



**halstead**

# CLUB HE 18

## INSTALLATION AND SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

TO BE GIVEN TO THE USER



**halstead**

**CE**  
0087  
Pin 87/BQ/44

G.C. Appliance No. 41-260-20 (Club HE 18)

SEALED SYSTEM CONDENSING BOILER

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The **Halstead Club HE 18** is a high efficiency condensing, fully automatic, wall mounted gas appliance suitable for either room sealed or opened flued applications, for use with natural gas (G20) only. The Club HE 18 is a sealed system condensing boiler and is suitable to be connected to a central heating system operating a standard 'Y' or 'S' plan system.

The appliance features an attractive white stove enamelled casing, with inset control panels. The flue systems are in white stove enamel to give a clean attractive appearance to the installation.

A standard horizontal concentric air/flue duct terminal is available, (maximum duct length of 755 mm (29¾ in)), suitable for room sealed applications. The duct assembly is connected to the appliance via a turret, which can be orientated to provide different horizontal duct directions. Extension ducts may be fitted in accordance with and up to the maximum dimensions stated in these instructions.

A vertical concentric outlet kit is also available for installations where an outside wall is not accessible or where it is desired to fit the duct 'through the roof'. Installation using the horizontal duct is described in the main text of these instructions and additional information is provided in the vertical outlet kit for the vertical installation option. (Note: If the vertical outlet kit is to be used, access to the roof is necessary).

Other flue kits are available for open flued, B23, and twin flued, C53, and special C13 & C33, applications, contact Halstead Boiler Ltd Service Help Line: 0844 371 1111, for further details.

**ONLY HALSTEAD APPROVED FLUE KITS OR EXTENSIONS MAY BE USED WITH THESE APPLIANCES.**

## 1.1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

**IT IS A STATUTORY REQUIREMENT THAT ALL GAS APPLIANCES ARE INSTALLED BY COMPETENT PERSONS, (i.e. CORGI REGISTERED INSTALLERS) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GAS SAFETY (INSTALLATION AND USE) REGULATIONS (CURRENT EDITION). FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE REGULATIONS MAY LEAD TO PROSECUTION.**

This appliance has been tested and certified in order to satisfy the necessary European Directives and comply with the latest Building Regulations, including the efficiency requirements of the SEDBUK scheme.

Gas Appliance Directive	90/396/EEC
Efficiency of Hot Water Boilers Directive	92/42/EEC
Low Voltage Directive	93/68/EEC
Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive	92/31/EEC

No modifications to this appliance should be made unless they are fully approved by the manufacturer.

Appliance installation must be carried out by a competent person and must be in accordance with the current legislation in force at the time of installation, in the country of destination.

The manufacturer's instructions must not be taken as overriding any statutory requirements.



**GAS LEAKS. DO NOT OPERATE ANY ELECTRICAL SWITCHES, OR USE A NAKED FLAME. TURN OFF THE GAS SUPPLY. VENTILATE THE AREA BY OPENING DOORS AND WINDOWS. CALL OUT YOUR LOCAL GAS SUPPLIER.**

### Control of Substances Hazardous to Health

Under Section 6 of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974, it is required to provide information on substances hazardous to health.

The adhesives and sealants used in this appliance are cured and give no known hazard in this state.

Insulation Pads – These can cause irritation to skin, eye and the respiratory tract. If you have a history of skin complaint you may be susceptible to irritation. High dust levels are usual only if the material is broken. Normal handling should not cause discomfort, but follow normal good hygiene and wash your hands before eating, drinking or going to the lavatory. If you do suffer irritation to the eyes or severe irritation to the skin seek medical attention.

### Gas and Electricity Consumer Council (Energywatch)

Energywatch is an independent organisation, which protects the interests of gas users. If you need advice concerning energy issues, they may be contacted on their consumer help line number: 08459 060708, or via their web site;

<http://www.energywatch.org.uk>.

## 1.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This appliance incorporates a microprocessor based, fully modulating air/gas ratio control system with direct burner ignition, which provides a modulated heat output to central heating (CH) demands, with internal frost protection provided as standard. The heat exchanger is constructed from stainless steel encased in high temperature polymer.

A combined circulating pump and automatic air vent assembly, pressure gauge, safety valve and system expansion vessel are included. Isolation valves are fitted to the service connections.

This appliance may be used with any certified mains voltage room thermostat, and can operate without the need for an automatic bypass valve, however if thermostatic radiator valves are installed it is recommended that one radiator is fitted with lockshield valves, to allow the pump overrun facility to operate correctly. A separate CH expansion vessel is not required if the total CH system content is less than 84 litres, but one is required for systems with volumes greater than 84 litres; refer to section 3.7.

It is recommended that a drain cock is fitted at the lowest point in the system.

# 2

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### 2.1 GAS CATEGORIES

These appliances are certified to comply with the requirements of EN 483, EN 677, and EN 625 for use in GB and IE (Great Britain and Ireland) using gas category 2H (G20 with a governed gas supply at 20 mbar [8 in.wg] inlet pressure).

The appliance classification (as defined in EN 483) may be any of the following depending on the chosen flue option: C13, C33, C53, or B23

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE DATA

Appliance			Club HE 18
Mode	Rate		
Central Heating Output (non-condensing) (80 - 60 °C)	Max	kW (Btu/h)	18.0 (61500)
	Min	kW (Btu/h)	6.0 (20500)
Central Heating Output (condensing) (50 - 30 °C)	Max	kW (Btu/h)	19.7 (67300)
Central Heating Input Max Rate	Net	kW (Btu/h)	18.4 (62800)
	Gross	kW (Btu/h)	20.4 (69700)
Central Heating Input Min Rate	Net	kW (Btu/h)	5.6 (19100)
	Gross	kW (Btu/h)	6.2 (21200)
Central Heating Gas Rate (after 10 min operation - hot)	Max	m <sup>3</sup> /h ft <sup>3</sup> /h	1.95 (68.9)
Seasonal Efficiency		%	90.1
Seasonal Efficiency (SEDBUK)		Band	"A"
Nox Classification		Class	"5"
Min Central Heating System Pressure		Bar	0.5
Max Central Heating System Pressure		Bar	3.0
Max Central Heating Flow Temperature		°C	80
Min Central Heating Flow Temperature		°C	30

## 2.3 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Appliance		Club HE 18
Total weight (full)	kg	44.1
Total weight (empty)	kg	42.0
Max lift weight	kg	41.0
Total water capacity	Ltr	1.8
Integral expansion vessel capacity	Ltr	8
Maximum heating system water content using fitted expansion vessel, @ 0.75 bar	Ltr	84
Electrical supply		230V 50Hz
Internal fuse		T4H 4A 250V
Maximum power consumption	W	106
IP Rating		IP20
Flue gas temperature Nat Gas 50/30	°C	53
CO <sub>2</sub> value max rate (Nat Gas) (G20)	%	9.2 ± 0.3 case on 9.0 ± 0.2 case off
CO <sub>2</sub> value min rate (Nat Gas) ref only (G20)	%	8.6 ± 0.3
CO/CO <sub>2</sub> Ratio max rate (Nat Gas) (G20)	%	0.0011 + 0.0014
Flue products mass flow rate (Nat Gas) (G20)	g/s	14.7
Gas Valve Offset @ min rate	Pa	-5.0

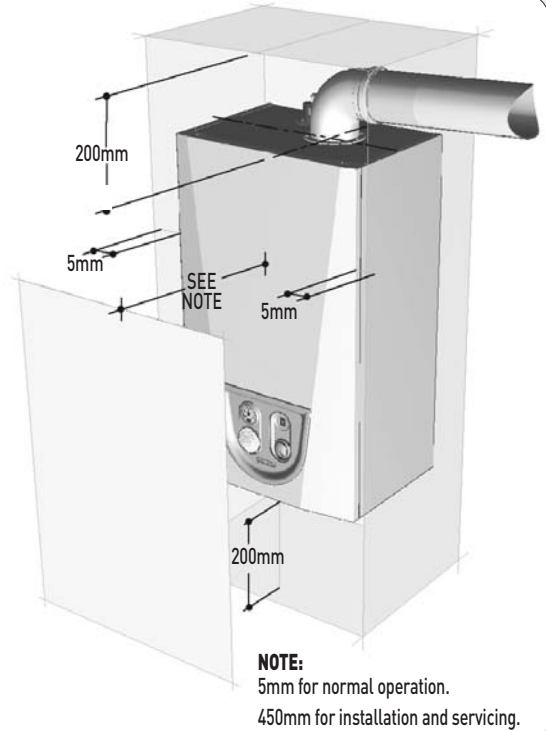
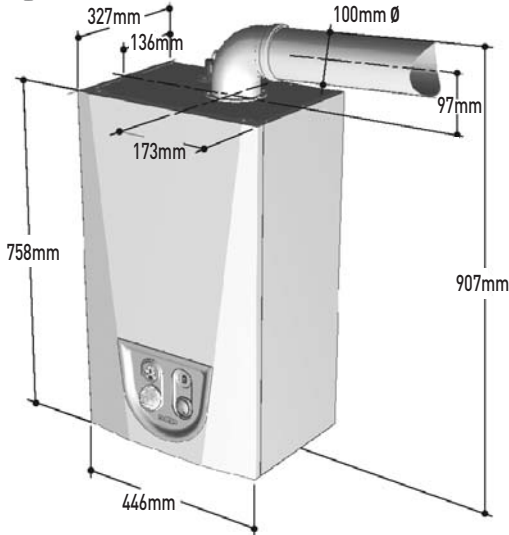
### Connections

Gas	15 mm compression
CH flow	22 mm compression
CH return	22 mm compression
Pressure relief valve outlet	15 mm compression
Condensate Drain	21.5 - 22 mm plastic overflow pipe

**NOTE: THE STATED HEAT INPUT AND CO<sub>2</sub> VALUES ARE NOMINAL AND MAY VARY BY ± 5-10% WHEN THE APPLIANCE IS RUN WITH LINE GAS, DUE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN GAS QUALITY.**

## 2.4 OVERALL DIMENSIONS AND MINIMUM CLEARANCES

1



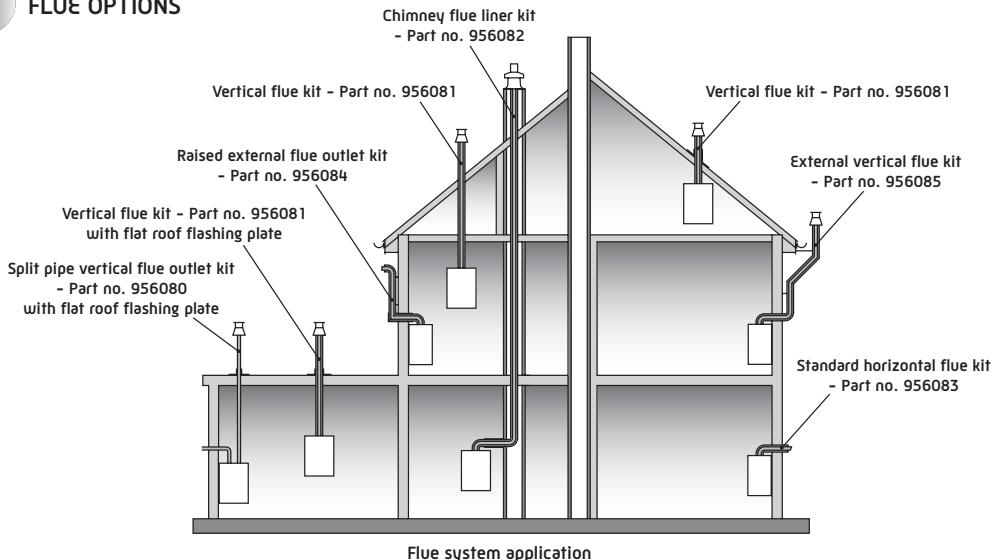
## 2.5 CONCENTRIC AIR / FLUE DUCT SPECIFICATIONS

The Club HE 18 can be installed to a number of different concentric flue systems. The different flue applications as shown in Figure 2 are available as kits usually comprising the connecting parts to

the appliance and end terminal. Flue extension ducts and extension elbows are available as accessories.

2

### FLUE OPTIONS

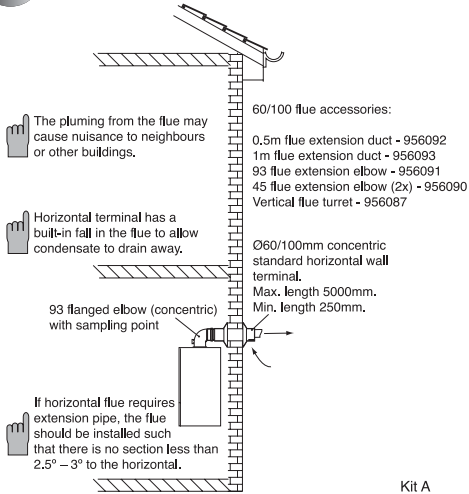


4 The following flue systems are available for the Club HE 18.

## 2.5.1 KIT A HORIZONTAL WALL TERMINAL (C13) - PART NO. 956083

3a

Standard horizontal flue kit - Part no. 956083



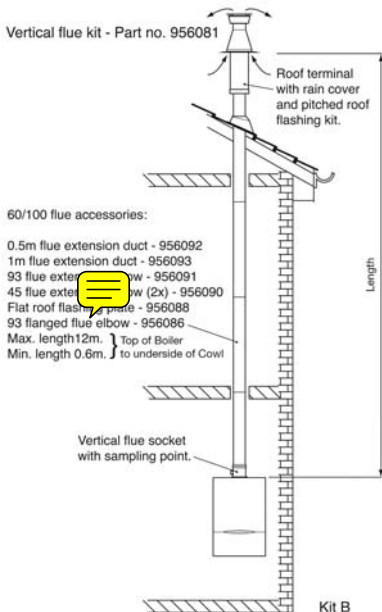
Traditional concentric flue system, Figure 3a, with a maximum length of 5000mm. The flanged flue elbow is designed with 3° slope towards the appliance so that the condensate can easily drain off. It has to be considered that for every metre horizontal flue length the terminal exit centreline is approx. 45 mm higher than the elbow's centreline.

The standard terminal is 755mm long but can be cut to a minimum flue length of 250mm, which is suitable for single, 100mm (4"), brick walls.

## 2.5.2 KIT B VERTICAL CONCENTRIC FLUE TERMINAL (C33) - HBL PART 956081

3b

Vertical flue kit - Part no. 956081



Standard concentric (Ø100/60) vertical flue application, Figures 3b, 3c, through roof attics with a maximum length of 12000mm. The kit comprises of the roof terminal, flashing kit, vertical adaptor with sampling point and bracket.

The maximum length is measured from the top of the appliance casing to the underside of the air cowl.

For installation details refer to the flue kit instructions.

3c

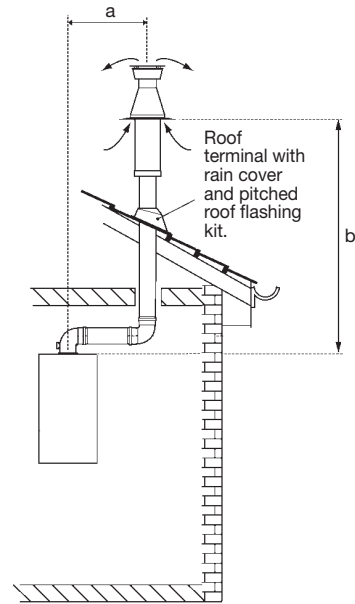


Fig 3(c) Offset vertical flue.

'a' measured from boiler flue outlet centre line to the centre line of the extension elbow.

'b' measured from the top of the boiler to the underside of the air cowl.

Maximum allowable length of  $a + b = 8900\text{mm}$

## 2.5.3 KIT C: HORIZONTAL ANTI-PLUME FLUE KIT (C13) - PART NO. 956084

If the standard horizontal terminal is likely to cause nuisance to a neighbour or buildings, because of excess pluming, then this particular flue kit raises the flue gas outlet point to a higher elevation with the minimum amount of changes. The flue gas duct is teed-off from the concentric part and covered by an 80mm outer tube to protect the flue duct from freezing. The air in-take remains at the lower level (see Figure 3d).

If choosing this option then the external flue duct length should be taken into account when calculating equivalent flue length.

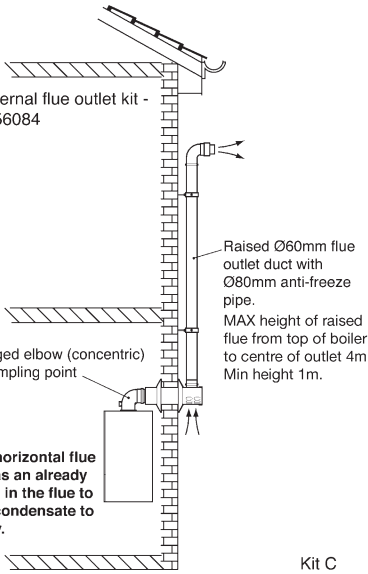
For installation details refer to the flue kit instructions.



Dimensions from vertical terminals to opening windows should be in line with Figure 5.

3d

Raised external flue outlet kit - Part no. 956084



Standard horizontal flue adaptor has an already built-in fall in the flue to allow the condensate to drain away.

Kit C

## 2.6 KIT E CHIMNEY FLUE LINER KIT (B23) - PART NO. 956082

This kit is suitable for open flue application in accordance with BS5440 where a room sealed flue installation is impractical. The kit comprises of a flue adaptor from the appliance to the chimney, a flexible plastic flue liner with connection parts and chimney terminal (see Figure 3f). Where an open flue system is used, then an air vent must be provided in the same room or internal space as the flue duct air inlet, see section 3.4.

For installation details refer to the flue kit instructions.

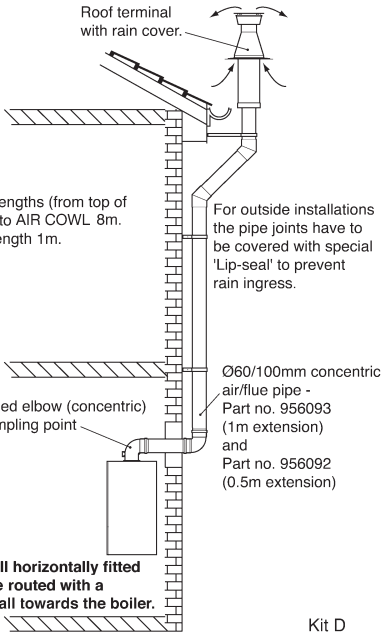
**Maximum flue resistance permitted for an open flued system = 55 Pa.**

Flue Component	Flue Resistance (Pa)	Part Number
Air inlet Assembly (required)	2	-
60/80 Adaptor (required)	1	-
Terminal (required)	0.5	-
91.5° Elbow (80) (required)	2	-
80 diameter Corrugated (required)	1.5 per metre	-
80 mm diameter straight duct	0.5 per metre	-
93° Boiler to flue flanged elbow	3	956086
Vertical turret socket	0.5	956087
93° inline elbow (60/100)	3	956091
45° inline elbow (60/100)	1.5	956090

## 2.5.4 KIT D EXTERNAL VERTICAL FLUE - (C33) PART NO. 956085

3e

External vertical flue kit - Part no. 956085



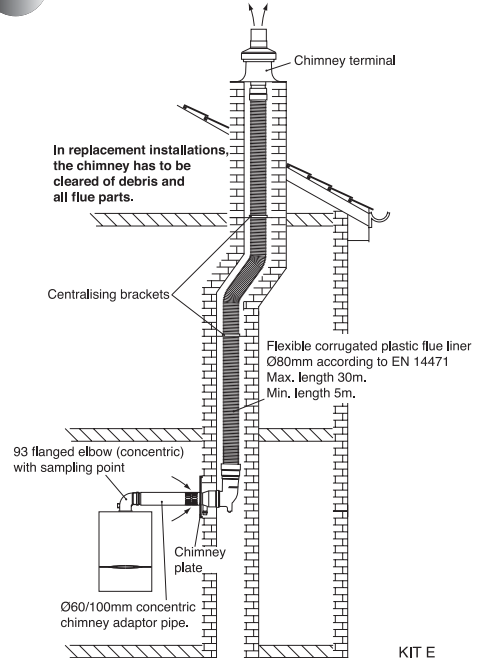
Max. lengths (from top of boiler to AIR COWL) 8m. Min. length 1m.

Ensure all horizontally fitted pipes are routed with a 2.5 – 3° fall towards the boiler.

Kit D

3f

Chimney flue liner kit - Part no. 956082



Ø60/100mm concentric chimney adaptor pipe.

KIT E

Suitable for installations if the appliance can't be repositioned and where other horizontal flue options may cause some nuisance to neighbours or buildings. The flue kit contains some additional 45° elbows and extension ducts as well as a special wall bracket to pass the guttering (see Figure 3e). The concentric flue will be routed vertically alongside the outside wall to above the roofline. Special seals are required to prevent rainwater penetrating the pipe joints.



A flue system can be built up from the components detailed in the table, but the total flue resistance must not exceed the maximum stated.

6

For installation details refer to the flue kit instructions.



## 2.7 KIT F: TWIN FLUE SYSTEM (C53)

### PART NO. 956080

This flue system kit is designed for installations where the air intake position is different than the flue duct exit point. The kit comprises of a twin adaptor from which the air intake is taken from the adjacent outside wall (see example Figure 3g) and the flue duct is routed vertically through the roof.

It has to be noted that the flue duct is under pressure when the appliance is in operation and the duct can leak poisonous carbon monoxide if the duct components are not correctly assembled. It is **not** recommended to route the flue duct through living space areas, i.e. bed rooms, living rooms etc.

For installation details refer to the instructions provided with the twin flued kit.

For C53 flue systems the terminal for the supply of combustion air and for the evacuation of combustion products shall not be installed on opposite walls of the building.

**Maximum flue resistance permitted for a twin flued system = 52 Pa**

**Minimum flue resistance permitted for a twin flued system = 23.5 Pa**

Flue Component	Flue Resistance (Pa)	Part Number
Twin Flue Adaptor (required)	9.5	-
Air Inlet Terminal (required)	3	-
Flue Outlet Terminal (required)	1	-
80 mm dia straight duct 1 metre	1	956101
80 mm dia straight duct 2 metre	2	956102
90° Elbow (80/80)	8	956100
45° Elbow (80/80)	4	956099

3g

Split pipe vertical flue outlet kit - Part no. 956080

The flue resistance for the following accessories has to be considered.

Ø80mm flue extension  
90° elbow  
45° elbow

Max. flue length 30m.

If the flue pipe passes through habitable rooms within the same dwelling, the flue pipe must be routed through vented air ducts.

If the flue pipe passes through compartment from wall/floors, the requirements set out in Building Regulations Part B must be followed.

Ø80mm twin adaptor with sampling point.

Ø80mm air intake

Split flue system

Kit F

## 2.8 ADDITIONAL CONCENTRIC FLUE KITS

The following additional concentric kits are available as optional extras.

**Flue Extension Ducts** - 1000 mm and 500 mm long, (each duct extends the flue length by up to 950 mm and 450 mm respectively).

**93° Extension Elbow** - Allows an additional bend in the flue, and has an 'equivalent length' of 1550 mm. This elbow is mechanically different from the flanged elbow supplied as standard with the appliance, but has the same equivalent length.

**45° Extension Elbow** - Allows an additional bend in the flue and has an 'equivalent length' of 775 mm.

**Vertical Turret Socket** - For use with elevated horizontal flues and vertical terminals.

**Vertical Roof Terminal** - For use where an external wall is not available, or where it is desirable to route the ducts vertically.



For installation details refer to the instructions provided with the individual flue kits.

These optional kits may be used with the standard flue kits to produce an extensive range of flue options, providing that the following rules are strictly obeyed.

a) The maximum/minimum permissible length of the room sealed flue system are:

Horizontal flue terminal (all orientations)	maximum 5000 mm (197 in)
Horizontal flue terminal (rear exit)	minimum 250 mm (10 in)
Vertical flue terminal	maximum 12000 mm (472 in)
Vertical flue terminal	minimum 600 mm (23 1/2 in)



The 'equivalent' flue length must not exceed the maximum values stated.

b) The standard terminal must always be fitted horizontally; horizontal ducts must have a continuous fall towards the appliance of 2.5°. This ensures condensate runs back into the appliance from the flue system. The vertical terminal must always be used if a vertical outlet is required.

c) The concentric flue system must use either a flanged elbow or a vertical flue turret socket at the entry/exit to the appliance.

d) All joints must be correctly made and secured in accordance with the installation instructions. When cutting ducts, avoid swarf, uneven and sharp edges to maintain duct integrity.



Refer to Figures 2 and 3 to determine which option kits are required before commencing the installation. Instructions for installing the appliance with a horizontal flue and straight extension ducts are included in the main text of these instructions (section 4.8).



A flue system can be built up from the components detailed in the table, but the total flue resistance must not exceed the maximum stated.

## 2.8.1 PLUME DIVERTER TERMINAL INSTALLATION

### Plume Diverter Kit Part No: 956103

(For use with Standard horizontal flue kit - Part no 956083 - only)

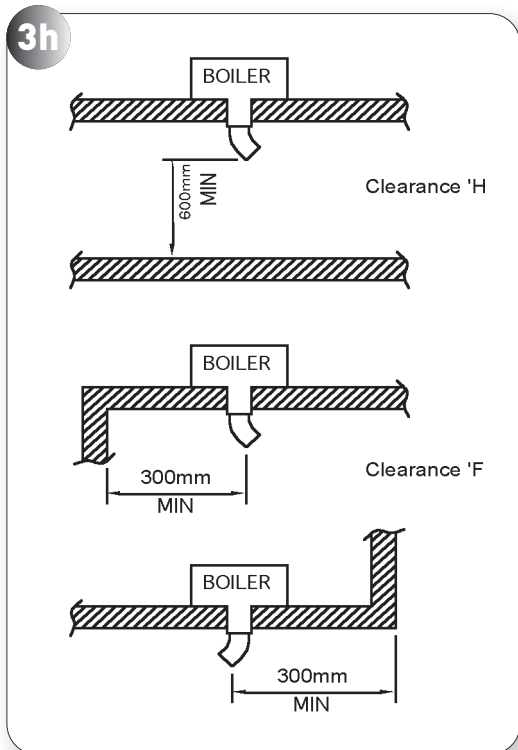
This kit is provided to assist in fitting a condensing boiler with reduced clearances when fitted in good practice according to the Guide to Condensing Boiler Installation published by DEFRA/HMSO.

This kit allows the boiler flue outlet to be directed to the left or to the right only.

### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Under certain operating conditions condensing appliances have a tendency to form a plume of water vapour at the terminal. Therefore consideration should be given when fitting the Plume Diverter in terms of plume dispersal onto adjacent surfaces and neighbouring properties.

- a) Refer to section 2.5 for instructions on fitting the flue system. Also see Figure 5 for all other clearances.



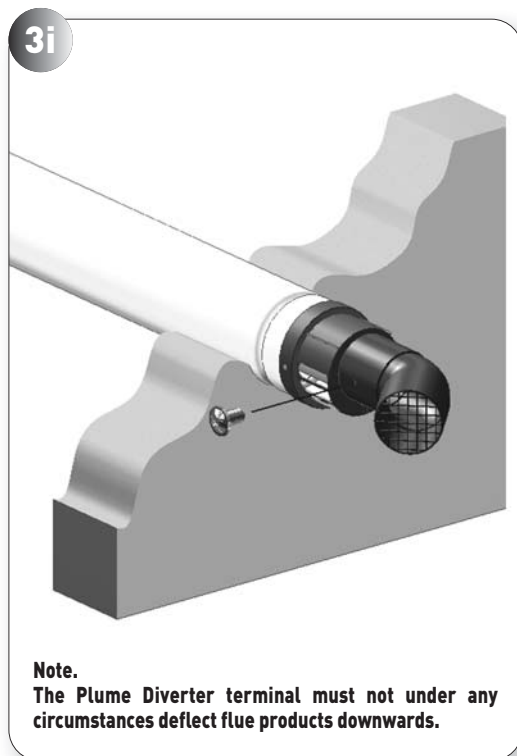
The resistance of the diverter is equivalent to 0.5 metre of flue length. Ensure this is used when calculating the maximum allowable flue length. (maximum horizontal flue length restricted to 4.5 metres when using the plume diverter).

The diverter allows the terminal clearance to be reduced as follows (see diagrams below):

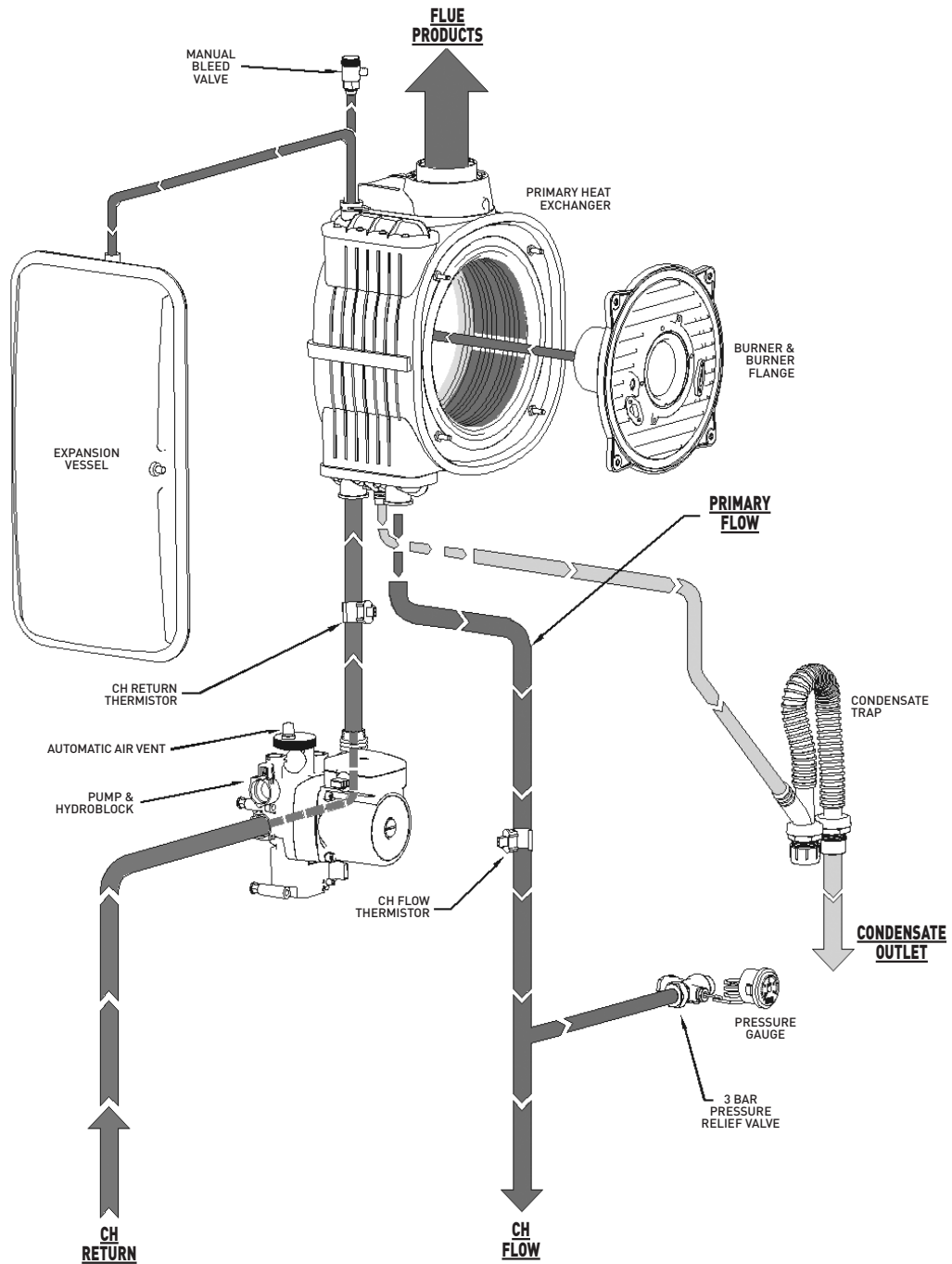
**Clearance H – From a surface facing the terminal - 600mm.**

**Clearance F – From internal or external clearances - 300mm.**

- b) Choose the direction required to deflect the flue products (**left or right only**)
- c) Push the diverter elbow onto the angled outlet of the flue terminal in the desired rotational position and ensure the diverter is pushed up to the shoulder to fully engage the rubber seal.
- d) Fix the diverter to the flue terminal with the self drilling screw provided. **Do not use a power tool to fit screw.**



4 CH Mode



### 3.1 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

#### GAS SAFETY (INSTALLATION AND USE) CURRENT REGULATIONS

The appliance is suitable only for installation in GB and IE and should be installed in accordance with the rules in force.

In GB, a CORGI Registered Installer must carry out the installation. It must be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements of the:

#### Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations

The appropriate Building Regulations either The Building Regulations, The Building Regulations (Scotland), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland).

#### The Water Fitting Regulations or Water Byelaws in Scotland.

#### The Current I.E.E Wiring Regulations.

Where no specific instructions are given, reference should be made to the relevant British Standard code of Practice.

In Ireland (IE), the installation must be carried out by a Competent Person and installed in accordance with the current edition of I.S.813 "Domestic Gas Installations", the current Building Regulations and reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

It should also be in accordance with the relevant recommendations in the current editions of the following British Standards and Codes of Practice: BS 5449, BS 5546, BS 5440-1, BS 5440-2, BS 6798, BS 6891, Institute of Gas Engineer document IGE/UP-7, BS 7074 (expansion vessel) and I.S.813 for IE.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Manufacturer's instructions must NOT be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations.

### 3.2 APPLIANCE LOCATION

The following limitations **MUST** be observed when siting the appliance:

- The appliance is not suitable for external installations. The position selected for installation should be within the building, unless otherwise protected by a suitable enclosure and **MUST** allow adequate space for installation, servicing and operation of the appliance and for air circulation around it (Section 2.4 and 3.4).
- This position **MUST** allow for a suitable flue system and terminal position. The appliance must be installed on a flat vertical wall, which is capable of supporting the weight of the appliance and any ancillary equipment.
- If the appliance is to be fitted in a timber framed building it should be fitted in accordance with the 'Guide for Gas Installations In Timber Frame Housing', Institute of Gas Engineers document IGE/UP-7. If in doubt, advice must be sought from the Local Gas Supplier.
- The appliance is approved to a protection rating of IP20. Therefore if the appliance is to be installed in a room containing a bath or a shower, any electrical switch or control utilising mains electricity must be so situated that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower. Attention is drawn to the requirements of the current BS 7671 (I.E.E Wiring Regulations) and in Scotland the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations applicable in Scotland.

### 3.3 FLUE TERMINAL POSITION

Detailed recommendations for flue installation are given in BS 5440-1. The following notes are for general guidance.

- The appliance **MUST** be installed so that the terminal is exposed to the external air.
- It is important that the position of the terminal allows free passage of air across it at all times.
- It is **ESSENTIAL TO ENSURE** that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building, through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration, or forced ventilation/air conditioning.
- The minimum acceptable dimensions from the terminal to obstructions and ventilation openings are specified in Figure 5.
- If the terminal discharges into a pathway or passageway check that combustion products will not cause nuisance and that the terminal will not obstruct the passageway.
- Where the lowest part of the terminal is fitted less than 2000 mm (78 in) above the ground, above a balcony or above a flat roof to which people have access, the terminal **MUST** be protected by a purpose designed K6 terminal guard (optional extra: Part No. 951507).
- The air inlet / flue outlet **MUST NOT** be closer than 25 mm (1 in) to combustible material.
- Condensing appliances have a tendency to form a plume of water vapour at the terminal under certain operating conditions. This is normal but positions where this would cause damage or a nuisance should be avoided. Consideration should be given to the dispersal of the plume in terms of adjacent surfaces and neighbouring properties. A special flue terminal, (Kit C), is available to raise the flue discharge point; use of this terminal will limit the maximum flue length available. For further information contact: Halstead Boiler Ltd, Service Help Line: 0844 371 1111.

### 3.4 VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS

Detailed recommendations for air supply are given in BS 5440-2.

The following notes are for general guidance.

- It is not necessary to have a purpose provided air vent in the room or internal space in which a room-sealed appliance is installed.
- Cupboard or compartment ventilation is not necessary for a room-sealed appliance providing that the minimum clearances are maintained.
- Where an open flued, (B23), system is used, then an air vent must be provided in the same room or internal space as the flue duct air inlet, with a minimum free-area of at least:

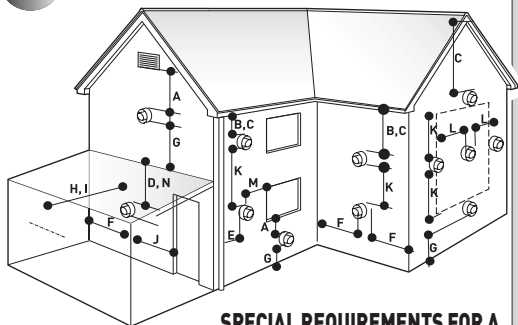
Club HE 18

57 cm<sup>2</sup>

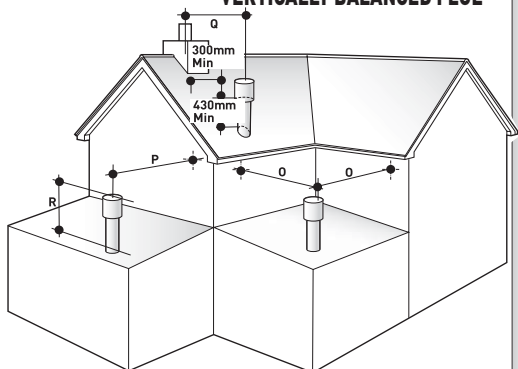
- If the appliance is installed in a room or internal space with other opened flued appliances, then the size of the air vent necessary should be calculated in accordance with BS 5440-2 Table 2.
- Where an open flued system is used, and the flue duct air inlet is within a compartment then high and low level air vents are necessary in the compartment, the size of the vents should be calculated in accordance with BS 5440-2 Table 2.

# 5

## FLUE TERMINAL POSITION



### SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR A VERTICALLY BALANCED FLUE



	Position	Minimum spacing	
A	Directly below an openable window, air vent, or any other ventilation opening	300mm	12in
B	Below gutter, drain/soil pipe	75mm	3in
C	Below eaves	200mm	8in
D	Below a balcony	200mm	8in
		*2500mm	98in
E	From vertical drain pipes and soil pipes	150mm	6in
F	From internal or external corners	300mm	12in
	*internal corners	†1000mm	40in
G	Above adjacent ground or balcony level	300mm	12in
H	From a surface facing the terminal	600mm	24in
		†2500mm	98in
I	Facing terminals	1200mm	48in
		*2500mm	98in
J	From opening (door/window) in carport into dwelling	1200mm	48in
		*not recommended	
K	Vertically from a terminal on the same wall	1500mm	60in
L	Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall	300mm	12in
M	Adjacent to opening	300mm	12in
N	Below carport	600mm	24in
		*not recommended	
O	From adjacent wall	300mm	12in
P	From adjacent opening window	1000mm	40in
Q	From another terminal	600mm	24in
R	Minimum height	300mm	12in

\* Recommended by the boiler manufacturing industry to prevent pluming nuisance and damage to buildings.

† Distances can be reduced if plume diverter kit is fitted.

# 3.5

## CONDENSATE DISPOSAL

The condensate drain connection is suitable for either 21.5 mm or 22 mm plastic push fit or adhesive overflow pipes and fittings. It should be piped to drain, preferably within the building, maintaining a continuous 2.5° fall away from the appliance. If the drain is routed to outside it should be to a drain or soak away, and any external pipe work should be in 32 mm. Insulation to protect from freezing in cold weather conditions is also advisable.

# 3.6

## GAS SUPPLY

- The Gas Supplier should be consulted at the installation planning stage in order to establish the availability of an adequate supply of gas.
- An existing service pipe **MUST NOT** be used without prior consultation with the Gas Supplier.
- A gas meter can only be connected by the Gas Supplier or by their contractor.
- An existing meter and/or pipe work should be of sufficient size to carry the maximum appliance input plus the demand of any other installed appliance. [BS 6891: 1988].

**A minimum of 22 mm diameter pipe work is recommended within 1000 mm of the appliance gas cock.**

- Natural gas appliances:** The governor at the meter must give a constant outlet pressure of 20 mbar (8 in.wg) when all appliances on the system are running.
- The gas supply line should be purged.  
**WARNING:** Before purging open all doors and windows, also extinguish any cigarettes, pipes, and any other naked lights.
- The complete installation must be tested for gas tightness.

# 3.7

## CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM

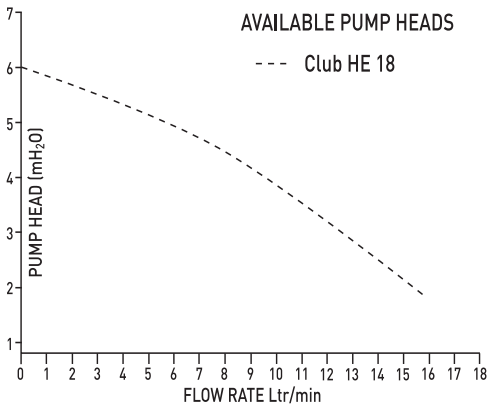
- The appliance incorporates all the components necessary to allow them to be connected to a sealed central heating system. Refer to Figures 9 and 10 for a typical system design, which incorporates radiators, and a drain facility that must be provided at the lowest point in the system to allow complete drain down.
- The installation should be designed to operate with a flow temperature of up to 95°C.
- A sealed system must only be filled by a competent person.
- The available pump head for the appliances are given in Figure 6.
- If thermostatic radiator valves are fitted, a radiator must be fitted with two lock shield valves, to enable correct operation of the pump over-run facility.
- The following paragraphs outline the specifications of the items fitted to the appliances.

**PUMP** - The available pump head shown in Figure 6 is that in excess of the appliance hydraulic resistance, i.e. that available for the system.

**BY-PASS** - The boiler is not fitted with an internal by-pass. An automatic by-pass is required if the boiler is installed to a 'Y' or 'S' plan system (See Figures 9 and 11) to ensure adequate pump over-run function.

# 6

## AVAILABLE PUMP HEADS



**EXPANSION VESSEL** – The integral expansion vessel is pre-charged to a pressure of between 0.5 and 1.0 bar. This should be checked before the water system is filled. Details below show the water system volume that is acceptable for this vessel. If the system water volume is larger then an additional vessel must be fitted to the system. BS 5449 and BS 6798 give further details regarding expansion vessel sizing and sealed systems.

## Expansion Vessel Requirements

Vessel charge and initial system pressure	bar	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5
Total water content of system using 8 L (1.54 gal) capacity expansion vessel supplied with appliance.	L	96	84	73	50
For systems having a larger capacity multiply the total system capacity in litres (gallons) by these factors to obtain the total minimum expansion vessel capacity required in litres.		0.0833	0.093	0.109	0.156

**PRESSURE GAUGE** – A pressure gauge is situated on the appliance control panel.

**PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE** – A pressure relief valve set to 3 bar (43.5 psi) is supplied with the appliance, however it will start to open at approximately 2.7 bar. It should not be used to flush the system.

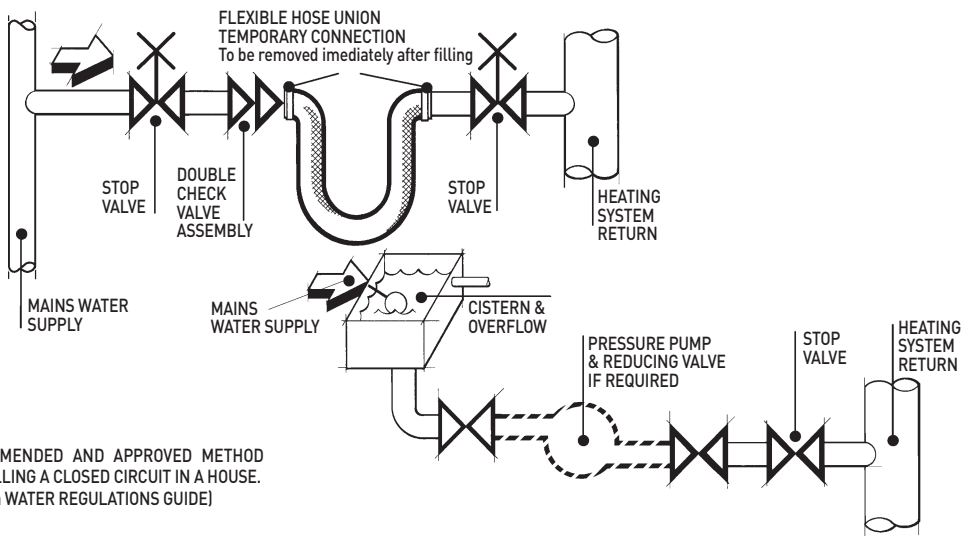
**FILLING LOOP** – This boiler is not fitted with a filling loop. Any filling loop being fitted should comply with the current water supply (water fittings) regulations. A filling loop should be fitted at some point to allow the CH system to be filled. Two types are shown in Figure 7.

## WATER TREATMENT, CLEANSING AND FLUSHING THE HEATING SYSTEM

**NOTE:** British Standard BS7593: 1992 stresses the importance of cleansing and flushing of the system to ensure it continues to run efficiently with the minimum of maintenance necessary. Halstead Boilers fully support this professional approach and recommend that the system is cleansed with an effective chemical cleanser and protected long term with a suitable inhibitor. Such products are available from Fernox and Sentinal.

# 7

## ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF FILLING A SEALED SYSTEM



**CONTROLS.** As a minimum it is recommended that a room thermostat be installed to control the appliance. Thermostatic radiator valves may be fitted to the system, however they must not be fitted in the room where the room thermostat is fitted. There must be at least one radiator installed with lock shield valves that should not be closed. Further guidance can be obtained from the Domestic Heating and Hot Water Guide to the building regulations.

### 3.8 ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

- a) Wiring external to the appliance must be in accordance with the current I.E.E Wiring regulations (BS 7671) for electrical installation and any local regulations, which apply.
- b) The mains cable must be at least 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (24/0.2 mm) PVC insulated to BS 6500 table 16.

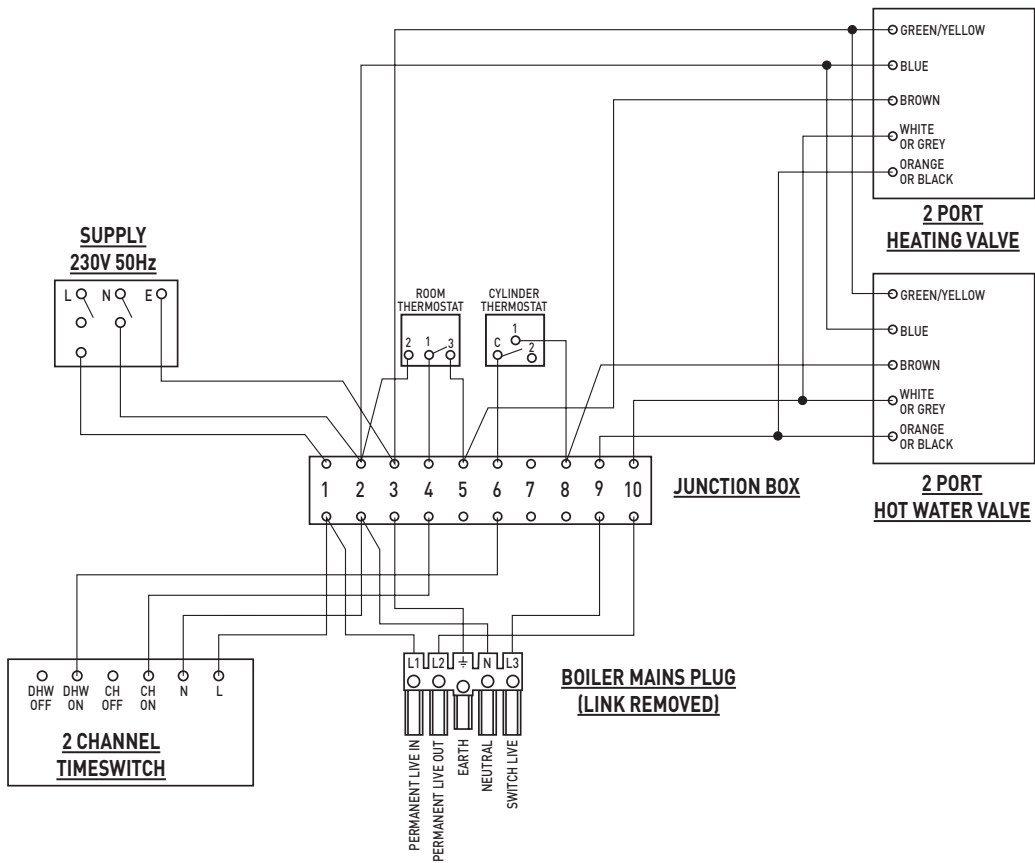
c) **THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.** Failure to provide a satisfactory earth connection will result in appliance malfunction.

d) The method of connection to the mains supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance. Either a 3A fused three pin plug and un-switched shuttered socket outlet, both complying with BS 1363, or a 3A fused double pole switch having a 3 mm contact separation in both poles and serving only the boiler (and its external controls) may be used.

### 3.9 EXTERNAL CONTROLS

The Club HE 18 appliances may be used with any certified mains voltage room thermostat, as described in section 4.  
For further information contact: Halstead Boilers Ltd, Service Helpline: 0844 371 1111.

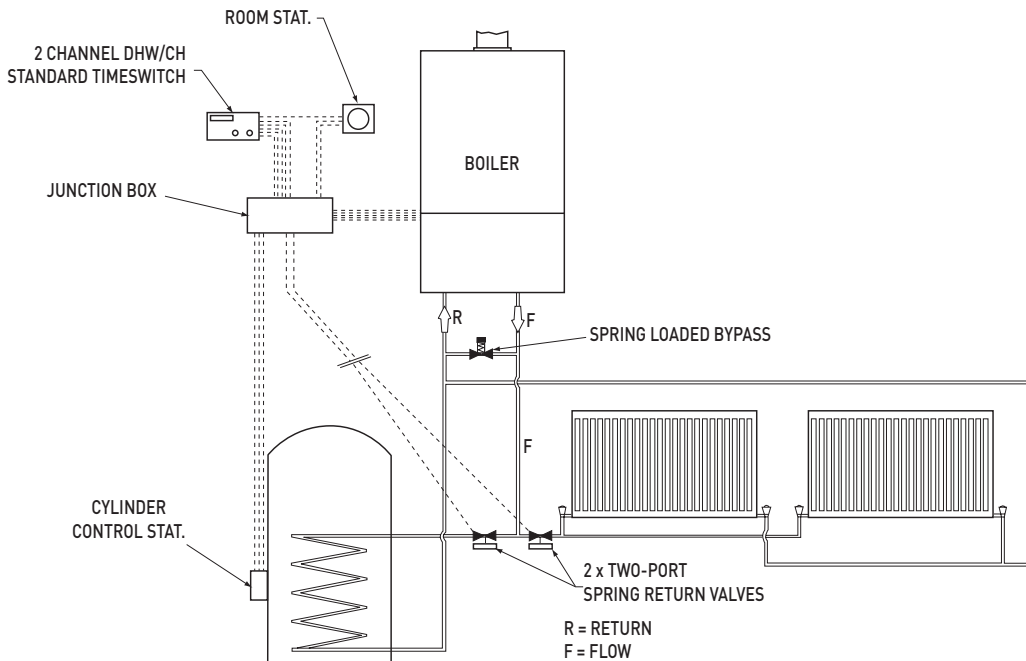
## 8 'S' PLAN INSTALLATION TIMED CH & DHW



**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD SERVICE HELPLINE TEL: 0844 371 1111.**

9

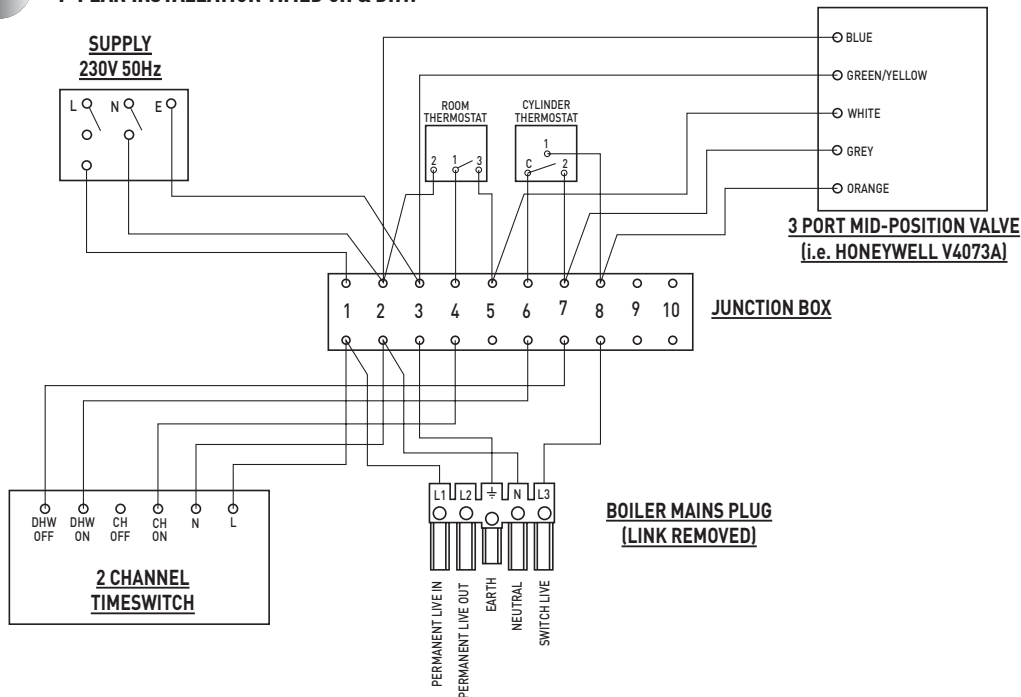
'S' PLAN INSTALLATION TIMED CH & DHW



FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD SERVICE HELPLINE TEL: 0844 371 1111.

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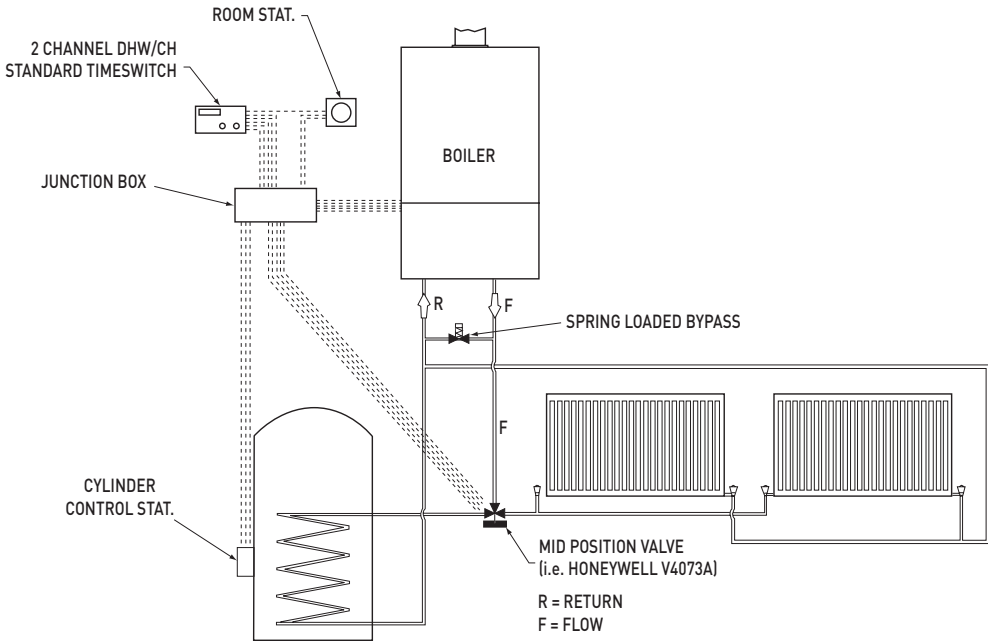
'Y' PLAN INSTALLATION TIMED CH & DHW



FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD SERVICE HELPLINE TEL: 0844 371 1111.



'Y' PLAN INSTALLATION TIMED CH & DHW



FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD SERVICE HELPLINE TEL: 0844 371 1111.

Before installing the appliance, check that the chosen location is suitable (section 3.2) and that the requirements for flue position (section 3.3) and minimum clearances (Figure 1b) are satisfied.

### 4.1 UNPACKING THE APPLIANCE

The appliance is supplied in one box. Flue kits are provided separately, the various flue kits available as described in sections 2.5 - 2.7. If the appliance is to be installed without access to an external wall, a wall liner kit is also required.

Unpack the boxes and check the contents:

- Complete appliance
- Paper wall mounting template
- Wall mounting plate
- Case Base (See note)
- Installation and Servicing Instruction
- User's Instructions
- Benchmark book
- Hardware pack containing:
  - 6 x 65 mm wood screws – 2 off
  - Blue wall plugs – 2 off
  - 15mm flanged nut – 1 off
  - 15mm Male flanged nut – 1 off
  - 15mm Olives – 2 off
  - 22mm flanged nuts – 2 off
  - 22mm Olives – 2 off



#### Manual Handling Note:

During the appliance installation it will be necessary to employ caution and assistance whilst lifting, as the appliance exceeds the recommended weight for a one-man lift. Take care to avoid trip hazards, slippery or wet surfaces.

### 4.2 PREPARING THE WALL

- a) Fix the paper template in the required position (ensuring that the necessary clearances are achieved). Ensure squareness by hanging a plumb line.
- b) Mark the position of the primary wall fixing holes. Refer to Figures 12 and 13.
- c) Mark the position of the flue outlet. For side flue installation extend the flue centre line on to the sidewall, where the flue length exceeds 775 mm, a flue slope angle of 2.5° needs to be taken into account. Refer to Figure 13. Remove the paper template.
- d) Cut the hole in the wall for the air/flue duct (preferably with a core-boring tool). The hole must be horizontal and not be less than 100 mm in diameter. If the hole is not accessible from outside, its minimum diameter must be sufficient to allow insertion of the wall liner (130 mm, 5 in). The wall liner is available as an optional extra and must be sealed in position with mortar (or equivalent).
- e) Drill the two primary fixing holes using a 10mm drill and insert the blue wall plugs provided. (Further holes can then be drilled should additional support be required for the boiler. Screws and wall plugs are not supplied for this)
- f) Hang the wall mounting plate using the two fixing screws supplied, ensuring that it is level. Refer to Figure 13.
- g) Fit any additional fixing screws into wall plugs and tighten all screws.



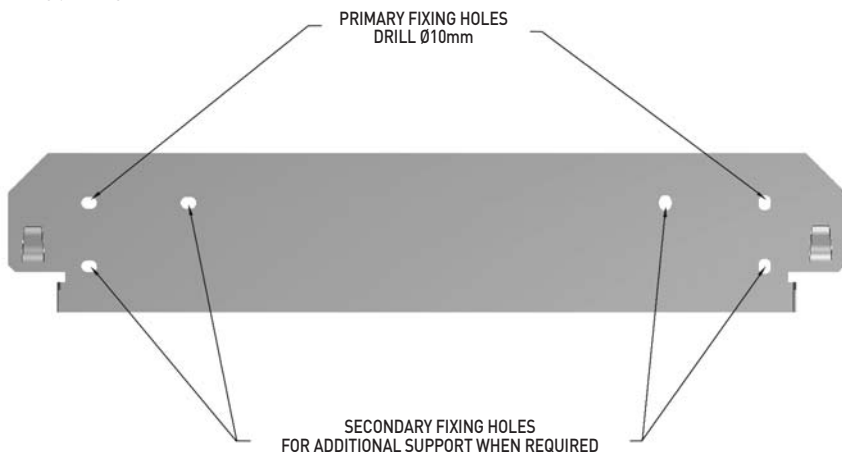
Pipe work may be routed from above or below the appliance as required.



#### Note:

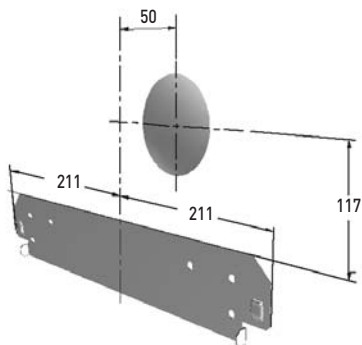
Once the appliance has been installed and all Gas and Water connections have been made, the case base **MUST** be fitted on the underside of the boiler. Instructions are provided on the base panel.

## 12 WALL MOUNTING PLATE

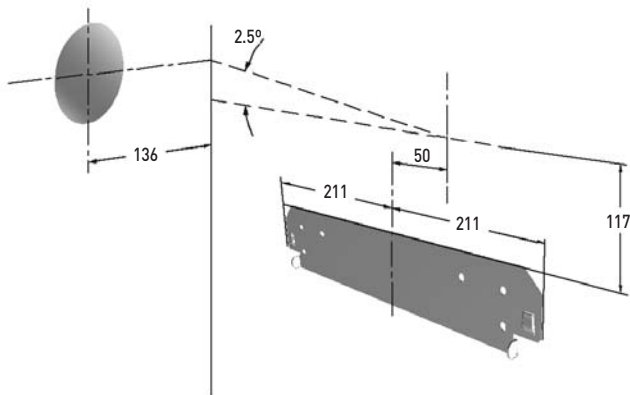


13

**REAR FLUE**



**SIDE FLUE**



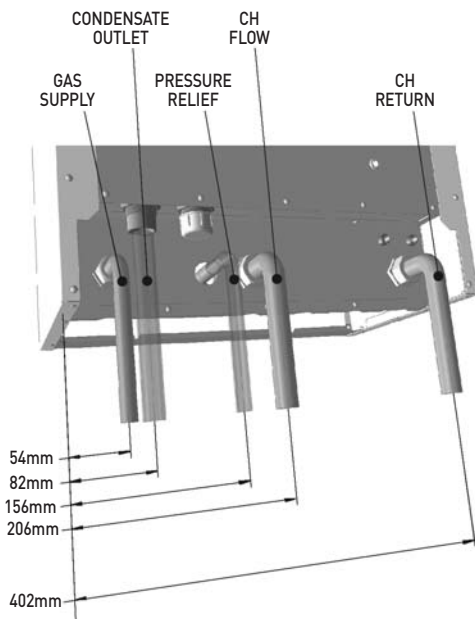
**4.3 MOUNTING THE APPLIANCE**

Lift the appliance into position as shown in Figure 14. Position the top of the appliance approximately 20mm above the top of the wall mounting plate and use the side wings on the plate to locate the appliance in a horizontal direction. Then carefully lower the appliance, ensuring that the two top locating tabs are securely engaged.

**14 MOUNTING THE APPLIANCE**



**15 VIEW OF CONNECTIONS ON REAR OF BOILER**



**4.4 CENTRAL HEATING SERVICE CONNECTIONS**

Refer to Figure 15

- a) Connect the central heating system pipes to the central heating flow and return valves, using 22mm pipe work.

Fill the central heating system as described in section 5.1, and then proceed to Section 4.5.

**4.5 GAS CONNECTION**

Refer to Figure 15

Connect the gas supply pipe to the gas service cock using 15mm copper pipe and the 15mm nut and olive supplied. Within 1000mm of the gas service cock it is recommended that the pipe diameter is stepped up to a minimum of 22mm diameter copper pipe.

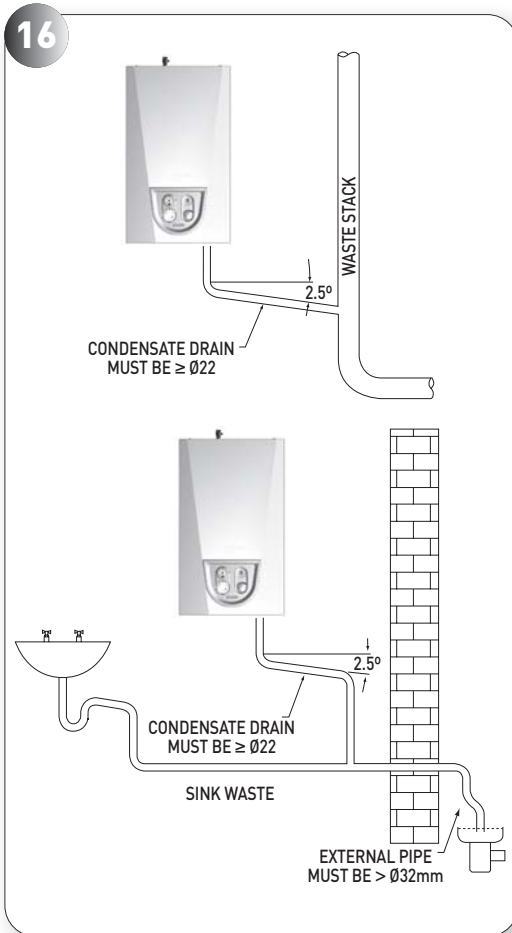
## 4.6 CONDENSATE CONNECTION

Refer to Figure 16

Connect preferably a 22 mm plastic push fit or adhesive overflow pipe to the condensate outlet. It should be piped to drain, preferably within the building, maintaining a continuous 2° fall away from the appliance.

Note: if an additional "U" trap is fitted between the appliance and the discharge point, then a visible air break is necessary between the appliance and trap, because a trap is already provided within the appliance. 32 mm pipe should be used for external pipe work, or if the appliance is installed in a garage. If the drain is routed externally to a drain or soak away, then the external length should be kept as short as possible and not exceed 3000 mm. Protection from freezing in cold weather conditions is also advisable. Ensure that the condensate discharge system complies with any local regulations in force. The drain pipe material should be resistant to acid with a pH less than 6.5. Suitable materials for the condensate drainage pipe are PVC, UPVC, ABS, PP or PVC-C.

In exceptional circumstances, such as when a boiler is installed in a basement without drainage, it may be necessary to install a condensate pump to carry condensate up to ground/drain level. Such products are available from Grundfos Pumps Ltd on: 01525 850000 and Pump House on: 0115 922 2211.



## 4.7 PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE CONNECTION

The safety valve is located at the bottom RHS of the appliance. Connect 15mm copper pipe using the male flanged nut and olive provided, to the safety valve outlet, and then continue the discharge pipe using no less than 15mm diameter copper pipe to the outlet. The pipe outlet should be positioned so that the discharge of water or steam can be noticed, but cannot create a hazard to the occupants of the premises or damage electrical components or wiring.

## 4.8 AIR/FLUE DUCT INSTALLATION

For correct flue installation please refer to the installation instructions that are provided with the individual flue kit as described in sections 2.5 - 2.7.

- Measure the required flue length as shown in Figure 17. Refer to section 2.5 to determine whether any extension kits are required. Installations using only the standard ducts or standard ducts with straight extensions are described in this section. Installation instructions for all other flue systems are included in the various flue kits.
- Ensure that all (inner and outer tube) sealing rings are provided and assemble the air/flue ducts as shown in the flue instructions.
- Construct the correct flue length by building the flue out from the appliance.

**Ensure that the flue and air seals are correctly fitted before assembly and that each section is fully engaged.**

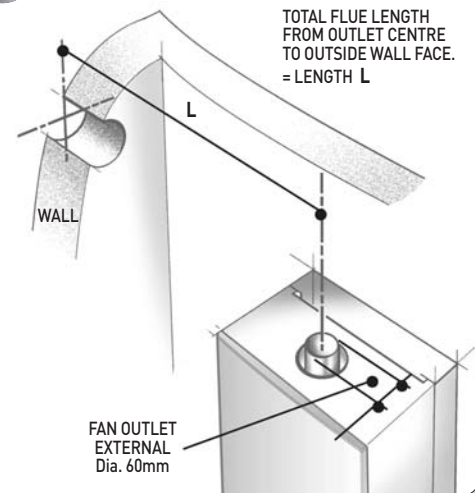


The flue length is measured from the centreline of the appliance flue outlet to the inside of the external wall-sealing ring. In most cases it will be possible to achieve the required flue length without cutting the ducts, however where necessary the plain ends of the extension ducts may be cut. Never cut the swaged end, and always ensure that the cut is square and free of burrs or debris.



**NOTE IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT THE TERMINAL IS FITTED THE CORRECT WAY UP**  
See flue kit Instructions (i.e. rain shield at the top).

## 14 MEASURING THE EXACT FLUE LENGTH



## 4.8.1 INSTALLING THE AIR/FLUE DUCT FROM INSIDE THE ROOM

Wall thickness up to 800 mm (31 in) only.

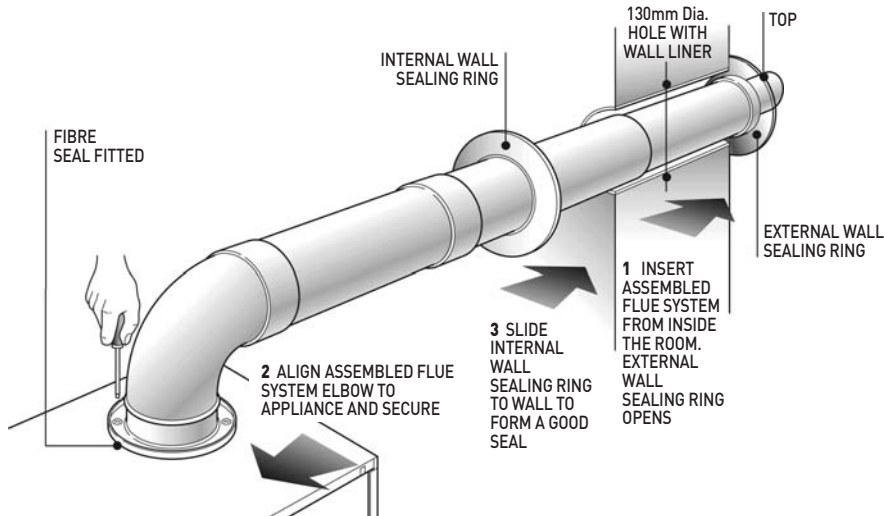
- Push the terminal through the wall liner taking care to ensure that the terminal is the correct way round and the external wall-sealing ring does not become dislodged.
- Assemble the flue system extension ducts as necessary, referring to Figure 18.
- Pull the flue system towards the appliance to seat the external sealing ring against the outside wall, ensuring that the duct joints are not disturbed.
- Use the internal sealing ring to make good the internal hole, and check that the terminal is correctly located on the outside wall (Where possible this should be visually checked from outside the building.) Figure 18 shows a view of the flue system, correctly installed.
- Finally locate and secure the elbow to the appliance using the four screws provided.

## 4.8.2 INSTALLING THE AIR/FLUE DUCT FROM OUTSIDE THE BUILDING

(Flue hole diameter 100 mm – wall liner not necessary)

- Secure the flue elbow with seal to the appliance using 4 screws.
- Fit external wall sealing ring over flue and then from outside the building, push the flue system through the wall taking care to ensure that the terminal is the correct way around.
- Loosely fit the internal wall sealing ring over the inside end of the flue.
- Assemble the flue system extension ducts as necessary, referring to the flue kit instructions, and fit to the flue elbow.
- Fit the flue terminal to the flue system, ensuring that the duct joints are not disturbed, and that the external sealing ring is seated against the outside wall.
- Finally use the internal sealing ring to make good the internal hole. Check that the external wall sealing ring and the terminal is correctly located, on the outside wall from outside the building.

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## 4.9 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Connect the electricity supply and external controls (using suitable mains cable) as follows:

Wire the cable(s) into the appropriate connections in the electrical plug provided, referring to Figure 19. Live supply to L1, Neutral and Earth as indicated.

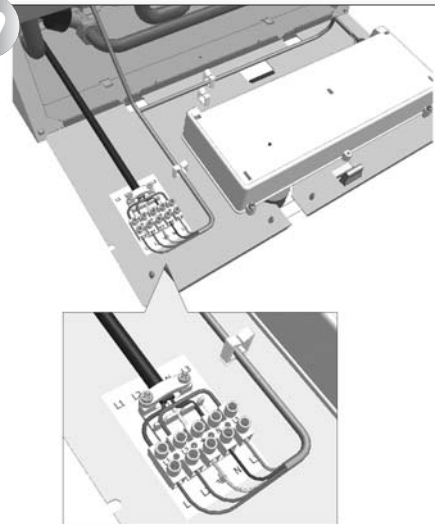
### IMPORTANT

A programmer / room thermostat **MUST** be fitted between L2 (230V Out) and L3 (Switched live). The boiler will not function if there is no connection between L2 and L3. Any external controls fitted must be rated at 230V 50Hz and have volt free contacts.

To provide correct cable retention, fit the cable through the clamping arrangement. The cable will be held in position as the clamp is screwed into place.

- |                                       |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| L1 = Permanent Live                   | N = Neutral |
| L2 = External Stat out                | ⏏ = Earth   |
| L3 = External Stat in (Switched Live) |             |

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### 5.1 FILLING THE WATER SYSTEM

Before commissioning the appliance, the whole gas installation including the meter **MUST** be purged and tested for gas tightness in accordance with BS 6891: 1998.

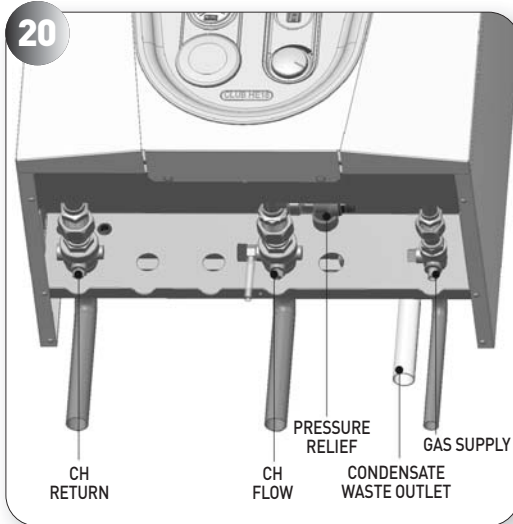


Open all doors and windows, extinguish naked lights, and **DO NOT SMOKE** whilst purging the gas line.

Before commencing the commissioning procedure, ensure that the gas service cock is turned on, the electricity supply is isolated, and that the CH pipe work is complete. Fill the water system by following the procedure detailed below steps 1 to 5, and referring to Figure 20.



It is recommended, where possible, to flush the CH system without the appliance connected, to avoid debris and flux blocking the waterways within the appliance.



- 1) Check that the CH flow and return valves are in the open position.
- 2) Fill the system with water using one of the approved methods described in section 3.7 to about 2.0 bar. Vent the system via the radiator valves and system air vents in accordance with normal practice. Ensure that all system air vents are closed.
- 3) Check the system for soundness.
- 4) Check the operation of the pressure relief valve (Figure 21) by pulling the lever out gently to ease the valve off its seat. Checking that water is discharged, release the lever and ensure that the valve seats correctly and does not leak.
- 5) Drain the entire system using the manual drain valve to flush out any debris, and refill to 0.2 bar above the system design pressure [between 0.5 and 1.0 bar] by repeating the above procedure. Follow the commissioning procedure described below, and then repeat this instruction with the system hot. It is recommended that the system is cleaned with a recognised system cleaner such as Fernox or Sentinel.

- 6) Remove the pump cap; use a screwdriver to rotate the pump shaft. Replace the cap.
- 7) If a filling loop has been used, disconnect filling loop.
- 8) Prior to lighting the appliance check that the gas inlet pressure measured at the appliance inlet pressure test point is  $>20 \pm 1$  mbar for natural gas. (as described in section 5.2 b), the central heating system should also be checked for circulation by operating the appliance with the gas turned off, this is to ensure that no air locks occur. The appliance may go into ignition lockout and require resetting (see section 5.4).

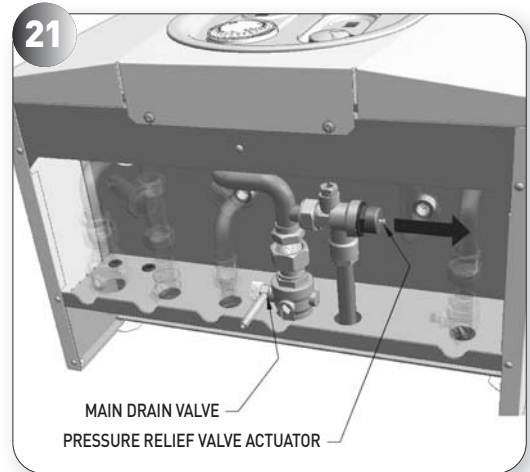


To aid venting, a manual air vent is provided on the top LHS of the appliance, and an automatic air vent on the pump assembly



Do not use the pressure relief valve to drain the system, because dirt or debris could prevent the valve seating correctly. If the valve leaks or sticks closed, then replace it.

**To drain the system, open the manual drain on the side of the CH flow cock shown in figure 21.**



## 5.2 COMMISSIONING THE APPLIANCE



If, at any time during the commissioning procedure, it is required to prevent the appliance from modulating, set the control knob to the Service position (fully clockwise).

### Refer to Figures 22 & 23

- Check that the gas supply is turned ON and the gas service cock is OPEN.
- Slacken the screw in the gas cock inlet pressure test point and connect a suitable manometer. Refer to Figure 23.
- Turn the control knob fully anticlockwise to the standby position.
- Switch on the electrical supply. The display reads 'o'.
- Ensure that the programmer and room thermostat (if fitted) is calling for heat. Turn control knob to the '+' position. The fan should start and after a few seconds ignition will commence.
- If the burner fails to light the fan will stop. Initially this may be due to air in the gas supply line. The boiler will automatically have five attempts at ignition. It may be necessary to turn the control knob fully anti-clockwise to the reset/standby position and repeat (d). (See section 5.3)

- When the boiler has lit, the display will show 'C.' Allow the appliance to run for at least 10 minutes and check that the gas supply pressure measured at the appliance inlet pressure test point is  $20 \pm 1$  mbar for natural gas.
- Check the operation of the programmer or room thermostat (if fitted).
- Turn off the demand from the programmer/room thermostat, or turn the control knob to the 'standby' position, and ensure that the burner goes out (the display reads 'h.') and the pump stops after an over-run period of 2 minutes (display goes back to 'o').
- If a cylinder stat is fitted, check that the appliance operates when the programmer is calling for heat and the cylinder is cold.



If the gas inlet pressure is outside the required value check that the gas pipe is of the correct diameter or contact the gas provider to adjust the gas meter governor.

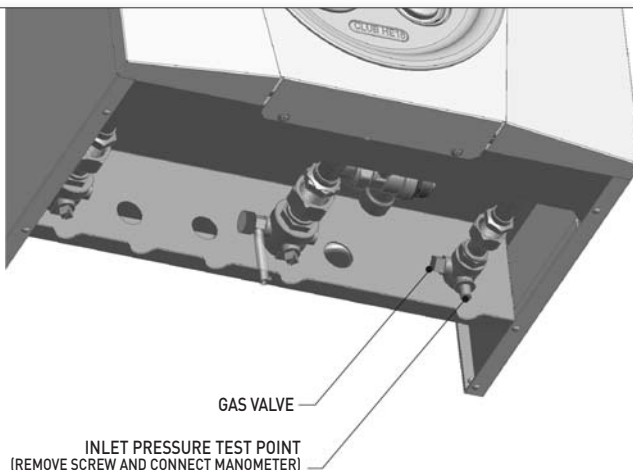


**THIS BOILER IS FACTORY SET, SO THAT NO COMBUSTION OR GAS INLET RATE CHECK IS REQUIRED. HOWEVER IF THE APPLIANCE FAILS TO OPERATE CORRECTLY CONTACT THE HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD SERVICE HELPLINE: 0844 371 1111. IF A COMBUSTION & GAS INLET RATE CHECK IS TO BE CARRIED OUT THEN REFER TO SECTION 6.1**

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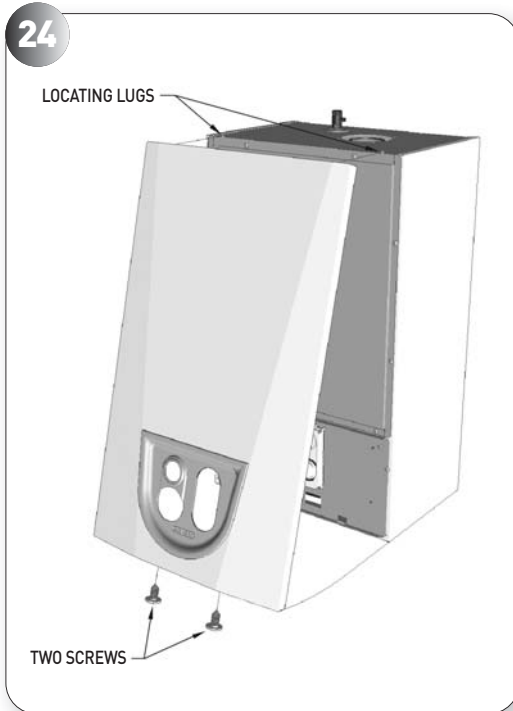


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## 5.3 FINAL CHECKS

- Turn the control knob to standby.
- Remove the manometer and tighten the appliance inlet pressure test point screw. Re-light the burner and test for gas tightness.
- Fit the appliance front casing as illustrated in Figure 24 using locating lugs at the top and screws underneath.
- Set the heating control to the required setting. Set the room thermostat (if fitted) to the required setting.



## 5.4 LOCKOUT INDICATION AND RESET THE APPLIANCE

In the event of failure during an ignition sequence, (5 attempts), the Digital display shows fault code '3'. In order to reset the boiler, turn the control knob anticlockwise to 'STANDBY' position and then back to 'ON' within **two** seconds.

## 5.5 FROST PROTECTION

The appliance is fitted with a frost protection device. In the event of very cold conditions, the pump may operate and the appliance light for a few minutes to protect the appliance and system from potential frost damage. This can only function if the gas and electricity supplies are maintained and the appliance is left ON. The external time clock (if fitted) can be switched to the OFF setting.

## 5.6 OVERHEAT PROTECTION

The appliance incorporates flow and return thermistors, which monitor the appliance's operating temperature. Abnormal temperatures will cause the appliance to go to lockout and the LED display will show code '1'.

Allow the appliance to cool and turn the control knob fully anti-clockwise to reset.

On its central heating control thermostat, a slow cycle device operates. The timer (set to 5 minutes) is activated after the end of each burn cycle to prevent rapid cycling of the burner.

### ANTI PUMP SEIZURE DEVICE:

Providing that a power supply is maintained, the pump will operate for at least 20 seconds in every 23 hours (regardless of heat demand) to prevent pump seizure during periods where the appliance is not used.

### SOFT START DEVICE:

After every burner start, the burner output stays at low for 10 seconds, to ensure smooth heat up of the system and maximum efficiency.

### SUMMER MODE:

To avoid resetting the control knob temperature to 'standby' in summer when CH is not required, switch the programmer or room thermostat to OFF.

### SERVICE MODE:

The appliance enters the SERVICE mode by turning the control knob to 'SERVICE' (full clockwise). The LED displays a flashing 'C'. In this mode the appliance runs at the minimum CH output. This mode allows the gas valve offset and CO2 emissions to be measured. To increase the output to maximum turn the control knob back on and return to Service within two seconds.

## 5.7 USERS INSTRUCTIONS

Upon completion of commissioning and testing the system, the installer must instruct the user in how to operate the appliance by drawing the user's attention to the following.

- Give the 'Users Instructions' to the householder and emphasise their responsibilities under the 'Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations or rules in force.
- Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutdown procedures.
- Advise the householder on the efficient use of the system, including the use and adjustment of all system controls for CH.
- Advise the user of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the system, and to the building, in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frost conditions.
- Explain the function of the control knob, and how to reset the appliance. Emphasise that if cut-outs persist, the appliance should be turned off and the installer or service engineer consulted.
- Stress the importance of an annual service by a registered heating engineer.
- The electrical mains supply to the appliance must remain ON for the frost protection circuit to operate.

## 5.8 APPLIANCE LOG BOOK

A logbook is supplied with this appliance to record installation and commissioning details and to make future servicing of the appliance easier.

This logbook forms part of the industry's Benchmark code of practice for the installation, commissioning and servicing of central heating systems.

Please ensure that the logbook is fully completed and left with the customer for future reference, along with Users Instructions and this Installation and Servicing Instruction manual.



# 6

## ROUTINE SERVICING

To ensure continued efficient operation of the appliance, it is recommended that it is checked and serviced as necessary at regular intervals. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the particular installation conditions and usage, but in general once a year should be adequate. It is the law that a competent person, such as British Gas or other CORGI registered personnel, must carry out any service work.

Service the appliance by following the full procedure detailed below:

### 6.1 COMBUSTION CHECK

The appliance incorporates a flue sampling point on the appliance flue elbow, or appliance vertical flue adaptor. If suitable equipment to analyse the flue gas is available, remove the sampling cap and fit a 6 mm inside diameter sample tube.

Operate in CH mode, at full rate. After ten minutes operation check the CO<sub>2</sub> values and CO/CO<sub>2</sub> ratio and compare with those figures stated in section 2.3. Do not forget to replace the sampling cap after use.

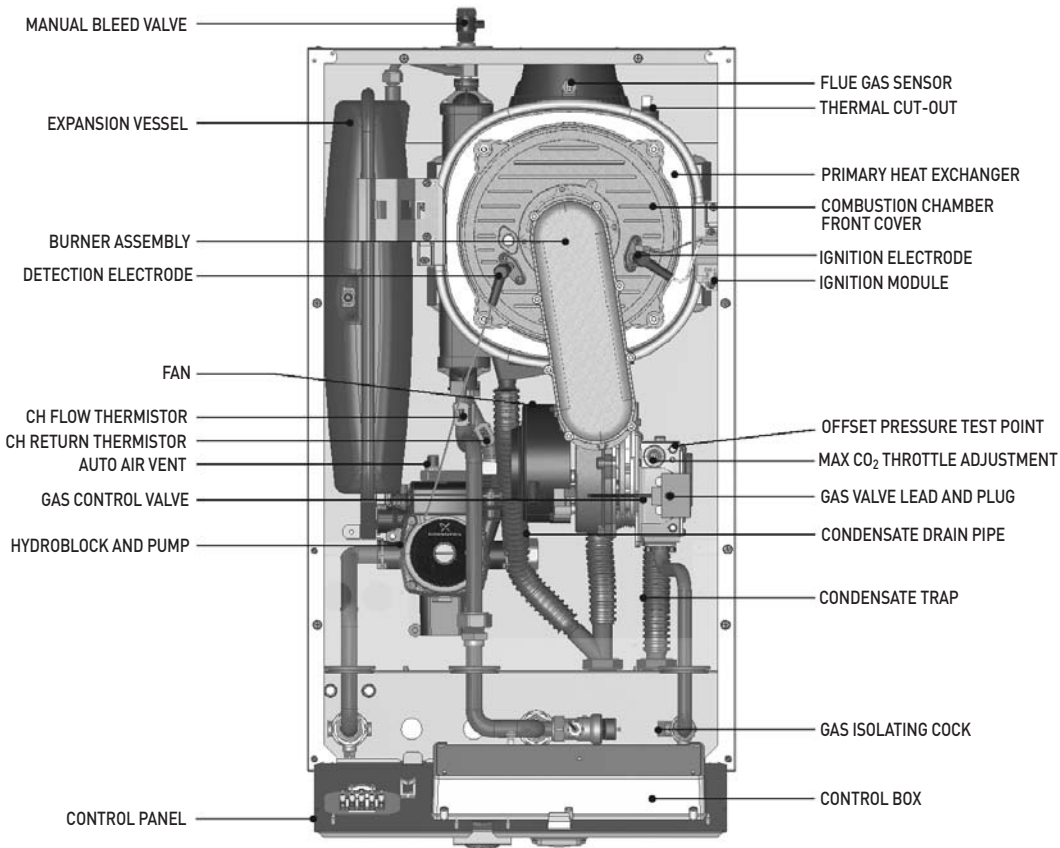


If the measured combustion values are significantly outside the figures stated in section 2.3 contact Halstead Boilers Ltd. Service Helpline: 0844 371 1111.

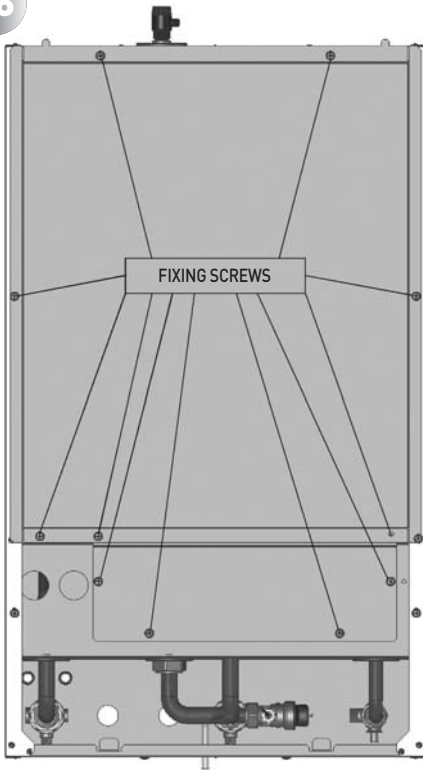
When the appliance is operating at maximum output check that the gas supply pressure is 20.0 mbar, using the inlet pressure test point located on the gas supply cock.

Before commencing any service operation, ISOLATE the mains electrical supply, and TURN OFF the gas supply at the main service cock.

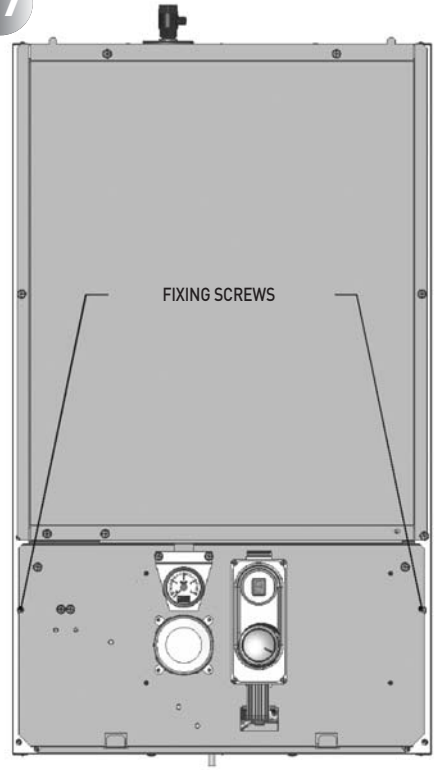
25



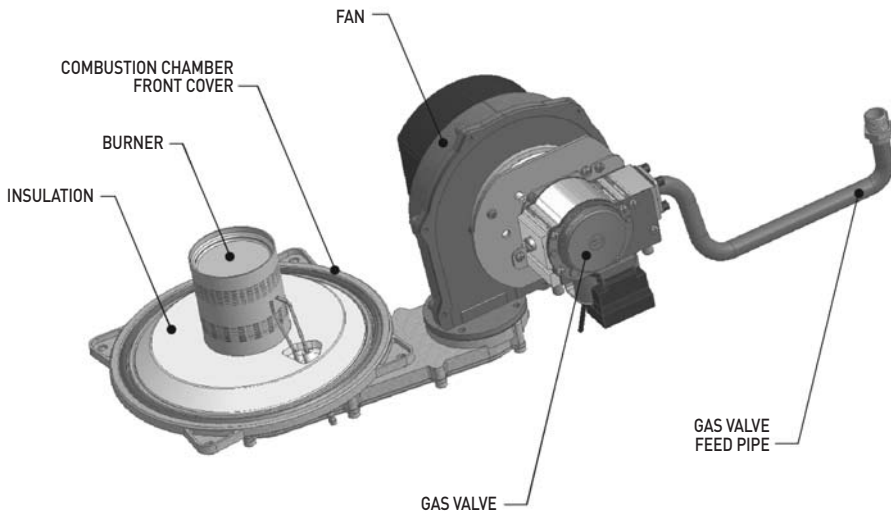
26



27



28



## 6.2 GAS CONTROL VALVE, FAN & BURNER ASSEMBLY

Refer to Figures 25, 26, 27 and 28

- a) Remove the casing front panel, (2 screws) and lift off.
- b) Lower the controls panel (2 screws).
- c) Remove the sealed chamber front panel (7 screws).
- d) Disconnect the ignitor plug, earth lead and detection plug from the ignitor and detection electrodes.
- e) Unscrew the screw holding the gas valve lead plug, and disconnect the plug.
- f) Disconnect the electrical leads from the fan (2 plugs).
- g) Remove the base panel (1 screw).
- h) Undo the nut holding the gas valve feed pipe to the gas isolating cock, and disconnect.
- i) Disengage the gas valve feed pipe grommet from the casing by pushing it up.

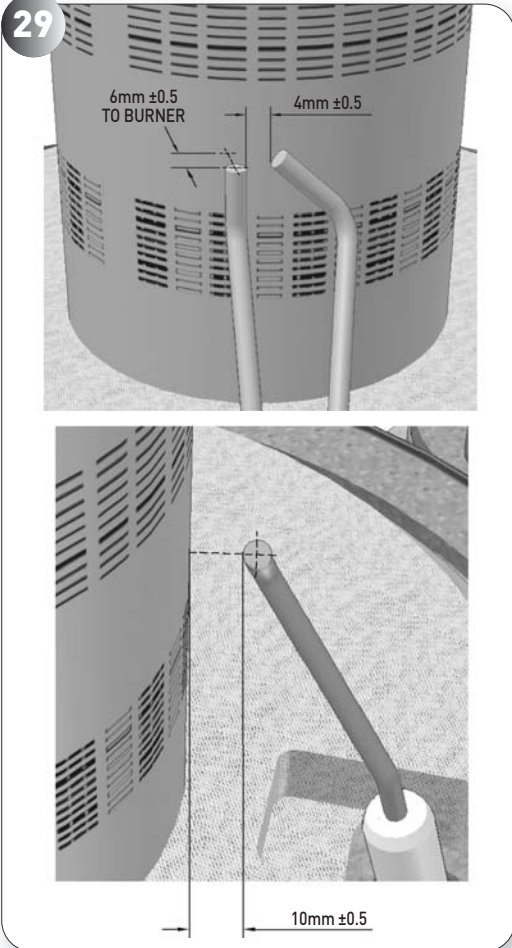
- j) Remove the 4 nuts holding the combustion chamber front cover in place.
- k) Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly, by carefully pulling forward the combustion chamber front and pivoting the assembly forward, then disengage the gas valve feed pipe from the casing, by lifting up the assembly. Take care not to damage the insulation.
- l) The assembly may then be inspected. If the gas valve is to be replaced refer to section 9.3.
- m) Re-assemble in reverse order.

### 6.3 BURNER

Inspect, and if necessary clean the main burner ports using a soft brush or vacuum cleaner. Do not use a wire brush or any abrasive material.

### 6.4 IGNITION & DETECTION ELECTRODES

- a) Inspect the ignition and detection electrodes in situ. If necessary, clean using a soft brush. If either the electrode or the ceramic insulation shows signs of damage or wear, replace the electrode(s) and their gasket.
- b) Check that the alignments of the ignition and detection electrodes are correct. Refer to Figure 29. Adjust by carefully bending the tip of the electrode rod whilst supporting the base of the rod. Do not put any pressure on the ceramic insulation.

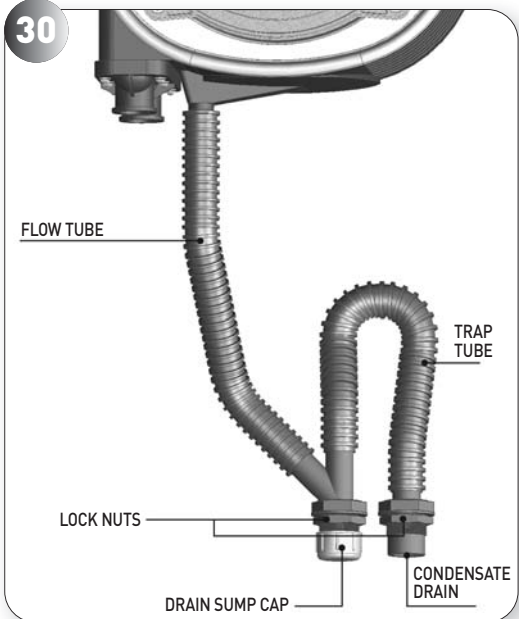


### 6.5 COMBUSTION CHAMBER & HEAT EXCHANGER

Inspect the inside of the combustion chamber for debris. If necessary, clean the inside of the tubes with a soft brush. Do not brush the insulation at the rear, check the integrity of the combustion chamber insulation panels, if damaged they will require replacement.

### 6.6 CONDENSATE DRAIN

The condensate Drain has a removable cap, Figure 30, which allows the removal of debris that may be caught within it. Place a bowl under the cap to catch the condensate and remove the cap. Any debris inside will be expelled at this point. Replace the cap ensuring a good seal is made. Discard the condensate and debris.



### 6.7 RE-ASSEMBLY & RE-COMMISSIONING

- a) Re-assemble all components in reverse order.
- b) Check that all joints and seals are correctly fitted.
- c) Turn on the gas and electricity supply and light the appliance, as described in section 5.2.
- d) Re-perform a combustion check, as described in section 6.1.
- e) Check the operation of the appliance in both CH and DHW modes as applicable.
- f) Remove the manometer and tighten the inlet pressure test point sealing screw.
- g) Test for gas tightness.

### 6.8 FINAL CHECKS

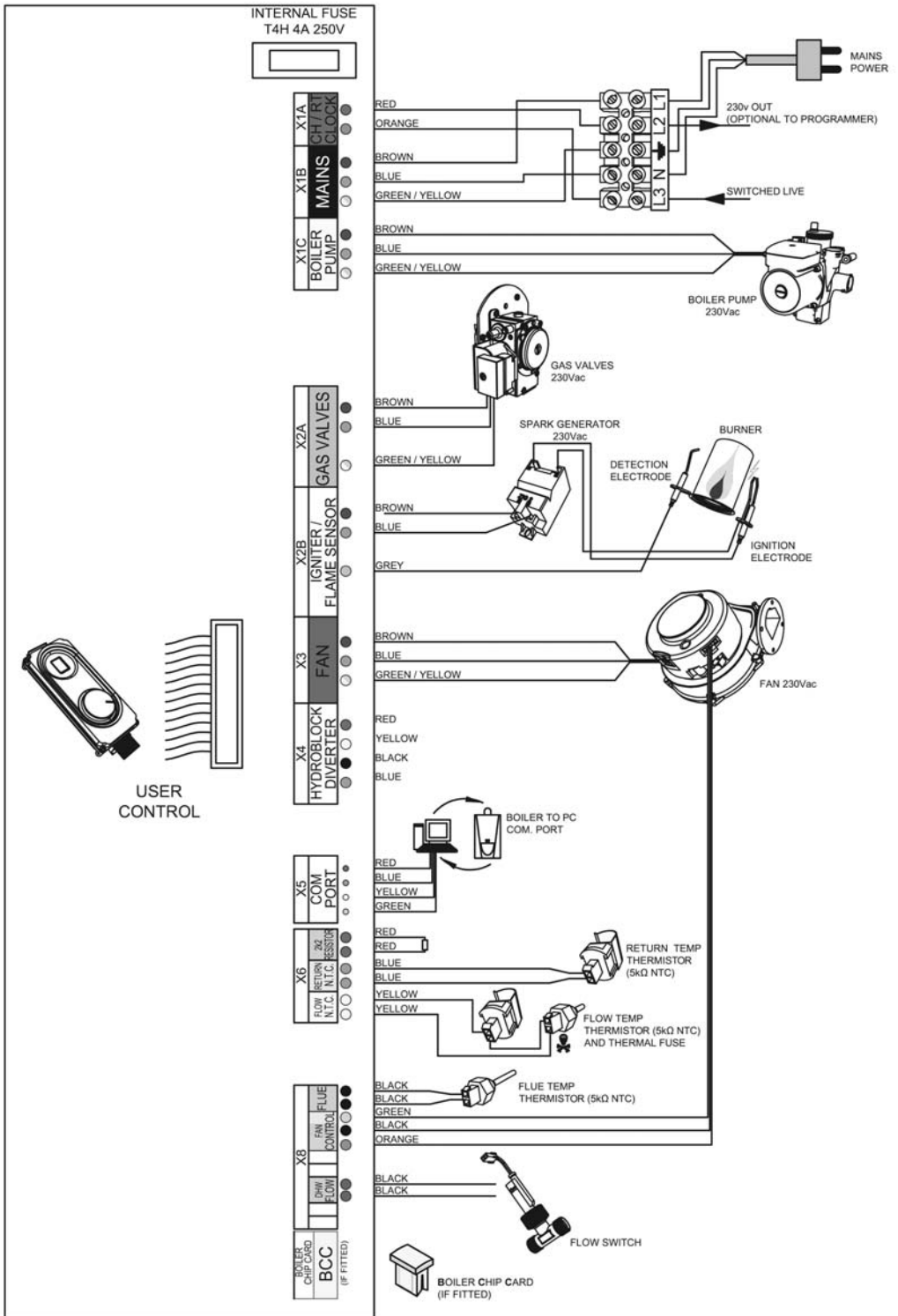
- a) Ensure the fascia panel is placed into the upright position and secure with the two screws.
- b) Re-fit the front casing panel.
- c) Return all appliance and external controls (if fitted) to their original settings.

# 7

## INTERNAL WIRING DIAGRAM

### 7.1 FUNCTIONAL FLOW WIRING DIAGRAM

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### 8.1 GENERAL

Before looking for a fault condition, check that:

- The mains electrical supply is turned on.
- The room thermostat and clock (where fitted) are calling for heat. Radiators are bled and free of air.
- The gas service cock is open.
- The system is at design pressure.

Before attempting any electrical fault finding, always conduct the preliminary electrical system checks as described in the Instructions for the British Gas Multimeter, or other similar instrument.

On completion of any service or fault finding operation involving making or breaking electrical connections, always check for EARTH CONTINUITY, POLARITY and RESISTANCE TO EARTH.

Detailed procedures for replacing faulty components are described in section 9 (Parts Replacement).

For further information contact: Halstead Boilers Ltd. Service Help line: 0844 371 1111.

### 8.2 DIAGNOSTIC DIGITAL DISPLAY

**FASCIA PANEL - Refer to Figure 33.**

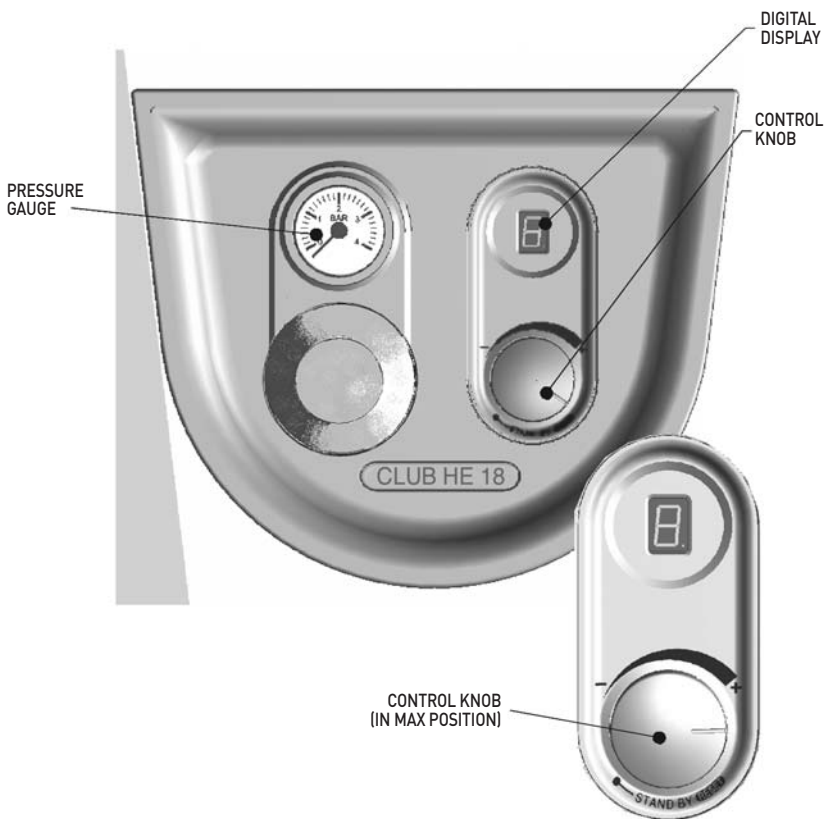
The Digital Display shows error code '3' in a lockout condition.

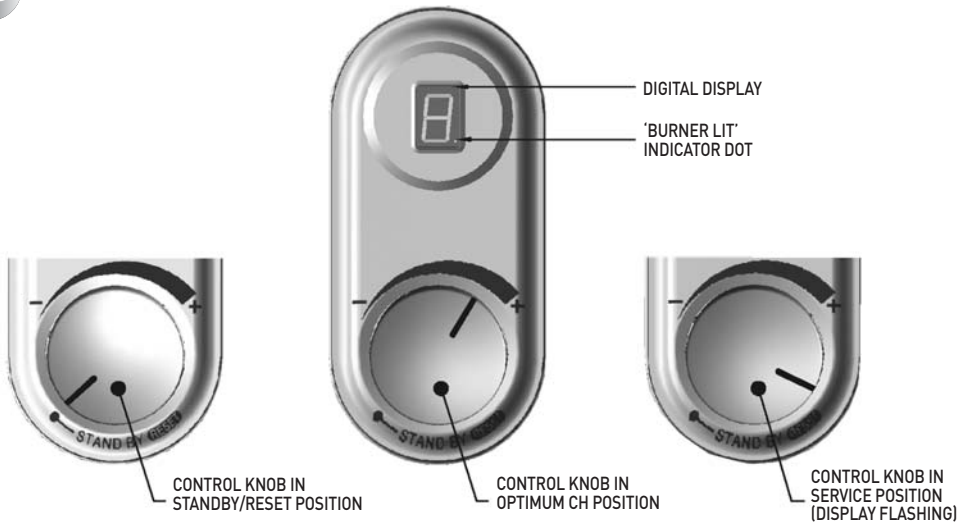
To RESET the boiler turn the control knob fully anti-clockwise to the RESET/STAND-BY position and then back to anywhere between the '+' and '-' within TWO seconds.

### 8.3 FAULT FINDING CODES

In the event of the appliance failing to light, refer to the Diagnostics Chart.

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## 8.4 CENTRAL HEATING FAULT FINDING

Upon a demand for Central Heating, (closure of the time clock and room thermostat, where fitted), the controls should carry out a set of start up checks, followed by an ignition sequence. Refer to Section 5.2.

If the control has powered up correctly but does not respond to a CH demand. Check voltage between pin 2 connector X1A (orange wire) and pin 2 connector X1B (blue wire). If 0 V ac, check room thermostat and clock. If 230 V ac, check control for lockout or blocking codes, (refer to Diagnostics Chart), check operation of the pump.

If room thermostat and clock are OK and no lockout or blocking code exists and the control is not in anti cycle mode, then everything should be working correctly, if not contact Halstead Boilers Ltd Service Help Line: 0844 371 1111.



**Note:** Whenever a CH demand is removed, either by the timer, the room thermostat or by the appliance's internal temperature control, an anti cycle mode is initiated which prevents the appliance from firing for 5 minutes. Ensure that the control is not in this mode by removing power from the control and restoring it after a delay of 10 seconds.

### RESET LOCK-OUT CODES

LED CODE	FAULT/EFFECT	REASON	ACTION
1	Overheated appliance	Water temperature greater than 105 °C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check no air is in heat exchanger/CH system</li> <li>● Check external diverter valve operation</li> <li>● Check pump operation</li> </ul>
2	Differential check faulty/Flame for 15 seconds	Zero check faulty CH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check flow/return thermistor</li> <li>● Check water pressure</li> <li>● Check pump/CH system blockage</li> <li>● Check no air is in heat exchanger/CH system</li> </ul>
3	No gas or Lockout flame signal/ No flame, Lockout after 5 ignition attempts	Low gas pressure. No flame signal on ignition, or loss of signal during operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check detection electrode/lead</li> <li>● Check gas supply</li> <li>● Check gas service cock</li> <li>● Check gas valve and lead</li> <li>● Check PCB/X2A &amp; X2B connectors</li> <li>● Check spark generator/spark electrode</li> <li>● Check mains earth lead continuity</li> </ul>
4	Flue gas sensor/No flame	Flue gas temperature greater than 95 °C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check no air is in heat exchanger/CH system water pressure</li> </ul>

## BLOCKING CODES

LED CODE	FAULT/EFFECT	REASON	ACTION
5	Defective sensor or thermal fuse gone	Defective flow, return or flue sensor, or heat exchanger reached maximum safe working temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check flow, return and flue sensors</li> <li>● Check wiring to sensors</li> <li>● Check PCB/X6 &amp; X8 connectors</li> <li>● CHECK THERMAL FUSE IS OPEN CIRCUIT. IF THAT IS THE CASE THE HEAT EXCHANGER HAS TO BE REPLACED - SEE SECTION 9.8.</li> </ul>
6	Defective gas valve/ Flame continues after demand ends	5 sec flame signal after burner is switched off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check gas valve and lead</li> <li>● Check PCB</li> </ul>
7	Defective fan/No flame	Missing or Erroneous RPM signal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check fan</li> <li>● Check mains fan lead &amp; connector</li> <li>● Check low voltage fan lead &amp; connector</li> <li>● Check PCB/X3 connector</li> </ul>
8	PCB error/No flame	Internal error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check PCB</li> </ul>
b	Activate BCC/No flame	New BCC (If required)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Turn to reset to activate</li> </ul>
d	Safety system failure/ No flame	Failure of internal self checking system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check PCB</li> </ul>
E	BCC error/No flame	Incorrect /missing BCC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Reseat or replace BCC (if fitted)</li> </ul>
f	Water flow failure Flame for a short period only	Sensor temperature differential incorrect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check CH flow and return</li> <li>● Check pump</li> <li>● Check no air is in heat exchanger/CH system</li> <li>● Check pipe connections</li> <li>● Check wires to flow and return sensors are not crossed</li> </ul>
p	Power supply error/ No flame	Low mains voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check mains voltage into boiler</li> <li>● Check PCB connectors</li> </ul>
u	Lock out	Faulty Low Voltage Harness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Replace Low Voltage Harness</li> </ul>
(No display)	No light indication	Defective power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Check power supply</li> <li>● Check PCB/X1B connector</li> <li>● Check PCB fuse</li> </ul>

**NOTE: FAULT CODES 1 TO 4 CAN BE RESET BY FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURE ABOVE, HOWEVER IF ANY OTHER FAULT CODE IS SHOWING PLEASE CONTACT YOUR INSTALLER OR HALSTEAD BOILERS LTD. SERVICE HELP LINE: 0844 371 1111.**



**Note:** All Lock-out and Blocking codes will flash if displayed.

A flashing 'C' indicates that the boiler is in Service Mode and that the boiler will fire continuously at minimum input.

**This setting is for the convenience of the Service engineer ONLY.**

Before commencing any service operation, ISOLATE the mains electrical supply and TURN OFF the gas supply at the main service cock.

Replacement of most parts first requires the removal of the sealed chamber front panels; refer to section 6.2.

There may be some slight water spillage; so electrical components should be protected.

It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a registered person.

## 9.1 IGNITION AND DETECTION ELECTRODES

### Refer to Figure 34

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- Unscrew the two screws holding the electrode, remove electrode, and used gasket.
- Fit the new electrode, and new gasket.

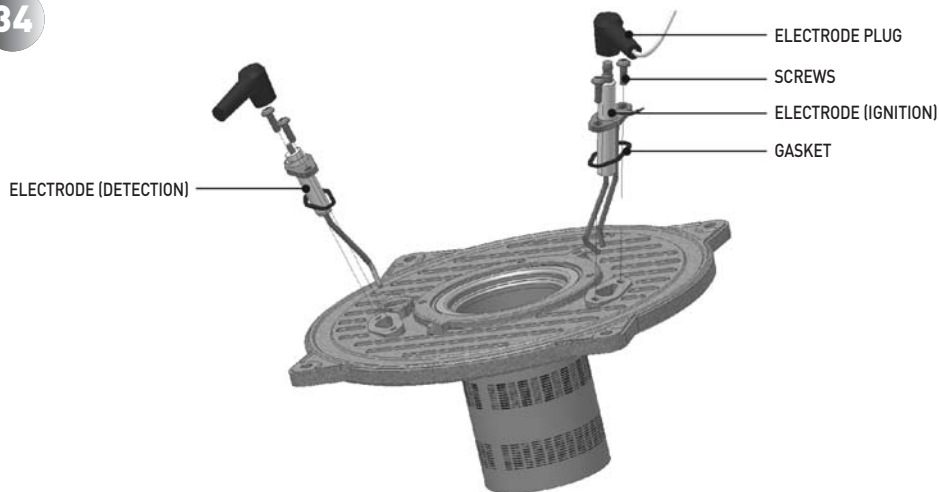
- Check that electrode is aligned as detailed as appropriate in Figure 29.
- Re-assemble in reverse order. Ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.



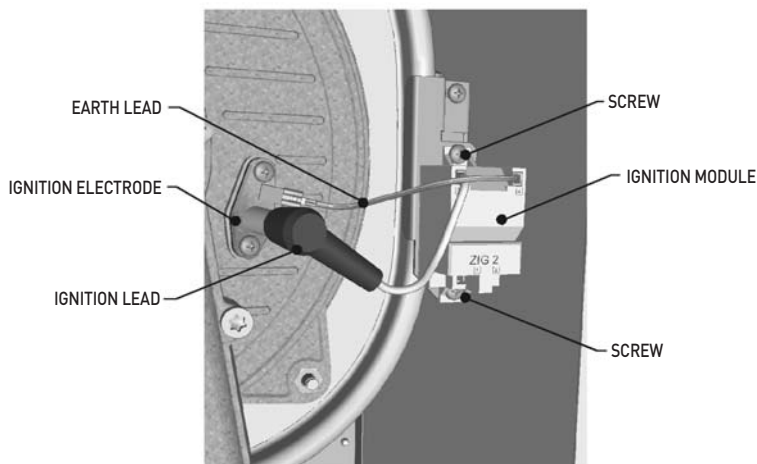
### Refer to Figure 35

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Remove the plug and earth lead from the ignition electrode.
- Remove the electrical supply leads.
- Unscrew the two screws holding the ignitor unit, remove ignitor unit.
- Fit the new ignitor unit.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that the ignitor unit is orientated as shown in Figure 35, and that the brown electric supply lead is fitted to position 1 on the ignitor unit.

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## 9.3 GAS CONTROL VALVE

Refer to Figures 36, 37 & 38

### 9.3.1 GAS CONTROL VALVE REMOVAL REPLACEMENT AND SET-UP

- Remove casing and control panels as described in section 6.2.
- Unscrew the gas valve electrical plug and disconnect from the gas valve.
- Ensuring the gas isolating cock is in the off position, undo the union nut holding the gas valve feed pipe to the gas isolating cock and disconnect.
- Disengage the gas valve feed pipe grommet from the casing by pushing it upwards.
- Remove the three Torx screws (T-25) of the air/gas channel fixing to the combustion chamber door (figure 36).
- Remove the gas control valve, fan and air/gas channel as one complete assembly by carefully pulling forward and rotating anticlockwise. Then disengage the gas valve feed pipe from the casing by lifting the assembly upwards.
- With the assembly on a bench, unscrew and remove the four screws securing the gas valve feed pipe, (figure 37).
- Unscrew the three Torx screws (T-20) securing the gas valve onto the fan (figure 38).
- Replace the gas valve and re-assemble in reverse order.
- Ensure all seals in particular the burner seal (figure 42) and gas valve feed pipe seal are in good order and fitted correctly then check for gas soundness.

### 9.3.2 COMBUSTION CHECK SET-UP

If a new gas valve is fitted it must be adjusted to operate within the quoted CO<sub>2</sub> values (see Combustion set-up table below).

A suitable, calibrated flue gas analyser is required to measure the CO<sub>2</sub>.

The appliance incorporates a flue sampling point on the flanged flue elbow or flanged vertical turret. The cap of the sampling point must be removed and the sample tube inserted into the middle of the inner flue pipe.

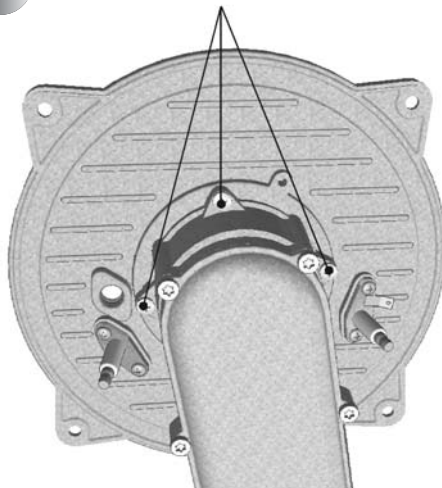


**Before switching the appliance ON ensure that the 'Max. Throttle Adjuster' (figure 40) is screwed in to the dimension shown in the table below. This spares kit includes a tool that should be used to set this dimension.**

- FULLY wind out the throttle by rotating it anti-clockwise using a conventional flat blade screw driver.
- Using the 'Nat Gas' end (as shown below in figure 39) of the tool, rotate the throttle clockwise until the tool bottoms out on the body of the gas valve
- Switch the appliance on and ensure that the clock and room thermostat (if fitted) are calling for heat and that all radiators are open.
- Turn the boiler control knob fully clockwise into 'Service mode'. The digital display will flash and the fan speed is now set to minimum rate.

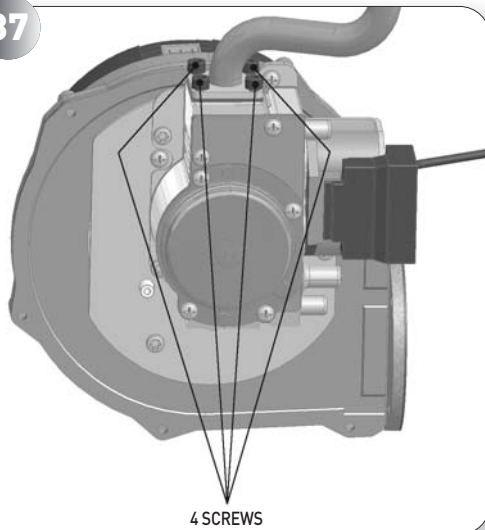
36

3 TORX SCREWS



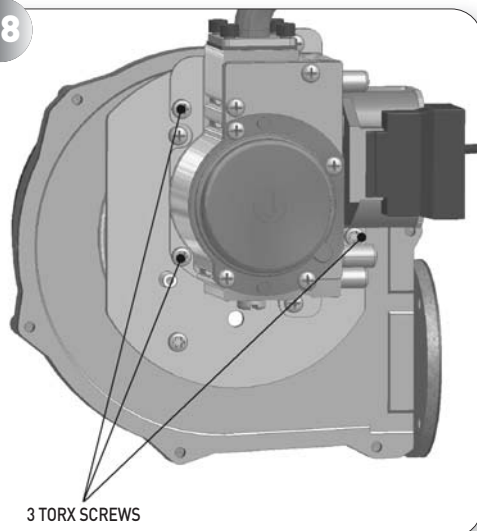
37

4 SCREWS



38

3 TORX SCREWS



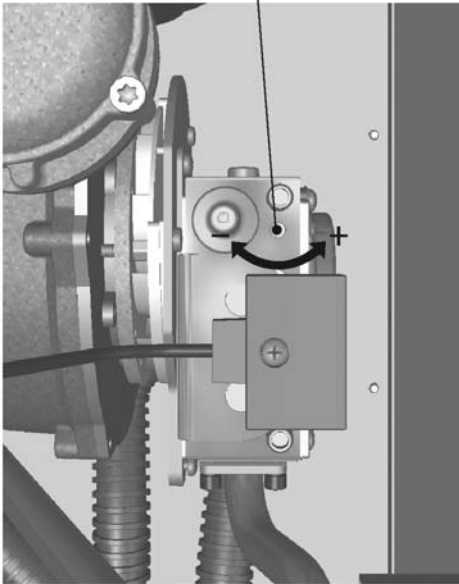
## 39 THROTTLE ADJUSTMENT TOOL



- e) Turn the control knob back to normal operation mode and within 3 seconds back to 'service mode'. The fan speed will now increase to maximum rate.
- f) Check that the CO<sub>2</sub> reading is within the required values shown below in the table. If it is outside the required values adjust the CO<sub>2</sub> by turning the max throttle adjuster as follows:-
  - ⇒ Anti-clockwise to increase CO<sub>2</sub>
  - ⇒ Clockwise to decrease CO<sub>2</sub>
- g) Once the CO<sub>2</sub> is stable turn the control knob back to normal operation mode and within 3 seconds back to 'service mode'. The fan speed will now reduce to minimum rate.
- h) Check the minimum rate CO<sub>2</sub> reading is within the limits specified in the table below. If not within the limits please call Halstead Boilers Ltd. Service help line: 0844 371 1111.
- i) Set and seal adjustment screw.

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MAX. THROTTLE ADJUSTER



If the gas control valve is changed, then when the appliance is running, the flue gas CO<sub>2</sub> should be measured, refer to section 6.1, and compared to the values stated section 2.3. If the measured value does not correspond to the Performance Data, then contact: Halstead Boilers Ltd. Service Help line: 0844 371 1111.

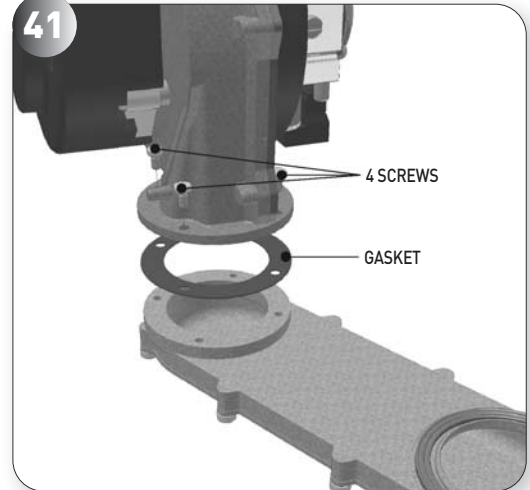
Always seal the gas valve adjustment screw with paint after adjustment.

## 9.4 FAN

Refer to Figures 38 and 41.

- a) Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- b) Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- c) Remove the gas control valve; refer to section 9.3.
- d) Unscrew the three screws holding the gas valve mounting plate, remove plate; refer to Figure 38.
- e) Unscrew the four screws holding the fan to the burner manifold, and remove fan; refer to Figure 41.
- f) Attach and secure the replacement fan, replace the gasket.
- g) Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.

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Combustion Set up table

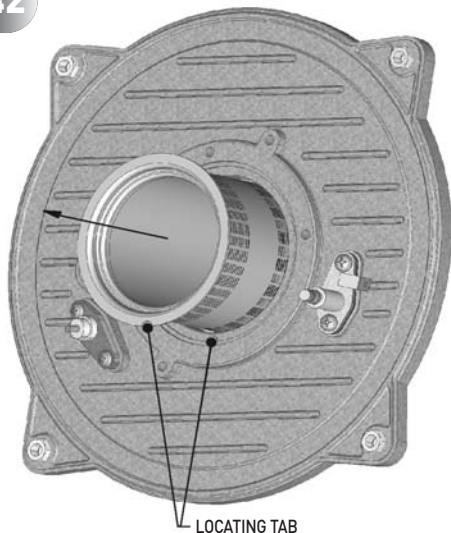
	Club HE 18
CO <sub>2</sub> value (min CH input) (Case off)	8.3% – 8.9%
CO <sub>2</sub> value (max CH input) (Case off)	8.9% – 9.1%
X (measured from valve body to top of screw) (nominal)	4.3mm

## 9.5 BURNER

Refer to Figures 36, 42 and 43

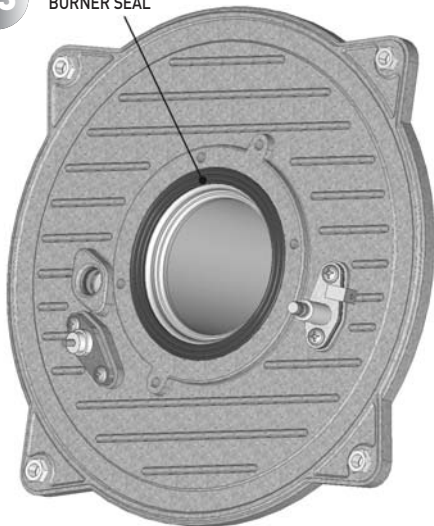
- Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- Unscrew the three Torx screws, [T-25], holding the manifold to the combustion chamber door, and remove the manifold; refer to Figure 36.
- Remove the gasket, and withdraw the burner; refer to Figure 42.
- Fit replacement burner, taking care not to damage the insulation, and ensure burner is correctly located by lining up the locating tab.
- Fit new gasket; refer to Figure 43.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.

42



43

BURNER SEAL



## 9.6 COMBUSTION CHAMBER

### FRONT INSULATION

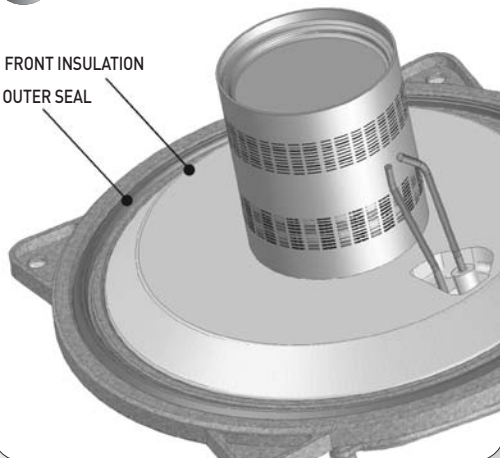
The design of the appliance is such that the combustion chamber insulation should not require replacement unless mechanically damaged. It is recommended that to prevent dust, the insulation is dampened prior to removal, and that a protective mask is worn when changing or handling the insulation material.

Refer to Figure 44

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- Remove the electrodes; refer to section 9.1.
- Remove the burner: refer to section 9.5.
- Replace the combustion chamber front insulation.
- Re-assemble the burner and electrodes, using new gaskets.
- Check the position of the electrodes: refer to section 6.4.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.

44

FRONT INSULATION  
OUTER SEAL



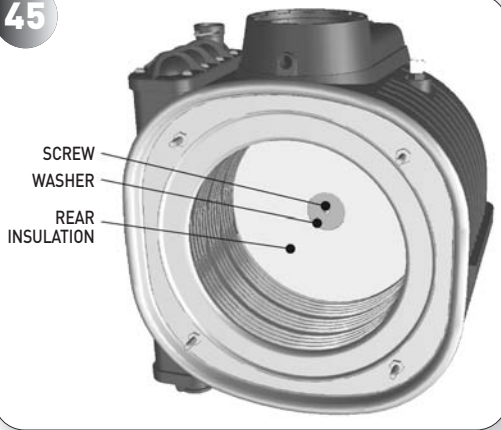
## 9.7 COMBUSTION CHAMBER

### REAR INSULATION

Refer to Figure 45

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- Use an Allen key to undo the central screw holding the rear insulation in place.
- Remove old insulation and fit replacement, ensuring locating washer is in front.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.

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## 9.8 HEAT EXCHANGER

Refer to Figures 18 and 46



**If thermal fuse has activated (open circuit and error code '5') the heat exchanger must be replaced.**

- a) Ensure supply voltage is isolated, and that the gas supply is isolated.
- b) Remove the gas control valve, fan & burner assembly; refer to section 6.2.
- c) Disconnect the electrical leads to the flue sensor, flow sensor, return sensor and thermal fuse.
- d) Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- e) Disconnect the flue system from the appliance, 4 screws, and lift up to disengage the flue from the flue adaptor; refer to Figure 18.
- f) Remove the retaining clip from the heat exchanger flow outlet, and undo the nut connecting the flow pipe (See Figure 4).
- g) Rotate the flow pipe anticlockwise and gently pull down to disengage the flow pipe from the heat exchanger.

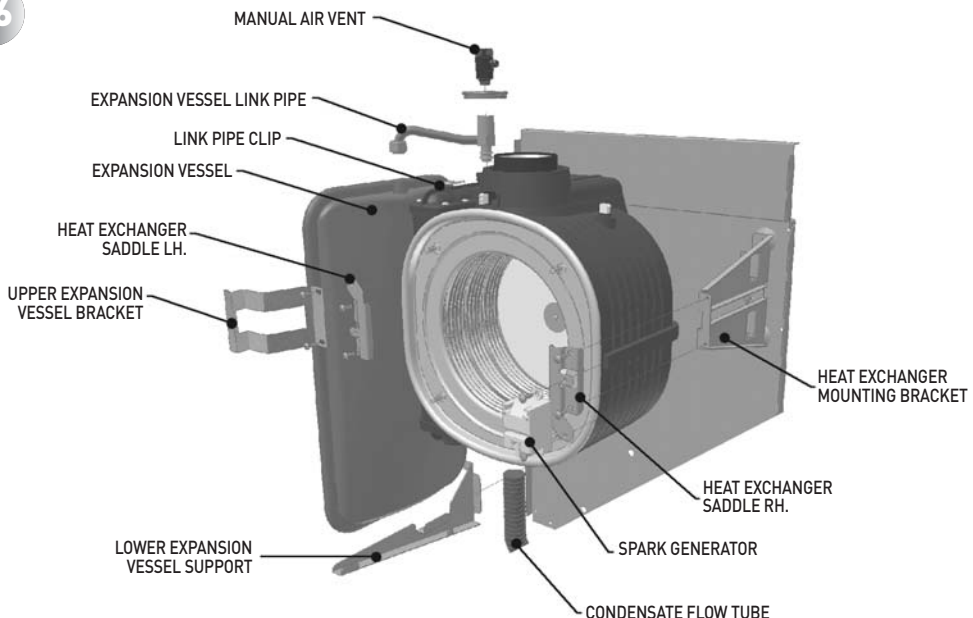
- h) Remove the retaining clip from the heat exchanger return inlet, and undo the nut connecting the return pipe to the hydroblock adaptor fitting (See Figure 48).
- i) Rotate the return pipe clockwise and gently pull down to disengage the return pipe from the heat exchanger.
- j) Disconnect the condensate drainpipe from the condensate drain adaptor; refer to section 6.6.
- k) Undo the nut holding the manual air vent to the expansion vessel and disengage the vent from the heat exchanger by removing the clip and pulling upwards through the grommet at the top.
- l) Remove the 2 screws retaining the spark generator to the right hand saddle bracket.
- m) Remove the 2 screws retaining the expansion vessel upper bracket to the left hand saddle bracket.
- n) Remove the 4 screws that retain both the left and right saddle brackets to the heat exchanger mounting brackets; refer to Figure 46.
- o) Remove the saddle brackets and slide the heat exchanger forwards and out.
- p) Re-assemble in reverse order; check integrity of the flow and return pipe 'O' rings and fibre washers and replace as necessary. Ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- q) Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

## 9.9 PUMP (HEAD ONLY)

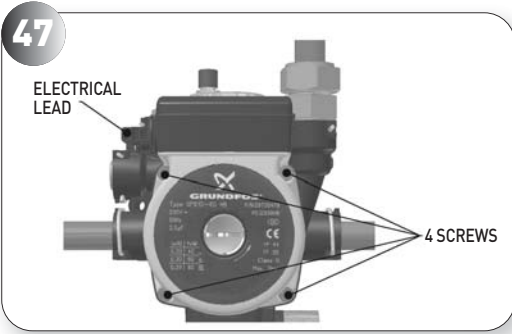
Refer to Figure 47

- a) Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- b) Disconnect the electrical lead to the pump head.
- c) Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- d) Using a long Allen key unscrew the four screws holding the pump head; refer to Figure 47.
- e) Remove the pump head, and fit replacement pump head, using a new 'O' ring seal.

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- f) Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- g) Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.



**Note:** It is likely that there will still be some water spillage when the head is removed.

## 9.10 HYDROBLOCK ASSEMBLY

Refer to Figure 48

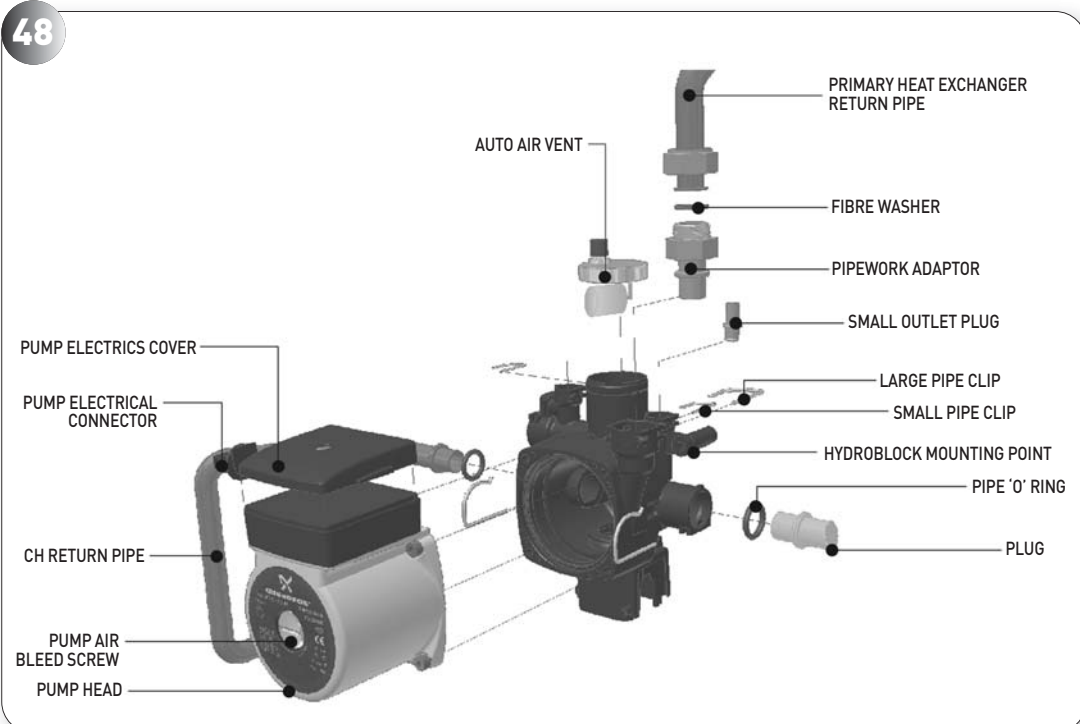
- a) Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- b) Disconnect the electrical leads to the pump head.
- c) Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- d) Remove the flow and return pipes from the heat exchanger; refer to section 9.8.
- e) Remove the clip holding the hydroblock adaptor fitting in place, and remove fitting.

- f) Remove the clip holding the return pipe in place.
- g) Undo the nut connecting the CH return pipe to the CH return isolating cock, and disengage the CH return pipe from the hydroblock.
- h) Unscrew the three screws holding the hydroblock onto the mounting bushes, and remove the hydroblock.
- i) Align the replacement hydroblock against the mounting bushes and secure using the three screws.
- j) Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- k) Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

## 9.11 EXPANSION VESSEL

- a) Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- b) Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- c) Undo the nut holding the manual air vent to the expansion vessel and disengage the link pipe from the heat exchanger by removing the clip and pulling upwards through the grommet at the top or by rotating out of the way.
- d) Remove the upper expansion vessel retaining bracket.
- e) Slide the expansion vessel forward and remove.
- f) Slide the replacement expansion vessel in place.
- g) Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- h) Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

**Note:** It is likely that there will be some water spillage when the Hydroblock is removed



## 9.12 PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

Refer to Figures 21 and 25

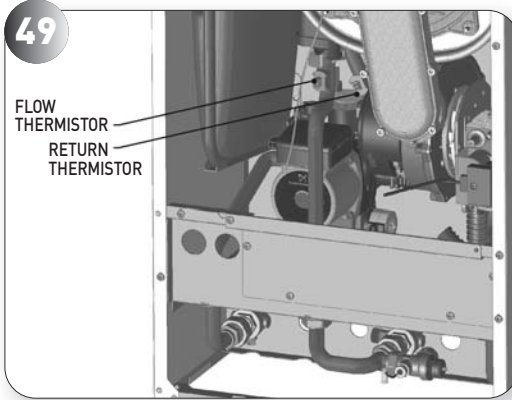
- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- Undo the nut securing the discharge tail pipe to the pressure relief valve and remove. Undo the nut securing the pressure gauge capillary, and remove.
- Undo the nut securing the pressure relief valve to the CH flow pipe and remove the pressure relief valve.
- Fit the replacement pressure relief valve, using new fibre washers.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

**Note:** the pressure relief valve should not be used to drain the system.

## 9.13 WATER TEMPERATURE SENSORS

Refer to Figure 49

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Disconnect the electrical lead from the sensor to be changed.
- Unclip the sensor from the pipe and remove.
- Clip the replacement sensor onto the pipe and position as shown in Figure 49.
- Reconnect the electrical lead.



## 9.14 FLUE SENSOR

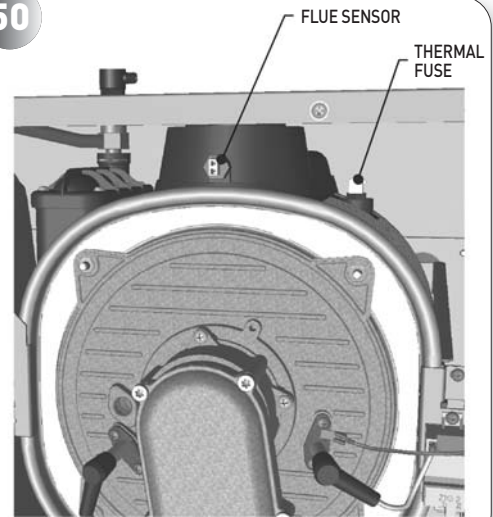
Refer to Figure 50

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Disconnect the electrical lead from the flue sensor.
- Twist the flue sensor to release the bayonet connection and remove from the heat exchanger.
- Fit the replacement flue sensor and reconnect the electrical lead (blue plug).



**Note:** the thermal fuse is not removable or a serviceable item, should the heat exchanger overheat then the thermal fuse will blow (blocking code '5') and the entire heat exchanger will need replacing.

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## 9.15 CONDENSATE DRAIN SYSTEM

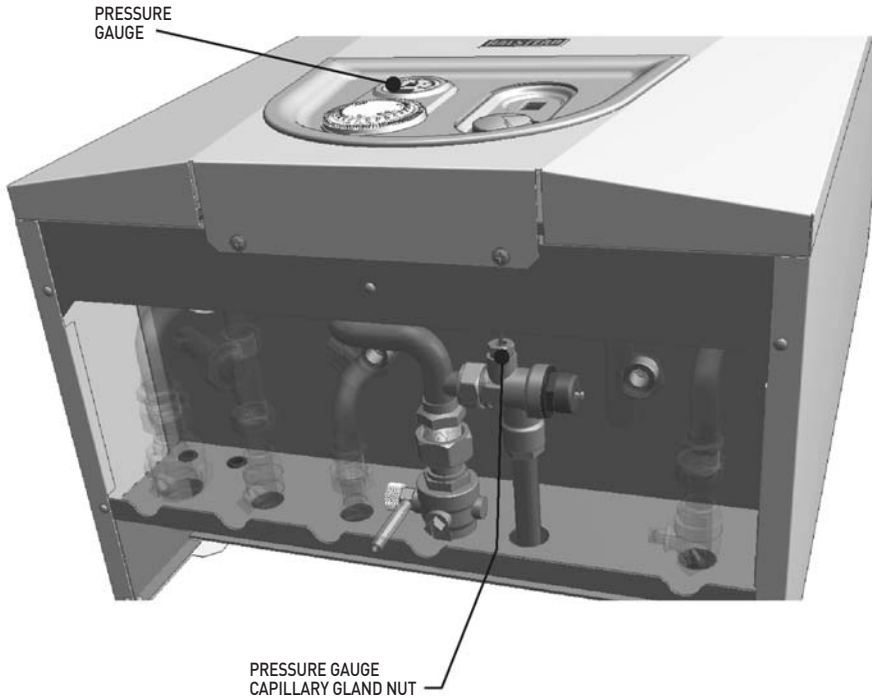
Refer to Figure 30

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Open the drain sump cap, while holding a receptacle beneath to capture any condensate.
- Disconnect the condensate drainpipe from the appliance.
- Detach the condensate drainpipe from the heat exchanger sump adaptor, by gently pulling down.
- Remove the condensate drain system, clean or replace as necessary.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.

## 9.16 PRESSURE GAUGE

Refer to Figure 51

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- Disconnect the pressure gauge capillary gland nut from the pressure relief valve.
- Having removed the decorative front and lowered the control fascia disengage the pressure gauge from the fascia panel, and remove the gauge.
- Fit the new pressure gauge and re-assemble in reverse order.
- Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

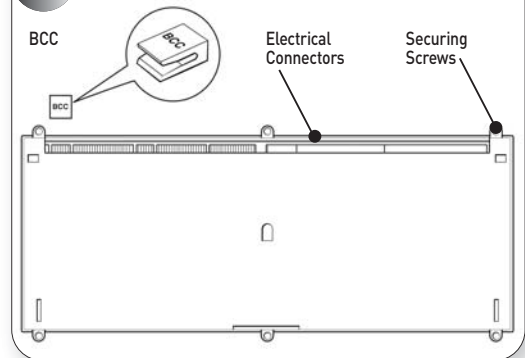
**51****9.17 AUTO AIR VENT****Refer to Figure 48**

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Drain down the appliance; refer to section 9.19.
- Disconnect the vent tube from the auto air vent and check that it is free from blockage.
- Unscrew the auto air vent, and fit replacement.
- Re-assemble in reverse order; ensure that all joints and seals are correctly re-fitted.
- Open the isolating cocks and vent air from the system using the manual air vent. Re-pressurise the system as necessary and check for water leaks.

**9.18 CONTROL PCB****Refer to Figures 24, 31 and 52**

- Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- Remove the casing front panel, unscrew and lower the control fascia panel.
- Unplug the electrical leads from the PCB. Refer to section 7.
- Unplug the BCC if fitted.
- Unscrew and remove the PCB plastic cover.
- Unclip the user interface ribbon cable.
- Unclip the PCB and withdraw.
- Fit the new PCB and plug in the BCC if previously used.
- Re-assemble in reverse order, ensuring user interface ribbon cable is attached securely.

If the boiler requires resetting turn the control knob anti-clockwise to 'STANDBY' position and then back to 'ON' within two seconds. Refer to section 5.4.

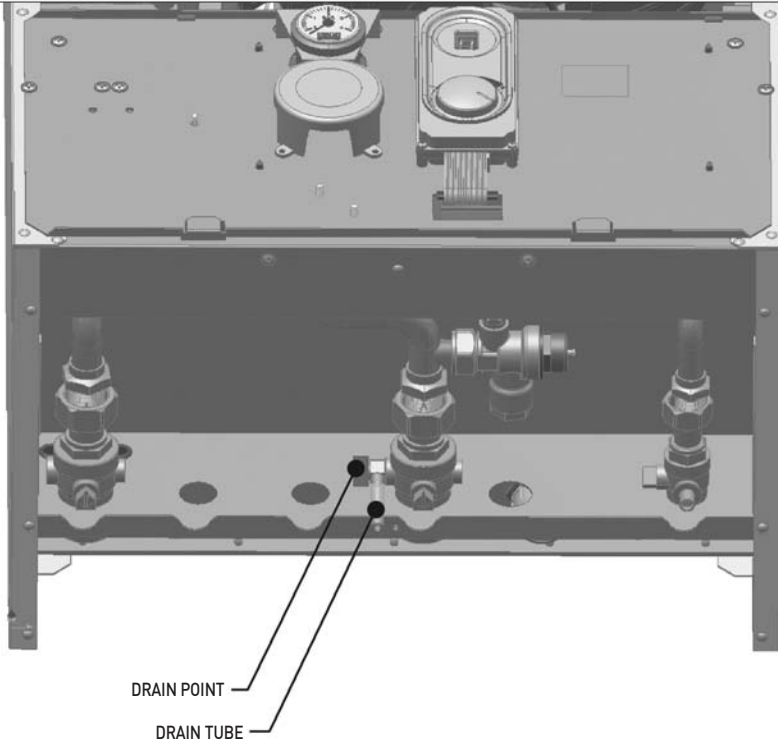
**52 PCB HOUSING**

## 9.19 DRAINING THE APPLIANCE

Refer to Figures 21, 46 and 53

- a) Before draining, give the appliance a brief CH demand.
- b) Ensure supply voltage is isolated.
- c) If not draining the entire CH system, close the CH flow and CH return water isolating cocks.
- d) Drain down the CH system from the external drain point, and drain the boiler using the manual drain tap on the CH flow water isolating cock (figure 21), in conjunction with the manual air vent located on the top LHS of the heat exchanger; refer to Figures 46 and 53.

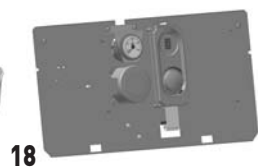
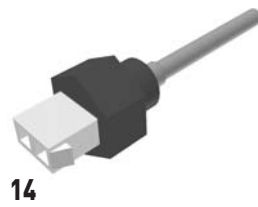
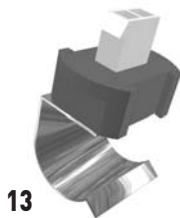
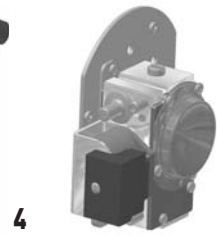
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Refer to Figure 55

Key	G C Part No.	Description	No off	Makers Pt No.
1		Ignition electrode incl. gasket	1	988526
2		Detection electrode incl. gasket	1	988540
3		Spark generator unit incl. spark leads	1	500665
4		Gas control valve assembly – NG	1	988541
5		Fan assembly	1	601016
6		Burner Cbx24/HE 24	1	700600
7		Burner door insulation	1	451106
8		3+1 Heat Exchanger (HE 24)	1	451101
9		Pump Head (6 metre)	1	500672
10		Hydroblock assembly	1	500651
11		Expansion vessel	1	451020
12		Pressure Relief Valve	1	300734
13		Flow/Return temperature thermistor	2	500661
14		Flue thermistor ACE HE	1	500662
15		Pressure gauge	1	450961
16		Auto Air Vent	1	500674
17		Control PCB and box assembly – Club HE 18	1	988542
18		User Control fascia assembly	1	988549
19		Air vent pipe and seal	1	988545
20		Manual bleed valve	1	300730
21		Heat Exchanger seals & clip kit	1	988546
22		Hydroblock o-ring kit	1	988490





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