FOCAL POINT FIRES plc

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR REALITY CONVECTOR COAL EFFECT GAS FIRE

ALL INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE HANDED TO THE USER FOR SAFE KEEPING

REVISION A MAY 1993 PART No. 400R100

CONTENTS	page
Important Notes	1
Appliance Data	2
General Installation Requirements	2
Site Requirements	3
Components Check List	4
Ventilation	5
Installation of convection box	5
Installation of fire tray	7
Testing & Commissioning	8
Servicing	9
Spares List	10

IMPORTANT NOTES

This fire is a Decorative Fuel Effect Gas Fire with additional convected warmth designed to work on Natural Gas.

This appliance has been manufactured under a BS 5750 Quality System accepted by BSI.

It is the requirements of the law that ALL Appliances & Fittings using Natural Gas are installed by a Competent person (such as one having CORGI registration) and in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations (as amended) of 1984, the relevant British Standards Codes of Practice and in accordance with the Manufacturer's Instructions. The Installation shall also be carried out in accordance with the various recommendations contained in the following Regulations:

- 1)The Building Regulations issued by the Department of The Environment and the Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidation) Regulations issued by the Scotlish Development Department.
- 2)BS5871 part 2
- 3)BS5440 part 1
- 4)BS8303
- 5)BS1251
- 6) BS6891
- 7)BS6461 parts 1&2

Failure to comply with all of these Regulations could lead to Prosecution and deem any warranty invalid.

THIS APPLIANCE IS FREE OF ANY ASBESTOS MATERIALS.

Appliance Data.(Data Badge located behind control knob)

Gas Group - N. (Natural)

Electric - Piezo spark ignition

Inlet Pressure - 20mbar

MAX Input

400 - 6.8 kW (32,750 btu/hr)

Min. Input

400 - 3.7 kW (14,670 btu/hr)

SETTING PRESSURE in mbar's

HOT

High

400

4.6 mbar

Low

400

1.2 mbar

Pilot Injector - 0.42mm.

Above rates achieved with the appliance fitted into a conventional builders opening.

GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

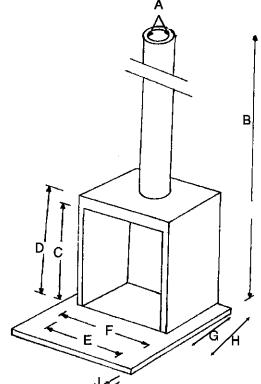
This appliance must not be installed in a room containing a bath or shower or where steam may be present. This appliance has been designed to fit into a Builders opening conforming to BS1251 or a suitable flue box complying with the constructional requirements of BS715. The flue box must be installed onto a suitable noncombustible, insulating surface at least 50mm thick under the entire base area of box. The flue must have an effective height of no less than 3 metres, measured from the base of the hearth to the top of the flue. Any flue dampers, plates or restrictors shall be removed or fixed in the fully open position before installation. A Natural Draught Flue system is required and unless new, the flue or chimney should be swept prior to installation. The flue must be checked prior to installation by using a smoke pellet (or similar) to ensure proper draw and that leakage is not evident in any joints. Repair and re-test as necessary before appliance is installed.

The flue should supply only the one appliance (e.g. not shared with a back boiler). There should be no other openings in the fireplace or flue except the one in which the appliance is installed and the one to allow dispersal of the flue gases to the outside air.

TYPICAL FLUE BOX SUITABLE FOR USE WITH THIS APPLIANCE.

- A. MINIMUM INTERNAL DIAMETER 7" (175mm)
- B. MINIMUM EFFECTIVE HEIGHT 10' (3meters)
- C. MINIMUM INTERNAL HEIGHT 22" (560mm)
- D. MINIMUM EXTERNAL HEIGHT 26" (670mm)
- E. MINIMUM INTERNAL WIDTH 16" (407mm)
- F. MINIMUM EXTERNAL WIDTH 18" (457mm)
- G. MINIMUM INTERNAL DEPTH 14" (365mm)
- H. MINIMUM EXTERNAL DEPTH 15" (390mm)
- J. MINIMUM HEARTH THICKNESS 2" (50mm)

See flue box manufacturers instructions for suitable locations.



SITE REQUIREMENTS

The builders opening should be cleared of any fixed fireplace components (CHAIRBRICK) and rubble. The exposed brickwork should be inspected and repaired where necessary. If opening is larger than 450mm or less than 410mm wide and 560mm high it should be altered occordingly. Any combustible side walls must be at least 500mm from the radiant heat source.

This appliance requires a Natural Draught Flue system which may be one of the following:

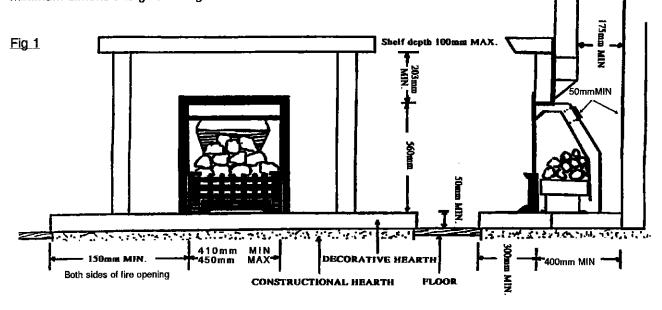
- 1)225mm (9in) x 225mm (9in) brick or stone.
- 2)175mm (7in) minimum diameter fined brick or stone.
- 3)175mm (7in) minimum diameter proprietary twin wall flue complying to BS715.

The flue should be swept prior to installation and tested with a smoke pellet to ensure there are no blockages or restrictions, defective mortar joints or cracks to allow products of combustion to escape from any other source other than the flue terminal. Repare as necessary and re-test before appliance is installed.

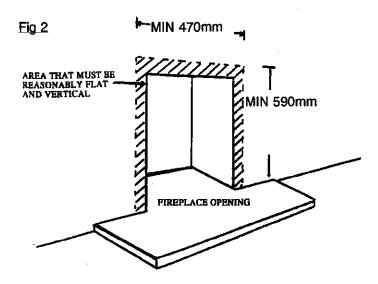
The flue shall have an effective height of no less than 3 metres, measured from the base of the hearth to the top of the flue terminal. There should be no other openings in the fireplace or flue other than the catchment opening and the flue terminal to allow the dispersion of flue gasses.

This appliance must be only be installed on a non-combustible wall with a flat area 30mm wide minimum required around face of opening onto which the frame of the appliance can be sealed, see fig 2:

This appliances requires a hearth which must be constructed of non combustible material and be of the minimum dimensions given in fig 1:



Additionally the hearth must be at least 12mm thick and the top surface should be not less than 50mm above the surrounding floor level or have a fixed fender 50mm high, surrounding the hearth.



SITE REQUIREMENTS Continued

The surface upon which the appliance is to stand must be flat and level with the surface of any decorative hearth fitted in front of opening. This appliance is suitable for use with a non combustible fireplace inset (such as marble set) so long as it is correctly sealed to the wall. A wooden shelf may be fitted above the fire so as it complies with the dimensions of those given below:

MAX depth Minimum distance from inside edge of shelf of fire frame to underside of shelf 100mm (4in) 203mm (8in) 305mm (12in) 203mm (8in) 356mm (14in)

A non combustible shelf may be fitted to within 10mm of the top edge of the fire frame.

Combustible material (such as wood) may be fitted to within 100mm (4in) of either side of the frame of the box so long as it projects no further forward than 100mm (4in).

As with all heating appliances, decorations, soft furnishing and wall coverings (Including flock vinyl, blown vinyl and enbossed paper) positioned too near the appliance may discolour or scorch.

The catchment opening must be level and swept clean prior to installation.

COMPONENT CHECK LIST

QTY	<u>ITEM</u>
1	Fire tray
1	Bag of trayfilla
5	Bags of coals (4 BAGS LARGE, 1 BAG SMALL TOTAL 26 COALS)
1	Set of manufacturer's instructions (two parts)
1	8mm appliance fixing elbow
1	Convector box
1	Grommet
1	Three part brass frame (Top, Left side and Right side)
1	Front fret and ash pan cover

VENTILATION

In accordance with BS 5871 part 2, an appliance having a maximum heat input of 6.8kW requires no pupose provided ventilation.

(This requirement may be different if more than one gas appliance is installed into the same room or space.)

CONVECTION BOX INSTALLATION

ENSURE THAT THE GAS SUPPLY IS ISSOLATED BEFORE YOU COMMENCE INSTALLATION OF APPLIANCE.

Having prepared the installation site as detailed on pages 2 through 4, remove the Convector box from its carton. With a dust sheet or similar laid out on the floor, stand the Convector box in front of you, unclip the three section brass frame (if fitted) starting with the top, by carefully pulling the inside edge forward then unhooking the outside edge. Place the frame, the firetray, trayfilla and coals safely to one side where they won't get damaged.

A knock out hole is provided in the rear of the box for use where concealed pipework is required. Knock out the hole and fit the rubber grommet supplied in the bag with these instructions (unless already factory fitted). A hole can be pierced through the grommet with something like a screwdriver. The hole made should be just sufficient to push the 8mm supply pipe through.

Protect any decorative hearth to avoid scratching while pushing the box in and out of the opening.

Before running the gas supply into the fire opening, offer up the box making sure it fits the opening, is sitting square onto the hearth and that the frame sits flat onto the opening return or against the decorative non-combustible infill pannnel of the fireplace. When you are sure that everything is going to fit, mark with a felt tip pen or similar, where the two fixing holes appear in the front base of the box, allowing for the thickness of the sealing material.

Remove the box from the opening and drill the marked holes with a 6mm masonry bit to a depth of at least 40mm. Insert plugs.

If you have chosen to have a concealed gas pipe then this should be run into the opening now. The fireplace opening end of the conduit through which the gas pipe has been run should be sealed. Also the end of the 8mm supply pipe should be protected to prevent any debris getting in whilst installation of box is underway.

Apply chosen sealing material to the back edge of the frame. Ensuring the seal will be continuous with no gaps at corners or at base. Some makes of non-setting fire putty contain oils that can migrate and stain some types of fireplace infills, in particular natural marble. It is recommended to use a heat resistant, self adhesive, foam sealing strip for installations where staining may be a problem. This strip can be applied to the front edge of the fireplace opening or the back of the box frame.

Offer the box back up to the fire opening being careful to feed the supply pipe through the grommet if concealed pipework has been chosen.

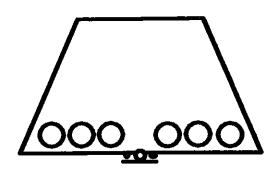
Align the fixing holes in base of box with the plugs already placed into the holes drilled in hearth and ensure an air tight seal will result between the frame and the surface it is fitted against, visually check to see if any obvious gaps are showing, refit as necessary to eliminate any gaps in the seal.

Brass frame can now be replaced over outer frame of box. Clip the two side sections on first then the top last, hooking the outer edge over the outside edge of frame then pushing in the inside edge. You may prefer to leave this until after the fire has been installed, thereby reducing the possibility of marking the polished surfaces.

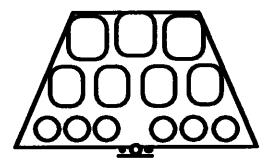
Remove any protective plastic film on brass before commissioning fire.

INSTALLATION of FIRE TRAY

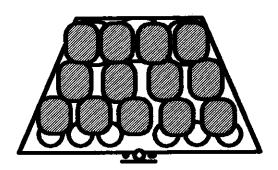
Place tray into base of convector box. If a concealed gas supply has been incorporated into the installation of the convector box, ensure the 8mm supply pipe is in the correct position to locate with the gas inlet (centre front below tray). The holes in the front two legs of tray should line up with those in the base of the box and the ones already drilled and plugged into the hearth.



First place the six small coals along front edge of the tray in two blocks of three, taking care to leave a 25mm flame gap in the centre for the pilot flame.



Place seven of the large coals behind the previously placed coals as shown above. Take care to space these evenly to ensure optimum flame picture.



Place the remaining 13 large coals as shown above. The central four coals must locate directly over the four coals of the first layer.

Secure tray (through holes in front feet) into place with two suitable round head screws.

With the tray secured in place, Connect the 8mm copper pipe from your adjacent gas supply point to the appliance with the elbow suplied. Some form of isolation device must be fitted alongside and between the appliance and adjacent gas supply, to facilitate removal of box during service. Gas inlet point to tray is located in the front centre beneath the tray. Remove protective plastic cap from inlet point before atempting to fit elbow. The appliance may be fitted with rigid or semi rigid pipe being 8mm in diameter. Please ensure you use as small a run of 8mm pipe as possible, as an excessive 8mm pipe run could result in pressure drop.

Carefully open the bag of trayfilla and pour carefully into the tray to approx. half full, ensuring no trayfilla is spilt into the pilot. Carefully spread the trayfilla with your hand and tap the tray front and the trayfilla level may drop. Now fill the tray full to the brim with the remainder of the trayfilla and spread evenly ensuring you do not compact the trayfilla down by pressing too hard.

The coals are now ready to be laid. Take the bags of coals and open them up onto a dust sheet. Check the coals for damage, some dust may flake off the coals, this is not unusual. Now lay the coals as shown below. Please ensure you use only the coals and trayfilla supplied with this fire, or for replacement purposes, those supplied by the manufacturer. Please ensure also that you use the correct amount of coals on the fire as directed by these instructions, as too many or too few coals could alter the performance of the appliance.

Coals must be kept clear of pilot leaving space for it to light the fire bed.

An open arangement of the coals will give a better effect allowing more of the glowing heart to show through.

First layer of coals must not touch each other, a gap must be left between each coal to enable the entire fire bed to light. Poping may occur if an area of fire bed is isolated by coals being placed too close together.

NOTE.

When new coals or trayfiler are used, a newness smell may be evident. This smell should burn off after aproximately 30 minutes. However if smells persist the installation should be checked by a competent person.

TESTING & COMMISSIONING

Turn on and test the gas supply for any leaks, test the fire tray and its supplies for leaks with an electronic gas sniffer or soapy solution and a brush.

When this appliance is first used the protective oils coating the heat exchanger will burn off. It is advisable to ventilate the room during this period (up to one hour).

Lighting the pilot

Push in and turn the control knob to the spark position and hold there for a couple of seconds to allow the gas to come through. Now continue turning anti clockwise through the spark click to the pilot position and ensuring the pilot has lit,keep the control knob pressed in for approximately 10 seconds. Now release the knob and the pilot should stay alight,if the pilot is extinguished wait 3 minutes before repeating procedure. To achieve the high position push in the control knob slightly and continue turning anti clockwise to the high position and the main burner should ignite in approx. 3 seconds,to achieve the low position keep the control knob pressed in and continue turning in the anti clockwise movement to the low position. To turn to the pilot position from the high or low setting press the control knob in and turn the knob clockwise to the pilot position and release, to turn the fire to the off position keep the knob pressed in and continue turning to the off position and release.

Setting pressure

Remove the screw from the pressure test point, which is situated at the front centre beneath the tray and connect your pressure gauge. Light the fire and compare the pressure to that stated on page 2 of these instructions. If the pressure measured is within the tolerance stated, then the gas installation is satisfactory. The fire is manufactured and preset to achieve these setting pressures and there is no means of adjustment on the fire. Remove your pressure gauge and replace the screw in the pressure test point. Light the fire and check the pressure test point for gas soundness.

Spark failure

The gap between the spark electrode and the pilot should be 4mm +/- 10% to produce a good spark,if the gap is larger there is some movement tolerance in the fixing bracket to achieve the correct spark gap. In the event of a defective igniter the pilot can be lit manually by repeating the lighting procedure except when you turn the control knob through the spark to the pilot position light the pilot with a taper.

Testing for Spillage

Close all doors and windows to the room containing the appliance. When the fire has been running on high for at leaast five minutes, take a smoke match, light it and hold it at the top edge of the fire opening below the smoke hood, running it slowly across the entire width of opening. all the smoke from the match should be drawn back into the fire and up the flue, none should spill back into the room. If test fails, try again after fire has been running on full for a further ten minutes. When the test has been completed satisfactorily, repeat again with doors and windows open together with any extractor fans fitted to the premises switched on to highest extract setting.

ANY SPILLAGE DETECTED BY THE ABOVE PROCEDURE MAY INDICATE THERE IS A FAULT IN THE FLUE OR INSUFFICIENT VENTILATION IS PRESENT. If the problem coannot be rectified immediately then expert advice advice should be sought and the problem rectified before allowing continued use of appliance. Disconnect the appliance from the gas supply and inform the user of the problem. Label the appliance accordingly.

Briefing the customer

After completion of the commissioning the customer should then be instructed on the safe use of the fire. Advise the customer that the flue should be checked on an annual basis and the fire serviced regularly. Frequency of service will depend on usage of the appliance but once a year should meet this requirement.

BOTH USER AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION BOOKS MUST BE GIVEN TO THE USER.

SERVICING

Ensure that the gas is isolated to the fire and that the fire is sufficiently cold to work on. Disconnect the fire from the fixing elbow and unscrew the two fixing screws through the front feet. Carefully remove all of the coals and store in a safe place and remove the fire tray.

Removing the pilot

Remove the pilot cover plate at the front of the fire, loosen the two hexagonal bolts securing the bracket and remove the front of the bracket and the bolts. The pilot head and neck will swivel off.

Emptying the tray

Carefully remove all of the coals and store in a safe place. Examine them for breakages or splitting, if any are defective replace only with replacements from the manufacturer. Empty all of the trayfilla into a bag ensuring that the vast majority of it is still in large pieces and has not turned to a fine dust. If approx. more than a quarter of the trayfilla has turned to dust then replace with trayfilla from the manufacturer

Removing the Control Tap

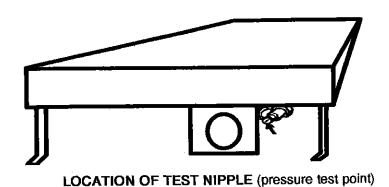
Remove the control tap knob and turn the tray upside down. Swivel out the spillage test badge and undo the 3 gas supply unions. Undo the thermocouple nut at the back of the valve and disconnect the HT. lead from the electrode. Undo the back nut securing the control valve to the locating bracket and the control valve will slide back and out.

Removing convection box

With fire tray already disconnected and removed from box. Protect hearth with dust sheet or similar. Twist off the brass frame sections starting with the top. Ease inside edge forward then unhook the outer edge. When all three brass frame sections are removed the four retaining screws can be removed and the box can be slid forward being careful to not scratch hearth, inspect the rubble collection area behind. Clear out any debris, If debris is excessive the flue should be checked and smoke tested for leaks, repair as indicated before appliance is used again.

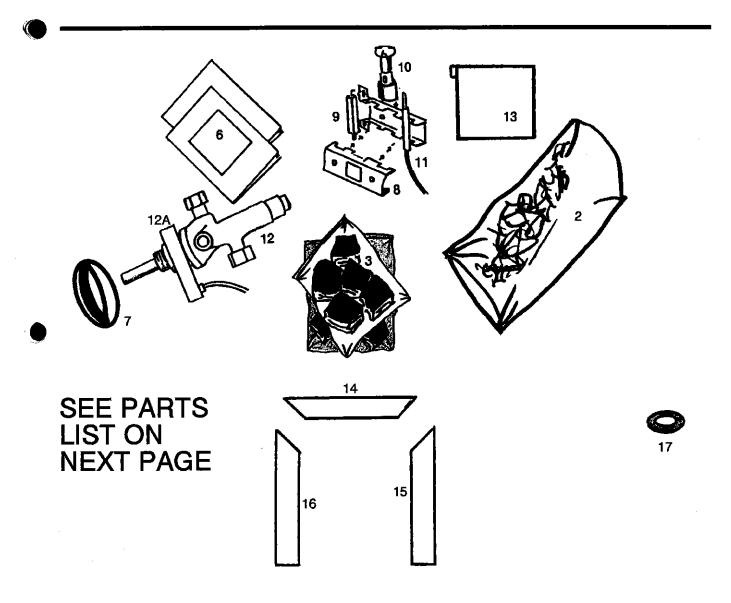
Check seal around frame, replace as required. After refitting box ensure the grommet around concealed gas pipe is in tact, replace if dammaged or deformed. **DO NOT** use the appliance if this hole is open without a grommet fitted.

After carrying out any service work always ensure you test for gas leaks before relighting the fire.



Order of servicing procedure

- 1) Lay out your dust sheet and tools
- 2) Ensure the fire is cold and the gas isolated
- 3)Disconnect and remove the fire
- 4)Remove convection box and check rubble collection space, clear and refit box.
- 5)Close all doors & windows, turn on any extractor fans (full extract) in room and smoke test the flue
- 6) Strip down the fire, clean & check all integral parts, replace where indicated with manufacturers parts
- 7) Ease and grease tap if required
- 8) Re-assemble and refit fire securely into position
- 9) Reconnect and turn on gas supply and test all joints for gas soundness
- 10)Check fire for operational efficiency and check pressures
- 11)Test for spillage.



PARTS LIST

KEY No's	MAKERS Pt. No.	DESCRIPTION	G.C. No's	QUANTITY Per FIRE
1	400T904	Control Assy complete (Inc. Key No's 7 to 12)	178 513	One
2	400T810	Trayfilla		One
.3	400T913	Large coals 5 per Bag	178 510	Five
3		Small coals 6 per Bag		One
6	400C811	Instructions INSTALLATION		One
6	400C812	Instructions USERS		One
7	400T017	Control Knob 178 505		One
8	400T008	Pilot Bracket Assembly	178 501	One
9	400T007	Electrode	378 195	One ·
10	400T005	Pilot Assembly	178 535	One
11	400T006	Thermocouple	378 193	One
12	400T016	Control valve	378 1 9 2	One
12A	400T018	Spark Generator	378 1 9 4	One
13	400T915	Pilot Cover Plate	178 512	One
14	400H007	Brass frame TOP	178 522	One
15	400H009	Brass frame RIGHT	178 524	One
16	400H008	Brass frame LEFT	178 523	One
17	400H002	Grommet	178 517	One

FOCAL POINT FIRES plc

USER INSTRUCTIONS FOR REALITY CONVECTOR COAL EFFECT GAS FIRE

ALL INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE HANDED TO THE USER FOR SAFE KEEPING

Revision A May 1993

To the customer

Annual checking of the flue and regular servicing of the fire is recommended to ensure continued safe use. Frequency of service will depend on usage of the appliance but once a year should meet this requirement.

IMPORTANT NOTES

The installation of this fire must only be carried out by a competent person and in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations (as amended) of 1984, the relevant British Standards Codes of practice, the building regulations and the manufacturers installation instructions. Failure to comply with these recommendations could lead to prosecution and invalidate the warranty.

Please ensure you are handed all of the manufacturer's documents on completion of the installation. Keep a note of the installers name and address for future reference. Always use the fire in complete accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The flue system should be checked at least once a year to ensure there is no excessive build up of soot and to ensure the continued safe clearance of the products of combustion. Parts of this appliance become naturally hot during normal use, it is therefore recommended that a suitable fireguard conforming to BS6539 or BS6778 be used, especially where young children, the elderly and the infirm are concerned.

Combustible items such as flooring, furniture, and soft wall coverings (i.e. blown vinyls and embossed paper) may scorch or discolour if placed too close to the fire. Do not use this fire as a drying appliance. No combustible materials or flooring should protrude onto or be placed on the hearth.

Do not use the fire with the coals fitted in any other position than that shown on page 6 of installation instructions, nor with any of the coals missing. Use only the coals that are supplied for use with this fire. Do not burn any foreign material on this fire. Do not use more coals than those supplied.

Before the appliance is installed the flue should be swept and tested to ensure there are no obstructions in the flue or any defects that may prevent the unobstructed flow of the products of combustion. Any purpose provided ventilation should be checked periodically to ensure it is free from obstruction (not usually needed with this appliance). Do not use a vacuum cleaner on the fire as the suction may take some of the trayfilla out of the tray. If the pilot or fire is extinguished for any reason do not relight for 3 minutes. When first used this fire may give off an unusual flame picture and smell, this is quite normal and after approximately 30 minutes the smell should cease and the fire burn a warm golden colour.

DATA INFORMATION

For data information please refer to the data badge located in the front left hand corner behind the ash pan cover. You may find it usefull to make a note of the model and appliance serial number in the back of this book.

SHELVES

A wooden shelf may be fitted above the fire so long as it complies with the dimensions given below:

Maximum depth

Minimum distance from inside edge of

of shelf

fire frame to underside of shelf

100mm(4")

203mm(8")

150mm(6")

305mm(12")

203mm(8")

356mm(14")

A non-combustible shelf may be fitted to within 10mm of the edge of the frame surrounding the fire. Combustible material(such as wood)may be fitted to within 100mm (4") of either side of the opening so long as it does not project more than 100mm (4").

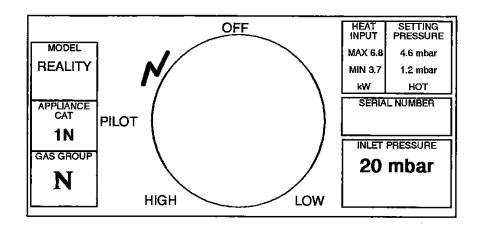
HOW TO OPERATE YOUR CONVECTOR FIRE

The control knob is situated in the bottom left hand corner behind the ash pan door along with the data information badge.

This fire incorporates a thermo electric flame supervision device, which means that in the event of the pilot going out the gas will automatically be shut off to the fire and prevent any gas build up. The control valve offers a variety of settings from off, ignition, pilot, high & low. The pilot is situated in the front centre of the tray

To operate the fire first ensure the gas supply is turned on. Press the black control knob in and turn anti clockwise to the spark position and keep pressed in for a few seconds to allow the gas to come through, then turn through the click and the pilot should light. Having confirmed that the pilot is alight (can be seen front centre of fire bed), keep the control knob pressed in for approx ten seconds and release, the pilot should stay alight. If it has not repeat the procedure. Now press the control knob in a short way and continue turning anti clockwise to the high position and the main gas should ignite after approximately 2 seconds, to achieve the low position press in slightly and continue turning anti clockwise to the low setting. To turn back to the pilot from the low or high setting just press the control knob in and turn the knob clockwise to the pilot position and release. To turn the fire to the off position press the control knob in and turn clockwise to the off position at the top. See fig 1 for control setting markings. If for any reason the fire goes out, wait for three minutes before re-lighting.

CONTROL FASCIA MARKINGS & DATA PANEL Fig 1

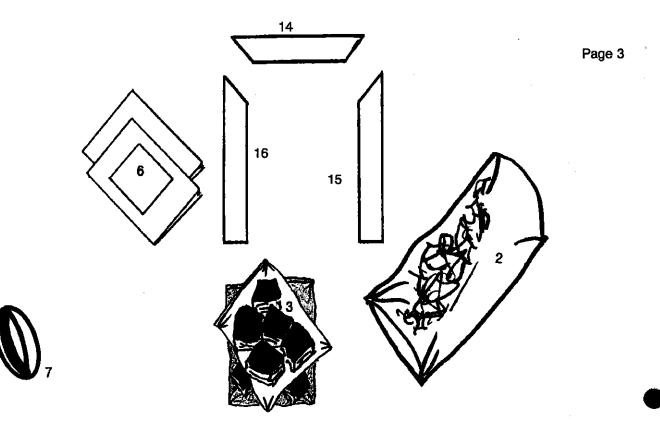


USER CLEANING

TURN CONTROL TO OFF AND ENSURE FIRE IS COOL BEFORE COMMENCING ANY CLEANING. Debris from the chimney or other sources and any soot that may form on the firebed should, from time to time, be removed by a competent person. It is quite normal for some soot to form on coals during normal use and enhances the natural appearance. Do not use a vacuum cleaner on or near the fire to avoid trayfilla being sucked into the vacuum. Soot can be removed from coals with a soft brush. Never attempt to wash coals in water. New coals may give off a smell when first burned, this should only last about half an hour. If smell persists, have the installation checked.

No coals or trayfilla should come into contact with the pilot, and a 25mm gap should be left between the front of the pilot and the coals. To clean the coals and the tray bed first ensure that the gas is turned off and the fire is cold, Place a piece of cloth over pilot to protect it, then carefully remove the coals and place them on a dust sheet out of the way. Check the coals for damage or splitting and replace as necessary. Coals may be carefully brushed with a soft brush. If soot has settled on the tray bed, carefully scrape off a sufficient layer of trayfilla to ensure no more soot is mixed with the remaining trayfilla. The tray should be filled to the brim with trayfilla, top up if necessary and spread evenly with your hand being careful not to compress the trayfilla. Replace the coals as shown on page 6 of installation instructions. Finally remove the cloth covering the pilot. Do not use more coals than originally supplied as this could affect the safe operation of the fire. Use only the correct number of coals as supplied and specified by the manufacturer.

Brass frame can be removed for cleaning with a suitable product. Unclip top section first, easing inside edge forward then un-hook the outer edge. Side sections can now be removed in the same way. Once cleaned, replace frame sides first then the top frame section last.



PARTS LIST

KEY No I	MAKERS Pt. No.	DESCRIPTION	G.C. No.	QUANTITY
2	400T910	Vermiculite tray filla	178 511	one
3	400T913	Large coals 5 per bag	178 510	four
3	*	Small coals 6 per bag		one
6	400C811	Instruction INSTALLATION	178 528	one
	400C812	Instruction USERS	178 529	one
7	400T017	Control knob	178 505	one
14	400H007	Brass frame TOP	178 522	one
15	400H009	Brass frame RIGHT	178 524	one
16	400H008	Brass frame LEFT	178 523	one

REALITY Convector Coal effect Gas Fire

Please write in the following for future reference:-

DATE OF PURCHASE	 	
SERIAL NUMBER		

SERVICING

For continued safe use this appliance should be serviced regularly. Frequency of service will depend on usage but once a year should meet this requirement.

FOCAL POINT FIRES pic AVON TRADING PARK, CHRISTCHURCH, DORSET BH23 2BT

TELEPHONE HELP LINE 0202 499330