and temperatures in this water heater, a combined temperature/pressure relief valve has been installed. This valve conforms to BS 6238: Part 2: Safety and Control devices for use in hot water systems - specification for combined temperature and pressure relief valves for pressures from 1 bar to 10 bar. The valve is marked with the maximum set pressure not to exceed the hydrostatic working pressure of the water heater - 10 bar (150 psi).

The discharge pipe must be fitted with a tundish, with the tundish fitted as close to the valve as possible, but must be within 500 mm of the valve.

The discharge pipe from the tundish should be terminated outside of the building, in a safe place where there is no risk to persons in the vicinity of the discharge, be of metal, and:

- a. be at least one pipe size larger than the nominal outlet size of the valve unless its total equivalent hydrostatic resistance exceeds that of a straight pipe 9 meters long. Bends must be taken into account in calculating the flow resistance.
- b. have a vertical section of pipe at least 300 mm long below the tundish before any elbows or bends in the pipework.
- c. be installed with a continuous fall.
- d. have discharges visible at both the tundish and the final point of discharge, but where this is not practical or possible, there should be clear visibility at one or other of these discharges.

NOTE: The discharge will consist of scalding water and possibly steam. Asphalt, roofing felt and non-metallic rainwater goods may be damaged by such discharges.

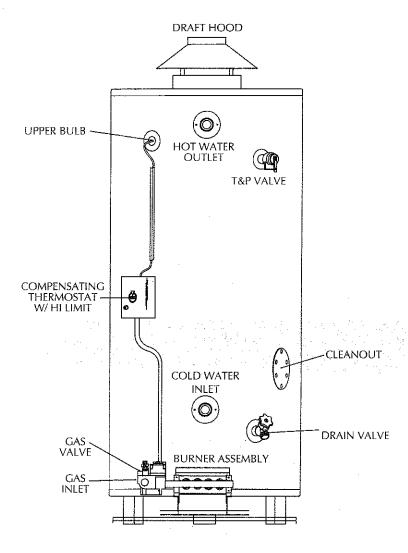
The relief valve should be manually operated at least once a year. Caution should be taken to ensure that:

- 1. No one is in front of or around the outlet of the valve discharge pipe, and
- 2. That the water manually discharged will not cause any damage to property.

Commissioning and Testing

General Information

Before lighting the water heater, be certain that the water heater and system are filled with water. Expel air by opening all hot water outlets. Close outlets and inspect system for leaks; repair if necessary.



Pilot Burner Adjustment

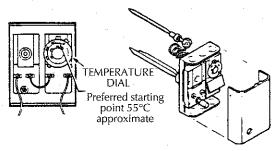
Remove pilot key cap. Turn pilot adjusting screw counterclockwise to open (clockwise to close), until pilot burns with a strong blue flame. Do not allow pilot flame to rise off or burn lazily. Replace pilot key cap.

Main Burner Air Adjustment

These models have a metered air supply burner which requires no further adjustments.

Compensating Thermostat with Manual E.C.O.

The water temperature dial is set at the lowest position during manufacture and must be turned to the desired setting by the user. The faceplace of the thermostat has been labeled with a range of temperature settings. No gas water heater will provide exact water temperature at all times. Some people are more likely to be permanently injured by hot water than others; these include the elderly, children, the infirm, or the handicapped. Before immersing yourself or anyone else in hot water, be sure to check the water temperature.



AWARNING

HOTTER WATER INCREASES THE RISK OF SCALD INJURY.

Temperature Adjustments

If you need hotter water, follow directions for temperature adjustment, but beware of the warnings in this section.

The thermostat of this water heater has been factory set at its lowest position which approximates 48°C to reduce the risk of scald injury. It is adjustable if a different water temperature is desired. Read all the warnings in the instruction manual and on the water heater before proceeding.

To adjust the thermostat setting, remove the outer cover of the thermostat. The thermostat's adjustable dial is labeled with a range of settings between 48° and 82°C.

AWARNING

Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.

E.C.O.

The E.C.O. will activate if the water temperature exceeds 93.3°C and will not reset itself. If it is activated:

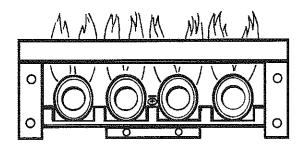
- Draw off sufficient hot water to reduce the water temperature.
- Reset shutoff switch by pressing in the black button on the thermostat.
- Repeat procedure outlined under operating instructions.

NOTE: The reset button cannot be reset until the water temperature lowers to 49°C.

Commissioning and Testing (cont'd)

Burner Inspection

At least every 12 months a visual inspection should be made of the main gas burner and pilot burner.



Main Burner Adjustment

Check the main burner gas pressure by fitting a test nipple in the side of the gas valve, just below where the main burner bar is screwed into the valve. The pressure should be that as stated on the rating plate on the heater or as mentioned in the Technical Data.

Maintenance

Servicing Instructions

To prolong the life of the water heater, it is recommended that the unit is serviced at least once a year. The service should be carried out by a qualified service engineer.

Before Commencing the service work:

- 1. Turn off the gas tap on the gas control valve.
- Turn off the main gas isolation cock.
- 3. Turn off the cold water feed supply to the heater.
- 4. Open a nearby hot water outlet.
- 5. Attach a hose to the drain valve, and turn on and run to waste
- Disconnect the spilt flue clip and remove the draught diverter.

To Clean the Main Burner Assembly:

- Disconnect the three millivolt wires from the gas control valve.
- Unscrew the main gas union near the gas control valve.
- 3. Disconnect the piezo electrode wire from the piezo ignitor.
- 4. Remove the two retaining screws under the burner tray from the front of the base assembly.
- 5. Carefully withdraw the burner assembly by pulling straight out until clear of the combustion chamber.
- 6. Place the burner assembly on the work bench and support the manifold to prevent damage to the pilot supply pipe. Brush the burner flame ports with a stiff bristle brush and remove any scale from inside the burner tubes by tipping upward, giving each a light tap.
- 7. Check the condition of the flame sensor, ignition electrode and pilot burner and renew if necessary.
- 8. Check the pilot supply pipe for tightness at the pilot burner.
- Clean any deposits from the pilot burner with a small brush.

Maintenance (cont'd)

- 10. Examine the condition of the burner injectors. To do this, remove the screws securing the burner manifold from the burner assembly. Clean the burner injectors, if necessary, with a soft cloth and wood splinter. Do not attempt to clean with a drill or metallic reamer.
- 11. Re-assemble the manifold to the burner assembly.
- 12. Check the condition and operation of the control knob of the gas valve for damage. Replace the entire valve if found damaged.

To clean the Flueways:

- 1. Remove the 5 retaining screws from the top cover and remove the cover and the flue collector.
- 2. Withdraw the flue tube baffles.
- 3. Examine and repair as necessary, the flue collector/tank top seal.
- Clean the flue baffles and flue tubes with a suitable stiff brush and remove any deposits from the top of the tank.
- Clean out all deposits from the combustion chamber floor plate.
- 6. Replace the flue baffles.
- 7. Examine the condition of the flue pipe, terminals and supports, giving attention to ensuring that the flueways, including any entry point to a chimney, is clear and unobstructed and that the ventilation/combustion air grilles are clear.

To check the Anodes:

- Remove the magnesium anode rods by unscrewing the hexagonal securing nut from the top of the tank, adjacent to the exit of the flue tube. Use a 1¾ socket et or box spanner.
- 2. Replace the anodes if the diameter is below 9 mm, or if more than 100 mm of the steel core rod is exposed.
- Using the correct sized spanner or socket, refit the anode using a suitable pipe jointing compound to BS 5292 on the threads.

To clean the Storage Tank:

NOTE: Ensure a new gasket is available before starting, as it is necessary to renew it before refitting the inspection cover.

- 1. Remove the hexagon head bolts retaining the inspection cover and with a light tap, free the cover from its flange seating.
- 2. Remove all evidence of the old gasket material from the cover as well as its flange.
- Remove all deposits from the base of the storage tank, taking care not to damage the Turbo force Ring, or the vitreous enamel lining inside the tank. To remove hard scale, it is the recommendation of the

manufacturer that water treatment specialists be called in to circulate an approved chemical de-scalent through the tank, so that hardened deposits can be dissolved and removed. (Important Note: Magnesium anode rods must not come in contact with any chemical de-scalent and should therefore be removed while cleaning the tank).

4. Using a new gasket, replace the inspection cover and securing bolts.

After the Servicing is completed:

- 1. Replace the flue collector cover and top, pushing firmly into place.
- 2. Fasten in place, using the 5 retaining screws.
- 3. Replace the draught diverter and rejoin split flue clip.
- 4. Insert the burner assembly into the combustion chamber, whilst positioning the pipe between the gas control valve and the burner manifold. Push in fully so that the holes in the mounting bracket underneath the front of the tray align with those in the heater base. Replace the 2 retaining screws.
- Remake the union at the gas control valve and burner manifold.
- 6. Re-connect the thermocouple and pilot supply pipe at the gas control valve, together with the 3 wires from the combined thermostat.
- 7. Turn off the drain valve and remove the hose.
- Turn on the cold water supply to the heater and refill leaving a hot tap open until water is seen to run freely from the tap. Check at other taps for any air locks. Close all hot taps.
- 9. Check water connection for soundness.
- Test for gas soundness, with leak detection fluid, any joints or threads broken or disturbed.
- 11. Recommission the heater.

Unvented Systems:

If the water heater is fitted to unvented system, the following actions are required when the unit is serviced.

- 1. The pressure in the expansion vessel needs to be check to make sure that it is at the required pressure of 3.5 bar. If the pressure is lower than this the vessel needs to be pumped back up to the correct pressure.
- 2. The expansion valve requires to be manually tested.
- 3. The temperature/pressure relief valve fitted to the water heater needs to be manually tested.
- 4. The line strainer in the combined pressure reducing valve/line strainer needs to be cleaned.

Maintenance (cont'd)

Replacement of Parts

Gas Control Valve:

- 1. Proceed as instructed for the Servicing Instructions steps 1 to 3.
- 2. Disconnect the 3 millivolt wires from the gas control valve.
- 3. Unscrew the main gas union near the gas valve.
- 4. Unscrew the nut retaining the pilot tube on the gas valve.
- 5. Disconnect the thermocouple from the gas control valve.
- Carefully unscrew the gas valve from the main burner bar, taking care that no force is put onto the main burner bar.
- 7. Replace the gas valve as required.
- 8. Re-assemble in the reverse order.
- 9. Recommission the heater.
- Check for gas soundness on all remade or disturbed joints, with leak detection fluid and seal any leaks found. Recheck for gas soundness following any leaks found.

Thermocouple Replacement:

- 1. Turn off the gas isolation valve.
- 2. Proceed as instructed for cleaning the main burner assembly in the "Service Instructions"; steps 1 to 5.
- 3. Disconnect the tubing nut on the thermocouple at the pilot assembly.
- 4. replace with a new thermocouple and re-assemble in reverse order.
- Recommission the heater.

Burner Replacement:

- 1. Turn off the main gas isolation valve.
- 2. Proceed as instructed for cleaning the main burner assembly in the "Service Instructions"; steps 1 to 5.
- 3. Place the burner assembly on the work bench and support the manifold to prevent damage to the pilot supply pipe beneath the burner.
- 4. Remove the 4 screws securing the top plate of the burner tray.
- Remove the screws securing the manifold to the burner assembly.
- The individual burner bars can now be lifted clear of the burner tray, leaving only the pilot assembly attached to the tray.
- 7. Replace the burner bars in the stainless steel tray and reassemble in reverse order.
- Recommission the heater.
- Check for gas soundness on all remade or disturbed joints, with leak detection fluid and seal any leaks found. Recheck for gas soundness following any leaks found.
- 10. Set the thermostat to the desired setting.

Pilot Assembly:

- 1. Proceed as instructed for the Burner Replacement steps 1 to 4.
- Unscrew the nuts securing the pilot pipe and thermocouple to the pilot assembly and remove the thermocouple and pilot pipe, taking care not to lose the pilot injector.
- 3. Remove the 2 machine screws securing the pilot assembly.
- If the complete pilot assembly is being replaced, the replacement assembly may be secured in place and the burner assembly re-assembled in reverse order.
 - **NOTE:** If the pilot gas supply pipe is being replaced, the individual part may be removed from the assembly by disconnecting the compression fittings and tubing nuts.
- 5. Re-assemble the parts in the reverse order.
- 6. Turn on the main gas isolation valve and recommission the water heater.

Combined Thermostat:

- Proceed as instructed for the "Servicing Instructions" steps 1 to 5.
- 2. Remove the Grey cover of the combined thermostat.
- Disconnect the two blue wires which come from the main junction box.
- 4. With a spanner, carefully unscrew the retaining nut from the top sensor, and then remove sensor from the tank.
- 5. With an adjustable spanner, carefully unscrew the combined thermostat from the tank, and remove the thermostat.
- 6. Fit the new thermostat, taking care not to damage the capillary wires connecting the top sensor to the thermostat.
- 7. Turn off the drain valve and disconnect the hose pipe.
- 8. Turn on the cold water feed valve to the heater and refill, leaving a hot tap open until water is seen to run freely. Check at other hot taps for any air locks. Close all hot taps.
- 9. Recommission the heater.

Temperature/Pressure Relief Valve:

- 1. Proceed as instructed for the Servicing Instructions" steps 1 to 5.
- 2. Disconnect the discharge pipe from the temperature/ pressure relief valve.
- 3. Unscrew the temperature/pressure relief valve from the tank.
- 4. Replace as necessary.
- Re-assemble in reverse order.

Maintenance (cont'd)

- 6. Turn off the drain valve and disconnect the hose.
- 7. Turn in the cold water feed valve to the heater and refill, leaving a hot tap open until water is seen to run freely. Check at other hot taps for any air locks. Close all hot taps once the tank is full.
- Recommission the heater.

Piezo Ignitor:

- 1. Disconnect the wire to piezo electrode.
- 2. Unscrew nut securing the ignitor to the bracket.
- 3. Remove the ignitor and replace as required.
- 4. Re-assemble the ignitor in the reverse order.
- 5. Test the ignitor to ensure that it works properly.

Piezo Electrode:

- 1. Proceed as instructed for cleaning the main burner assembly in the "Service Instructions"; steps 1 to 5.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the pilot assembly and the piezo electrode from the burner assembly.
- 3. Remove the ignitor and replace as required.
- 4. Re-assemble the parts in the reverse order.
- 5. Test the ignitor to ensure that it works properly.

General Notes

- To ensure the safe and efficient operation of your water heater, it should be serviced at least once a year, by arrangement with a qualified service engineer. (See item 8 below).
- Keep the area around the water heater clean and well clear from dust and lint or other combustible materials.
- 3. Do not place anything on or near the heater and always ensure there is clear passage for combustion and ventilation air to the heater.
- Do not block or obstruct any purposely made ventilation grilles or ducts.
- Do not attempt to operate the heater without an adequate or fully functional water supply.
- 6. If you think the heater is malfunctioning, turn it OFF and seek expert advice and assistance.
- 7. If a leak of gas is suspected, turn OFF the gas supply and ventilate the area. Contact the local office of British Gas immediately. Do not touch electrical switches and extinguish any open flame.
- Failure of the water heater tank may occur if scale is allowed to build up. If a water softener is not used, the water heater may need attention as frequently as every three (3) months in hard water areas.
 - Failure due to scale build up will invalidate the warranty.

 Obtain advice from your local gas region before making any alterations which may affect the air supply and ventilation of the water heater. eg. building alterations, fitting extractor fan. etc.

To clean the outer casing of the water heater, wipe the paint clean with a soft damp cloth and dry with a clean dry cloth.

If the water heater is not giving you the service you need:

- 1. Check that the power is switched on.
- 2. Check the setting of the temperature selection knob and adjust if necessary.
- 3. Do not dismantle any of the gas components, but seek expert advice and assistance by calling your local Gas Region or Service engineer for service.

Frost Protection

If the water heater is not to be fully operative during freezing conditions, the entire water system should be completely drained to prevent damage to the heater and pipework from the effects of burst pipes.

Volatile or Explosive Liquids and Corrosive Solutions

Flammable vapours and corrosive fumes may be drawn by air currents from other areas of the structure to this appliance, therefore, these types of products should not be stored anywhere near the water heater, as the pilot flame could cause a hazardous condition or the life of the heater could be reduced through undue corrosion.

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor. WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.

- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

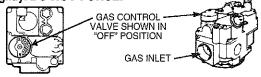
- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above on this label.
- 2. Remove thermostat access cover.
- 3. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. Turn counterclockwise (

"SHOWN AT LOWEST THERMOSTAT SETTING"



4. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise

to "OFF" position. Note: Knob cannot be turned from "PILOT" to "OFF" unless knob is depressed slightly. **DO NOT FORCE.**



Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step. Find pilot-follow metal tube from gas control. The pilot is located between two burner tubes.



7. Turn knob on gas control counter clockwise "PILOT".



- 8. Push in control knob all the way and hold in. Immediately light the pilot with a match. Continue to hold control knob in for about one (1) minute after the pilot is lit. Release knob and it will pop back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat steps 4 through 8.
 - If knob does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call your service technician or gas supplier
 - If the pilot will not stay lit after several tries, depress and turn the gas control knob clockwise
 - to "OFF" and call your service technician or
- 9. At arms length away, turn gas control knob counter-

clockwise to the full "ON" position. Warning do not use gas control knob to regulate gas flow.

- 10. At arms length away, set the thermostat to desired setting. The 120°F setting which approximates 49°C is preferred starting point. If hotter water is desired, see instruction manual and "warning" below.
- Replace thermostat access cover.

WARNING

Hotter water increases the risk of scald injury. Before changing temperature setting see instruction manual. For operation at outlet water temperature not in excess of 180°F (82°C).

TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- 1. Remove thermostat access cover.
- 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
- 3. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise

to "OFF" position. **DO NOT FORCE.**

4. Replace thermostat access cover.

WARNING

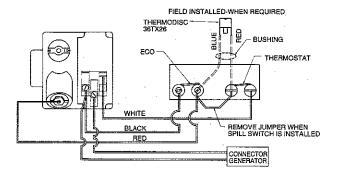
This water heater is equipped for one type gas only. Check the rating plate near the gas control valve for the correct gas. Do not use this water heater with any gas other than the one listed on the rating plate. Failure to use the correct gas can cause problems which can result in death, serious bodily injury or property damage. If you have any questions or doubts consult your gas supplier or gas utility.

Users Instructions (cont'd)

The Millivolt Control System

The millivolt control system used on State Commercial Water Heaters is an accurate and dependable combination of parts that require no auxiliary electrical power source.

The system consists of a thermopile (thermocouple), mounted in a pilot burner, which, when heated generates approximately 300-500 millivolts, that is sent to the gas control valve. Opening and closing of the gas valve is controlled through the operation of a compensating thermostat that senses water temperatures inside the tank. The compensating thermostat has a built-in high temperature limit switch (E.C.O.) that will activate if water temperature exceeds 93°C. The E.C.O. is a manual reset switch and cannot be reset until the water temperature is lowered to 48°C.



Lighting Instructions

- Depress and turn gas control knob to "OFF" position.
- 2. Wait five (5) minutes.
- Turn gas control knob to "PILOT" position.
- 4. Depress and hold gas control knob for 60 seconds while lighting the pilot.
- Release gas control knob (if pilot does not remain lit, repeat step 4). Turn gas control knob to "ON" position.
- Set temperature indicator of thermostat to desired position.
- To shut down water heater, turn gas control knob to "OFF".

Testing the Millivolt Control System

Before checking the millivolt system the following operations should be performed and observations made:

- Inspect entire system for proper wiring.
- 2. The thermostat leads and all wiring connections should be cleaned and tightened to eliminate all unnecessary resistance.
- Clean and/or adjust pilot for maximum flame impingement on thermopile.
- 4. If pilot will not remain alight when gas control knob

is released, check automatic pilot (Step D).

The millivolt system and individual components should be checked with a millivolt meter having a 0-1,000 MV range.

Conduct each check shown in the chart below by connecting meter test leads to terminals indicated.

Check Test

A. Complete Millivolt System Check

("A" Reading – Thermostat contacts CLOSED – Gas Control Knob "ON" – Main burner should come ON)

- 1. If the reading is more than 100 millivolts and the automatic valve still does not come on replace the gas valve.
- 2. If the closed circuit reading ("A" reading) is less than 100 millivolts, determine the cause for low reading proceed as follows:

B. Thermopile Output Reading Check

("B" Reading - Thermostat contacts OPEN - Main burner OFF)

325 millivolts – minimum

If the minimum millivolt reading is not obtainable, readjust pilot for maximum millivolt output. If millivolt output is still below minimum specified, replace thermopile.

C. System Resistance Check

("C" Reading – Thermostat contacts CLOSED – Gas control knob "ON" – Main burner ON)

If the "C" reading is more than 80 MV, this indicates the resistance in the system is excessive and must be reduced.

To correct:

- a.) Clean and tighten leads and connections.
- b.) Cycle thermostat rapidly (manually turn the dial) to clean contacts.

D. Automatic Pilot Dropout Check

("D" Reading – Pilot ON)

- 1. Hold gas control knob depressed in pilot position until maximum output is observed. Then extinguish pilot and observe meter.
- 2. Dropout of automatic pilot magnet (should be audible) should occur between 120 and 30 millivolts. If dropout occurs outside these limits, change the gas valve.

Troubleshooting

Fault Finding Chart

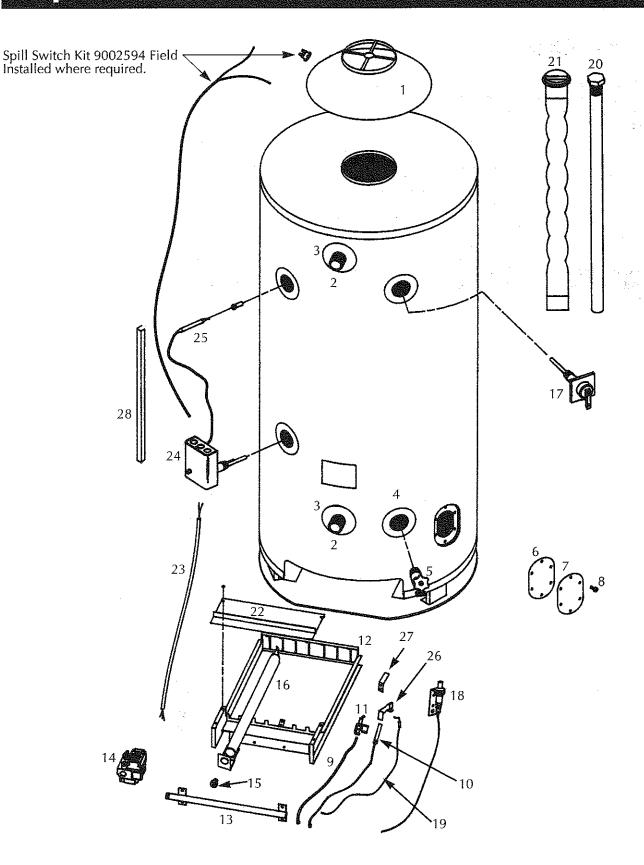
CONDITION	CAUSE	REMEDY			
Unable to light pilot light	Gas control knob not correctly positioned	Turn to pilot position, depress knob fully			
	Pilot injector clogged	Clean or replace			
	Pilot tube pinched or clogged	Clean, repair or replace			
	Air in gas line	Test and replace			
	No gas	Test and replace			
Pilot light does not remain	Loose thermopile	Tighten thermopile connection at gas valve			
alight when knob is released	Inoperative thermopile	Replace			
	Inoperative magnet in gas valve	Replace gas valve			
	Too much draught	Provide shielding or reduce draught			
	Loose wiring connection	Check and tighten wiring connections at gas valve and thermostat			
	E.C.O. is open	Push reset button on thermostat			
Pilot is alight but main	Gas control knob in pilot position	Turn gas control knob to "ON" position			
burner will not ignite	Loose wiring connection	Check and tighten wiring connections at gas valve and thermostat			
į	Thermostat is satisfied	Adjust thermostat to a higher setting or reduce water temperature inside tank			
Pilot does not remain alight	Inoperative thermostat	Replace thermostat			
when knob is released	Low millivolt output from thermopile	Check and tighten all wiring connections – increase pilot gas pressure – Replace thermopile			
	Too much draught	Provide shielding or reduce draught			
	Insufficient combustion and/or ventilation air	Provide sufficient air openings for combustion and ventilation			
	E.C.O. opens	Check for proper wiring connections Check for cause of high water temperatures			
Delayed ignition of main	Improper pilot mounting	Check and/or adjust pilot position			
burner	Pilot flame too small	Check injector. Clean and/or increase pilot gas			
	Burner ports clogged near pilot	Clean ports of burner tubes			
	Low gas pressure	Adjust pressure regulator			

Troubleshooting (cont'd)

Fault Finding Chart

CONDITION	CAUSE	REMEDY		
Main burner flame too large – Yellow flames – Sooting or floating flames	Pressure regulator set too high or defective	Adjust pressure regulator or replace		
moaning names	Debris on top of tubes	Shut off heater and clean		
	Not enough combustion or ventilation air	Increase air supply		
	Blocked or clogged flueways or flue	Clean flueways and/or flue		
Relief valve drips during heating cycle	Thermal expansion in a closed water system	Install a properly sized charged expansion tank suitable for potable water		
Relief valve expels large quantity of water near the end of heating cycle	Relief valve is opening due to excessively high water temperatures	Check for proper operation of thermostat and E.C.O. – Replace if necessary		

Repair Parts



Repair Parts (cont'd)

		Model Numbers									
KEY		SBT75-115	SBT75-140	SBT100-199T	SBT70-360	SBT100-400	SBT30-225	SBT80-180	SBT100-260T		
NO.	PART DESCRIPTION	Part Numbers									
1	Draft Hood	1514000	1514000	1514025	1514052	1514051	1514002	1514000	1514554		
2	Nipple (lower)	0560143	0560143	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149		
	(upper)	0370242	0370242	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149	0560149		
3	Flange Finishing	0680018	0680018	0680018	0680018	0680018	0680018	0680018	0680018		
4	Flange	0680009	0680009	0680009	0680009	0680009	0680009	0680009	0680009		
5	Drain	0170034	0170034	0170034	0170034	0170034	0170034	0170034	0170034		
6	Gasket, Clean Out	0530032	0530032	0530032	0530032	0530032	0530032	0530032	0530032		
7	Cover, Clean Out	0470089	0470089	0470089	0470089	0470089	0470089	0470089	0470089		
8	Bolt, Clean Out	0340030	0340030	0340030	0340030	0340030	0340030	0340030	0340030		
9	Tubing & Adapter	1510993	1510993	1510993	1510993	1510993	1510993	1510993	1510993		
10	Thermocouple (CP-2 Generator)	0380074	0380074	0380074	0380074	0380074	0380074	0380074	0380074		
11	Pilot (Nat)	0360035	0360035	0360035	0360035	0360035	0360035	0360035	0360035		
11	Pilot (LP)	0360036	0360036	0360036	0360036	0360036	N/A	N/A	0360036		
12	Tray Burner	1514022	1514022	1514019	1513946	1514050	1512134	1512134	1513946		
13	Manifold	0220149	0220149	0220148	0220150	0220150	0220067	0220067	0220150		
14	Gas Control (Nat)	0720136	0720136	0720136	0720136	0720138	0720136	0720136	0720136		
14	Gas Control (LP)	0720137	0720137	0720137	0720137	0720137	N/A	N/A	0720137		
15	Orifice (Nat)	0230271	0230238	0230239	0230250	0230252	0230254	0230230	0230254		
15	Orifice (LP)	0230241	0230240	0230241	0230253	0230251	N/A	N/A	0230267		
16	Burner Tube	0200072	0200072	0200072	0200072	0200073	0200045	0200045	0200072		
17	T&P Valve	0720053	0720053	0720053	0720128	0720041	0720128	0720053	0720128		
18	Piezo Ignitor	9001940	9001940	9001940	9001940	9001940	9001940	9001940	9001940		
19	Electrode	1290011	1290011	1290011	1290011	1290011	1290011	1290011	1290011		
20	Anode	0160077	0160077	0160014	0160141	0160141	0160140	0160141	0160141		
21	Baffle	1514539	1514202	1514020	1514203	1514204	1512345	1500147	1513751		
22	Bracket-Securing	1513955	1513955	1514018	1514049	1514049	0110340	0110340	1514480		
23	Wiring	1390007	1390007	1390007	1390007	1390007	1390004	1390007	1390007		
24	Thermostat	0180278	0180278	0180278	0180278	0180278	0180337	0180278	0180278		
25	Fitting Bulb	0850024	0850024	0850024	0850024	0850024	_	0850024	0850024		
26	Bracket-Pilot	0110526	0110526	0110526	0110526	0110526	0110526	0110526	0110526		
27	Shield-Pilot	0610080	0610080	0610080	0610080	0610080	0610080	0610080	0610080		
28	Channel	0410057	0410057	0410057	0410057	0410057		0410057	0410057		



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