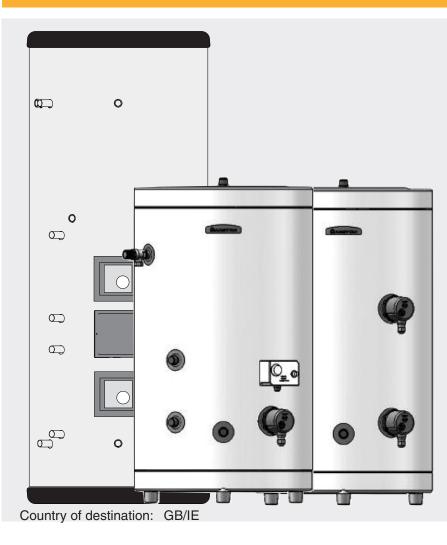


Instructions for Installation, Servicing and Use

# Unvented Hot Water Storage Cylinders









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1. The Benchmark Scheme Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heatinmg and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme. Visit *www.centralheating.co.uk* for more information.

#### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION This manual is an integral and essential part of the product. It should be kept with the appliance so that it can be consulted by the user and/or authorised personnel.

Please read carefully the instructions and notices about the appliance contained in this manual, as they provide important information regarding the safe installation, use and maintenance of the cylinder. Failure to do so may invalidate the guarantee.

When installing and servicing the cylinder, Ariston Thermo UK Ltd recommend the use of protective clothing i.e. gloves.

GUARANTEE The Ariston range of unvented cylinders come with varying guarantees depending on the model of cylinder. The guarantee periods offered with each model of cylinder are as follows:

ST Range	-	10 Years tank 2 Years electrical components
Classico HE Range	-	5 Years tank 2 Years electrical components
Aquabravo Range	-	25 Years tank 2 Years electrical components

Note: The guarantee is subject to the cylinder being installed and serviced annually by a competent person as per the maintenance instructions in Section 5.6 of this manual. For units with the ProTech anti-corrosion device it must be ensured that this is connected and operating correctly (green LED only).

## 2.2 How the Appliance Works

2.1

The immersion heater(s) are controlled through a thermostat which senses the water temperature. The operating temperature can be pre-set by adjusting the spindle in the head of the thermostat. In addition to the thermostat there is a thermal cut-out incorporated if the thermostat fails and the water temperature rises too high. Once the cut-out operates it can only be re-set manually after the fault has been rectified.

Indirect models have dual thermal controls. In addition to the above there is a separate cylinder thermostat and thermal cut-out for controlling each indirect circuit. Again the thermal cut-out operates if the cylinder thermostat fails, by disconnecting the live feed (call for hot water) from the programmer.

ITI/ITD/ITSI models have a stainless steel tank and therefore need no protection against corrosion.

STD/STI models have an enamelled steel tank and therefore are supplied with magnesium anodes to prevent corrosion of the cylinder tank. It is imperative that the top anode is checked during the annual service and if found to be corroded both anodes should be replaced. Failure to do so will invalidate the warranty of the tank.

The *Wall-hung* (ST) units utilise the *ProTech* anti-corrosion system (electronic anode). This prevents an electrolytic reaction between the tank and dissimilar metals. The ProTech system shows if it is operating correctly (green LED) or incorrectly (red LED). In the event that the red LED lights (even with the green light still showing), it is imperative that a service agent is contacted immediately as continued use with the ProTech system in this state could invalidate the warranty on the tank.

Note: Do not use a water softner on products with the ProTech anti-corrosion system.

The factory fitted temperature & pressure relief valve at the top of the cylinder is a safety device to back-up the thermostat(s) and thermal cutout(s). It works by sensing an excess in water temperature or pressure and releasing the hot water into a discharge tundish and drain.

The cylinder will only work in the vertical position. The inlet pipe needs to deliver cold water to the bottom of the tank. When water is heated it expands. To accommodate this increase in volume an expansion vessel is provided. A cold water combination valve is also provided in two pieces, loose jointed for ease of installation. These comprise a combined line strainer/pressure reducing valve and core non-return valve/expansion relief valve.

# 2.3 DELIVERY The Ariston range of Unvented Cylinders are available in the following options:

The *Wall-hung ProTech* cylinder (100 litre model), which is supplied as follows;

One box containing;

1) The cylinder with factory fitted temperature & pressure relief valve, immersion heater and thermostat with thermal cut-out.

One box containing;

 Unvented control pack (expansion vessel, 2 piece cold water combination valve and tundish), instructions for installation, servicing and use including the Benchmark Log Book).

The *STD* and *STI* floor standing range (125, 150, 200, 300 and 500 litre models) and the ITD and ITI floor standing range (80\*, 130, 150, 215, 255\* and 305 litre models) are supplied as follows;

One box containing;

- 1) The cylinder with factory fitted temperature & pressure relief valve, immersion heater(s) and thermostat(s) with thermal cut-out(s), cylinder thermostat with thermal cut-out (indirect only).
- 2) Unvented control pack (expansion vessel, 2 piece cold water combination valve and tundish), motorised valve (indirect only, non-high temperature), expansion vessel mounting bracket, instructions for installation, servicing and use including the Benchmark Log Book.

The *ITSI* twin coil floor standing range (215, 255 and 305 litre models) are supplied with the following;

One box containing;

- 1) The Cylinder with factory fitted temperature & pressure relief valve, immersion heater and thermostat with thermal cut-out, cylinder thermostats with thermal cut-outs.
- 2) Unvented control pack (expansion vessel, 2 piece cold water combination valve and tundish), 1 x motorised valves (non-high temperature), expansion vessel mounting bracket, instructions for installation, servicing and use including the Benchmark Log Book.

- *3. INSTALLATION* The appliance should be installed in accordance with the Domestic Heating Compliance Guide.
- **3.1 WATER REGULATIONS** These regulations (byelaws in Scotland) ensure a good supply of wholesome water, and that only approved materials, pipes and fittings are used to convey water.

**3.2 BUILDING REGULATIONS** These are a statutory document and take priority over all other regulations and recommendations. The installation of an unvented hot water storage cylinder is classified as a "Controlled Service" and Regulation G3 applies (England & Wales. For Scotland, NI and ROI, local Building Regulations apply). To meet the requirements of the Regulation, installation of an unvented system should be undertaken by a "competent installer". All installations of unvented hot water storage systems having a capacity of more than 15 litres should be notified to the relevant Local Authority by means of building notice or by the submission of full plans. It is important to note that it is a criminal offense to install an unvented hot water storage

**3.3 GENERAL GUIDANCE** Current guidance notes do not cover the connection of a solar thermal circuit to an unvented storage vessel (cylinder). However, if guidance is sought for compliance with current regulations the fundamental principle is to provide a failsafe means of shutting off the solar input to the heat exchanger if the cylinder temperature should rise above the set temperature

Legionella Code of Practice.

of the cylinder's energy cut out. (See Note 1). As with all unvented hot water systems, notification of intention to install should be given to your local building control.

system without notifying the Local Authority. The installation of the unvented cylinder and hot water system must comply with BS 6700 and the HSE

**Option A.** A non self resetting mechanical shut-off should be installed on the solar primary flow to the cylinder. The mechanical shut-off should be suitable for use with a solar primary circuit (i.e. high temperature and glycol resistant). The mechanical shut-off should be integrated electrically with the cylinder energy cut out/s and if necessary the solar circuit temperature control, please refer to the solar controller manufacturer for further information.

**Option B.** Where the solar controller and hydraulic system demonstrate that by no lesser means the requirement in Option A is satisfied by other means; certification by an approvals body is required to demonstrate that in the event of the stored water going over temperature, the heat input to the cylinder is isolated by physical means and is non self resetting.

These systems should be clearly identified with reference to the approvals body. (See Note 2)

Note 1 : Whilst most solar cylinders use a coil type heat exchanger other options such as external plate to plate devices , external annulars or 'tank in tank' systems may be used but the same control options always apply.

Note 2 : Current approved bodies include the British Board of Agrement (BBA) , WRc-NSF Limited, or KIWA

3.4 COLD WATER SUPPLY

The strainer prevents any debris entering the other controls. The pressure reducer ensures the correct operation of the expansion vessel, and prevents any damage to the control valves through too great a pressure.

The non-return valve ensures the water expansion is forced into the expansion vessel and prevents contamination of the mains cold water supply. The expansion relief valve will discharge expanded water to the discharge tundish if the expansion vessel fails.

It is important to ensure that the cold water main is capable of supplying the increased demand which will be imposed on it. Hot and cold water are both drawn off the same source of supply. Remember, there will not be a storage tank to help compensate for variations in the demand on the system.

A minimum dynamic pressure of 1.5 bar or 20 litres per minute is required for satisfactory operation. 85% of UK dwellings have a mains pressure above 2.0 bar.

#### NOTE: THE MAINS WATER SUPPLY MUST NOT EXCEED 16 BAR.

The cylinder should be left packed until it is time to install. When unpacking the appliance follow the guidelines within the packaging and take care not to damage the temperature and pressure relief valve, thermostats and immersion heaters.

The cylinder may be installed in any convenient position. As it is connected to the mains cold water supply. Consideration must be given to allow ease of access and space for removal of components for maintenance purposes.

Additionally, do not install the unit in premises which may be subject to freezing.

Ensure that the floor load bearing strength is adequate to take the weight of the cylinder when full of water (see **TABLE 1**). e.g. **Do not** install the cylinder on floors made of chipboard or other flooring where the mechanical strength is compromised when damp.

The ST100 *ProTech* models are wall mounted. All other models are free standing.

#### All units must be installed in the VERTICAL POSITION.

For maintenance purposes leave at least 500 mm free space in front of the unit, for access.

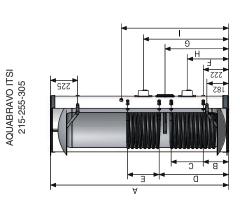
**Note:** On Indirect models, ensure a balancing valve is fitted on the return pipework from the cylinder coil.

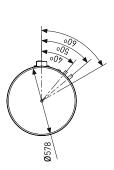
**IMPORTANT:** In the event that the installation of this cylinder wil require a third sensor to be fitted (i.e. Solar) please also refer to Section 3.3 General Guidance **Options A and B** (page 5) of this manual.

For further technical advice, please contact the Ariston Technical Advice Line on 0870 241 8180.

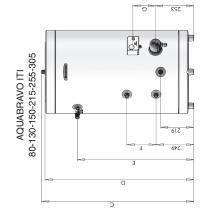
T ABLE 1	Weight	When Full Kg	141 129	158 190 245 625 166	201 256 641
		_ ۲			
C20 mm 052 A B B B B B B B B B B B B B		-			
		т			241 241 241 244 -
Classico HE STD 500 Classico HE STD 500 Classico HE STD 500		۵		281 281 281 259 -	281 281 259 -
		ш	560	550 550 550 600 714	550 550 550 600 714
, →	Dimensions in mm	ш	575		
	Dimer		230		641 781 781 784 700
Classico HE STI 125-150-210-300		U	200	1024 1182 1498 1792 1870	1024 1182 1498 1792 1870
		B	175	763 921 1237 1540 335	763 921 1237 1540 335
, c		A	550	666 806 956 1199 1390	666 806 956 1199 1390
Classico HE STD 125-150-210-300	Coil	Surface - m²			0.75 0.9 0.9 1.5
	Units Pipe Size	Inlet Outlet	3/4"	3/4" Male 3/4" Male 3/4" Male 3/4" Male 1" Male	3/4" Male 3/4" Male 3/4" Male 3/4" Male 1" Male
STPOIL TOULD STREAM	Storade	Capacity	100	25   150   200   300   500	125   150   200   500   500
	Model		DIRECT RANGE Wall-hung ST 100 ProTech	Classico HE STD 125 Classico HE STD 126 Classico HE STD 300 Classico HE STD 300 Classico HE STD 500	INDIRECT RANGE Classico HE STI 125 Classico HE STI 150 Classico HE STI 210 Classico HE STI 300 Classico HE STI 300

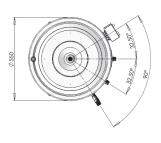
Weight When Full	Кg		154 181	253 360	66	152	176	252	362 362	270	315 370	
	-									1116	1029 1167	
	т		353 431	802 1307						531	531 531	
	σ				125	149	149	172	172	711	711 711	
шш	ш				109	193	193	263	263	346	348 348	
Dimensions in mm	ш		768 896	1295	476	768	896	1295	1839	263	263 263	
Dime	٥		981 1109	1508 2052	689	981	1109	1508	2052	580	580 580	
	U		1003 1131	1530 2074	711	1003	1131	1530	2074	268	268 268	
	۵							•		213	213 213	
	A							•		1485	1753 2029	
Coil	2 Z				0.54	0.54	0.54	0.75	0.75	0.75 / 1.1	0.75/1.1 0.75/1.1	
Units Pipe Size Surface	Inlet Outlet		Ø 22mm Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm	Ø 22mm Ø 22mm	
Storage	Capacity		130   150	215 I 305 I	80	1051	150	2151	3051	2151	2551 3051	
		DIRECT RANGE	AQUABRAVO ITD 130 AQUABRAVO ITD 150	AQUABRAVO ITD 215 AQUABRAVO ITD 305	INDIRECT RANGE AQUABRAVO ITI 80	AQUABRAVO ITI 130	AQUABRAVO ITI 150	AQUABRAVOITI 215	AQUABRAVO ITI 305	TWIN COIL RANGE AQUABRAVO ITSI 215 (top/bottom)	AQUABRAVO ITSI 255 (top/bottom) AQUABRAVO ITSI 305 (top/bottom)	

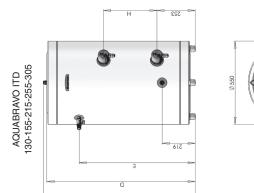


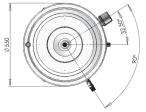












## 3.8 CONNECTION OF MAINS WATER SUPPLY

For floor standing models:

On the front of the unit there is a label to identify the connection ports. Please check this before making any connection to the unit.

For units up to 300 litres it is recommended that all mains cold water supply pipe work is a minimum of 22mm. For 500 litre models the supply should be 28mm. An isolating valve should be installed between the cold water supply and the cylinder for servicing. ALL PIPEWORK MUST BE FLUSHED TO AVOID DAMAGE TO THE CONTROL VALVES.

Please refer to Figs. 3.1 - 3.7 for a suggested installation layout.

Draining taps must be located in acessible postions to permit the draining of the whole cylinder. The taps must be a minimal size of at least 15mm nominal size (preferably 22mm), and manufactured in accordance with BS 2879:1980.

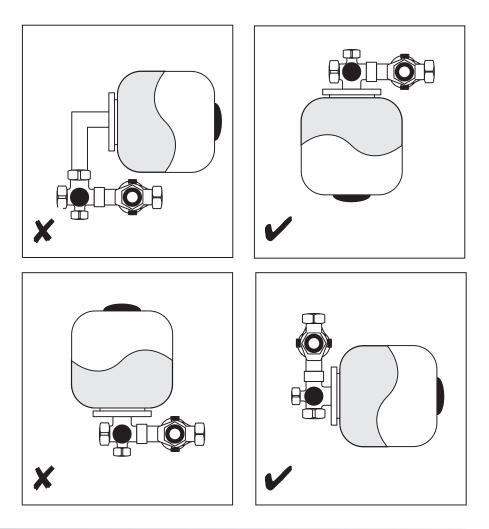
When installing the expansion vessel Ariston recommend it be connected directly to the combination valve (see Figs 3.9 - 3.10).

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:-**

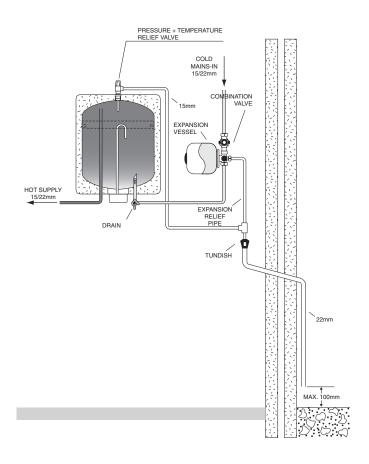
When installing the expansion vessel,  $\underline{\text{po NOT}}$  install the expansion vessel vertically as air can become trapped in the expansion vessel resulting in noise.

Do not use a flexible hose to connect the expansion vessel. This must be hard piped in order to avoid vibration.

See below for acceptable installation practices.



## STD 125-150-210-300 DIRECT



COLD MAINS-IN 22mm

¢

ZONE

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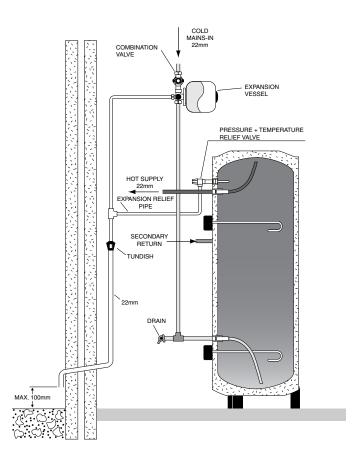
1

EXPANSION VESSEL

PRESSURE + TEMPERATURE RELIEF VALVE

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## Fig. 3.1



COMBINATION VALVE

HOT SUPPLY

SECONDARY RETURN

DRAIN

Þ

TUNDISH

FLOW

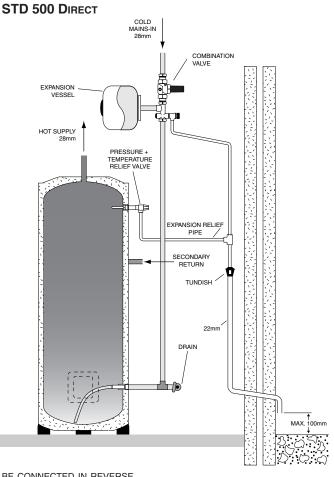
RETURN

22mr

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Note: Flow and R



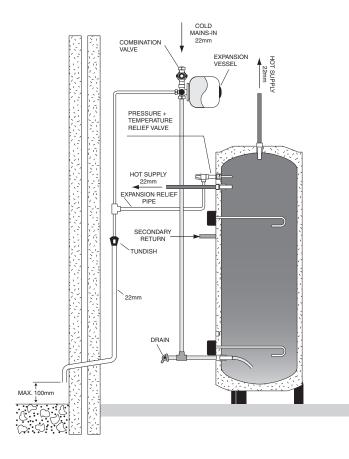
MAX. 100mm

NOTE: FLOW AND RETURN PIPES MAY BE CONNECTED IN REVERSE TO THAT SHOWN IN THE DIAGRAMS FOR INDIRECT CYLINDERS.

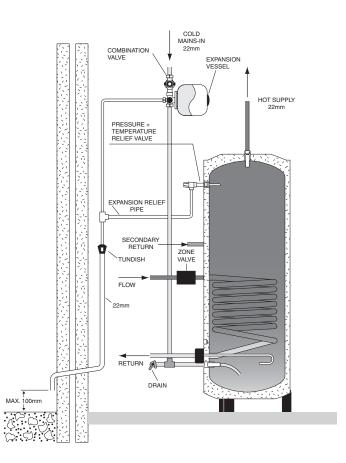
FIG. 3.4

FIG. 3.2

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## ITI 80-130-150-215-255-305 INDIRECT



## Fig. 3.5

Fig. 3.6

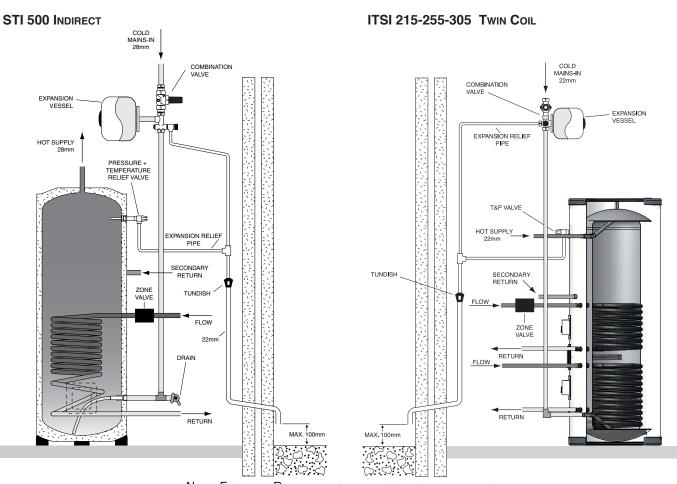


Fig. 3.7

NOTE: FLOW AND RETURN PIPES MAY BE CONNECTED IN REVERSE TO THAT SHOWN IN THE DIAGRAMS FOR INDIRECT CYLINDERS.

FIG. 3.8

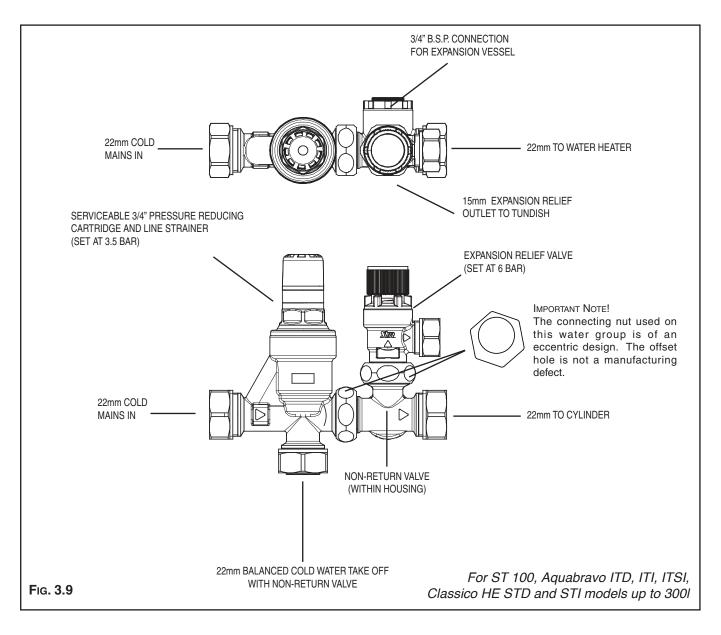
## 3.9 COLD WATER COMBINATION VALVE

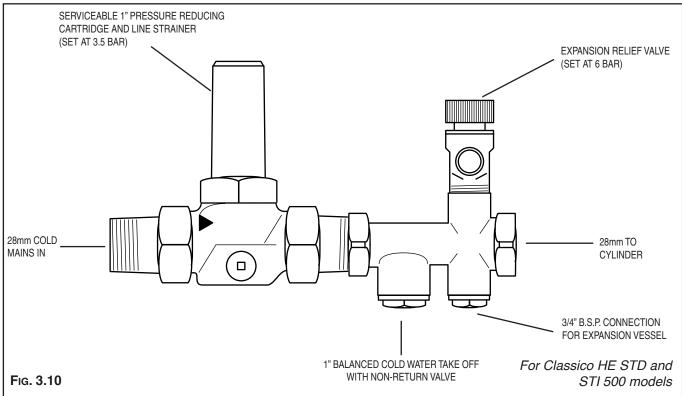
The cold water combination valve may be fitted in close proximity to the cylinder, or alternatively, it may be separated to allow the pressure reducing valve where the mains supply enters the property allowing for balanced cold water throughout the whole property whilst the 6 bar safety valve is fitted in close proximity to the cylinder.

A balancing port is supplied on the 22mm and 28mm valves allowing balanced cold water supply to the rest of the building giving constant results for mixer and shower valves. If the facility is not needed a plug is supplied. Refer to Fig. 3.9 and Fig. 3.10

## Note!

THERE SHOULD BE NO OTHER VALVES FITTED BETWEEN THE CYLINDER AND THE EXPANSION VALVE.





3.10	CONNECTION TO SERVICES	It is recommended that a 22mm pipe run should supply the outlets throughout the building, especially to baths and showers. Short runs of 15mm pipe may be used to connect basins and sinks.							
3.11	Secondary Return	On floor-standing models a secondary return may be fitted (consult the label on the face of the unit for the correct location). A non-return valve (not supplied) must be fitted to prevent back flow and a bronze pump will be needed in conjunction with a pipe thermostat and timer to circulate the hot water (both not supplied). <b>NOTE:</b> an extra expansion vessel may be required where the additional volume of the secondary return exceeds the capacity of the expansion vessel supplied.							
3.12	DISCHARGE PIPEWORK	Note! The safety relief valves must not be used for any other purpose							
		1) Discharge pipes from the temperature & pressure relief and expansion relief valve may be joined together.							
		2) The tundish must be vertical and fitted within 600mm of the temperature & pressure relief valve and must be located with the cylinder but away from any electrical devices. The tundish must also be in a position visible to the occupants, and positioned away from any electrical devices. The discharge pipe from the tundish should of metal and terminate in a safe place where there is no risk to persons in the vicinity of the discharge.							
		<ol> <li>The pipe diameter must be at least one pipe size larger than the nominal outlet size of the safety device unless it's total equivalent hydraulic resistance exceeds that of a straight pipe 9m long.</li> <li>i.e. Discharge pipes between 9m and 18m equivalent resistance length should be at least 2 sizes larger than the nominal outlet size of the safety device. Between 18m and 27m at least 3 larger, and so on. Bends must be taken into account in calculating the flow resistance. See Fig. 3.11 and TABLE 2.</li> </ol>							
		4) The discharge pipe must have a vertical section of pipe at least 300mm in length below the tundish, before any elbows or bends in the pipework.							
		5) The discharge pipe must be installed with a continuous fall and should be at least one pipe diameter clear of the wall where it terminates.							
		<ul><li>6) The discharge should be visible at both the tundish and the final point of discharge, but where this is not possible or practically difficult; there should be clear visibility at one or other of these locations. Examples of acceptance are:</li><li>i) Ideally below a fixed grating and above the water seal in a trapped gully.</li></ul>							
		<ul> <li>ii) Downward discharges at a low level; i.e. up to 100mm above external surfaces such as car parks, hard standings, grassed areas etc. These are acceptable providing that where children may play or otherwise come into contact with discharges, a wire cage or similar guard is positioned to prevent contact, whilst maintaining visibility.</li> </ul>							
		<ul> <li>iii) Discharges at high level; Onto a roof capable of withstanding high temperature discharges of water 3m from any plastic guttering systems that would collect such a discharge (tundish visible).</li> <li>iv) Where a single pipe serves a number of discharges, such as in</li> </ul>							
		blocks of flats, i.e. into a metal hopper and metal down pipe with the end of the discharge pipe clearly visible (tundish visible or not). the number served should be limited to not more than 6 systems so that any installation can be traced reasonably easily.							

The single common discharge pipe should be at least one pipe size large than the largest individual discharge pipe to be connected. If unvented hot water storage systems are installed where discharges from safety devices may not be apparent i.e. in dwellings occupied by the blind, infirm or disabled people, consideration should be given to the installation of an electronically operated device to warn when discharge takes place.

Note: The discharge will consist of scalding water and steam. Asphalt, roofing felt and non-metallic rainwater goods may be damaged by such discharges.

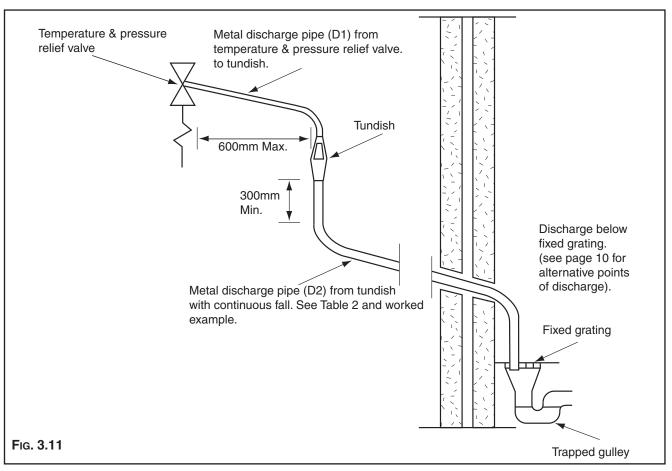


 TABLE 2. Sizing of copper discharge pipe "D2" for common temperature valve outlet sizes.

Valve outlet size	Minimum size of discharge pipe D1*	Minimum size of discharge pipe D2* from tundish	Maximum resistance allowed, expressed as a length of pipe (i.e. no elbow or bends)	Resistance created by each elbow or bend
G 1/2	15mm	22mm	Up to 9m	0.8m
		28mm	Up to 18m	1.0m
		35mm	Up to 27m	1.4m
G 3/4	22mm	28mm	Up to 9m	1.0m
		35mm	Up to 18m	1.4m
		42mm	Up to 27m	1.7m
G 1	28mm	35mm	Up to 9m	1.4m
		42mm	Up to 18m	1.7m
		54mm	Up to 27m	2.3m

## WORKED EXAMPLE

The example below is for a G1/2 temperature & pressure relief valve with a discharge pipe (D2) having 4 no. elbows and length of 7m from the tundish to the point of discharge.

From TABLE 2;

Maximum resistance allowed for a straight length of 22mm copper discharge pipe (D2) from G1/2 temperature & pressure valve is 9m. Subtract the resistance for 4 no. 22mm elbows at 0.8m each = 3.2m. Therefore the maximum permitted length equates to: 5.8m. As 5.8m is less than the actual length of 7m therefore calculate the next largest size.

Maximum resistance allowed for a straight length of 28mm pipe (D2) from G1/2 temperature & pressure valve equates to: 18m. Subtract the resistance for 4 no. 28mm elbow at 1.0m each = 4m. Therefore the maximum permitted length equates to: 14m

As the actual length is 7m, a 28mm (D2) copper pipe will be satisfactory.

## WARNINGS

The outlet from the temperature & pressure relief valve must not be used for any other purpose. This also applies to the expansion relief valve. No other valve is to be fitted between the cold water combination valve and the cylinder.

The temperature & pressure relief valve must not be removed in any circumstances. Any of the above will totally invalidate the guarantee.

## 3.13 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The electrical installation must be in accordance with the current I.E.E. wiring regulations.

# PROTECH ELECTRONIC ANTI-CORROSION SYSTEM (ST 100 models only)

**IMPORTANT:** The *ProTech* anti-corrosion system MUST be permanently connected to a fused non-switched 240V electricity supply.

The *ProTech* system, an exclusive solution, is an electronic anti-corrosion protection system which ensures maximum longevity of the appliance. The electronic circuit creates a difference in potential between the hot water tank and the titanium electrode, thereby guaranteeing optimum protection of the tank and preventing corrosion.

Note: Do not use a water softner on products with the ProTech anticorrosion system.

To ensure the proper operation of the protection system, **IT MUST BE PERMANENTLY CONNECTED TO A FUSED NON-SWITCHED 240V, 3A ELECTRICITY SUPPLY** even in the event of shut-down of the system. To prevent risk to the appliance's lifespan when disconnecting the protection system for an extended period of time, it is necessary to drain the appliance beforehand.

In addition to the 240V network, the electronic circuit is also connected to the tank, which is to be protected, and to the titanium protection electrode,

#### **INFORMATION FOR THE END USER**

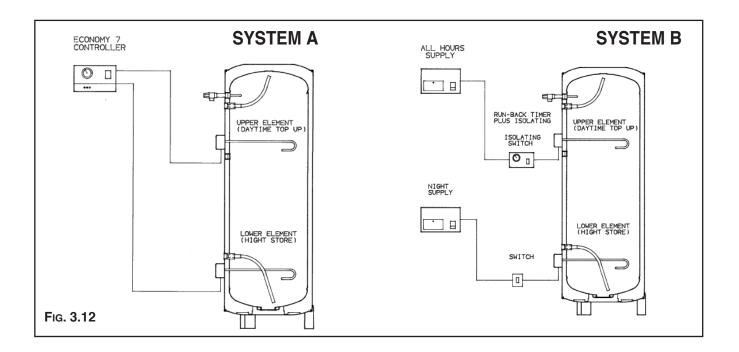
Proper operation of the protection system is shown by a continuous green L.E.D, indicating that the circuits terminals are being supplied with electricity.

In the event of failure, a red LED indicates that there is a short-circuit between the electrode and the cylinder tank, that one of the leads (tank or electrode) is disconnected or that there is no water in the cylinder.

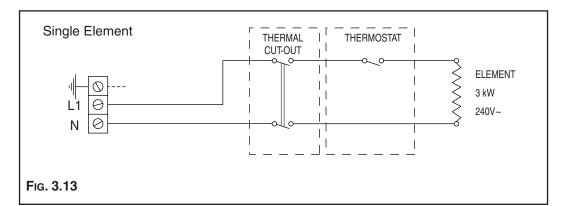
Your appliance is thus properly protected when the green L.E.D. is illuminated and the red LED is off. Should this not be the case or should the green and red LED light simultaneously, please contact your installer.

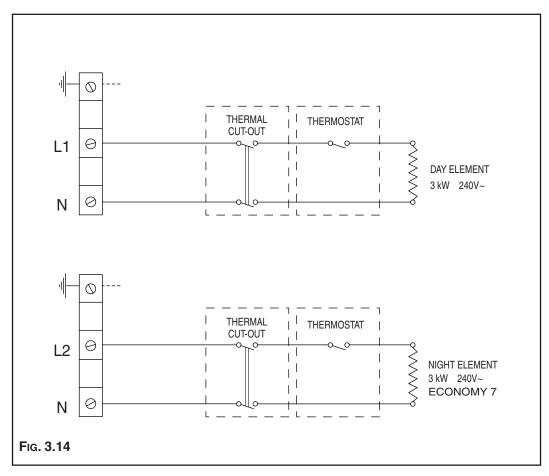
#### **DIRECT SYSTEMS**

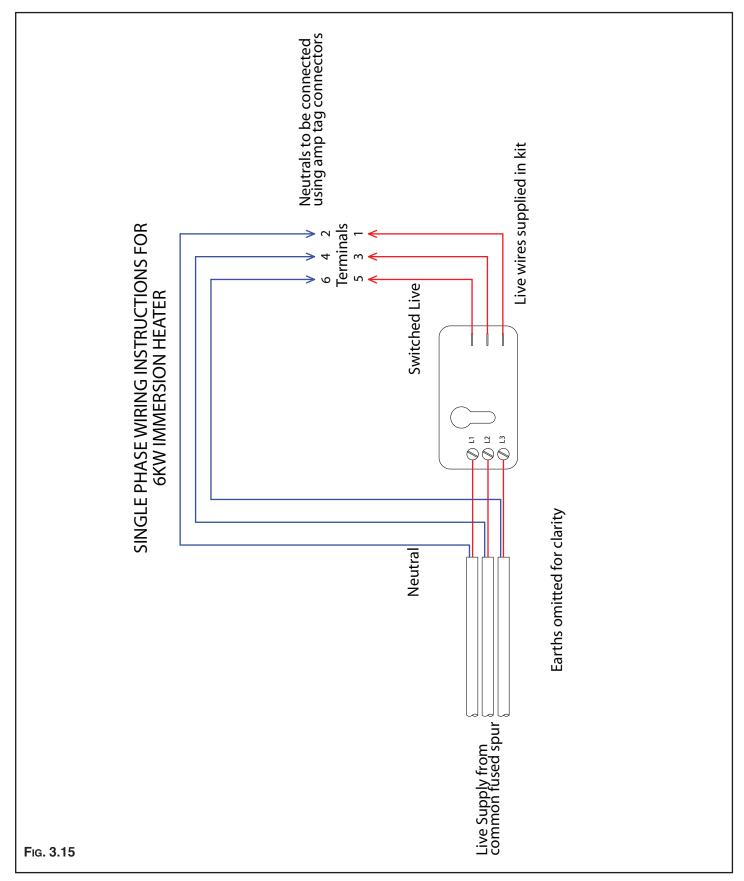
A mains supply of 240V, 3kW (13 amps) is required. Heat resistant cable, round 3 or 4 core 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> (to BS6141 table 8) must be used to connect the electrical supply through the Economy 7 time control switch using either system 'A' or 'B' as illustrated in **Fig. 3.12**.



Should the Economy 7 system not to be used, a separate 13 amp supply to each element will be required through a double pole fused isolating switch having a contact gap of at least 3mm on each pole. The immersion heater shall be installed with 85°C rubber insulated HOFR-sheathed flexible cable complying with Table 8 of BS 6141: 1991. Make the connection(s) to the immersion heater(s) as per Fig. 3.13 and Fig. 3.14. For *High Capacity* 500 litre models see Fig. 3.15 (page 20).

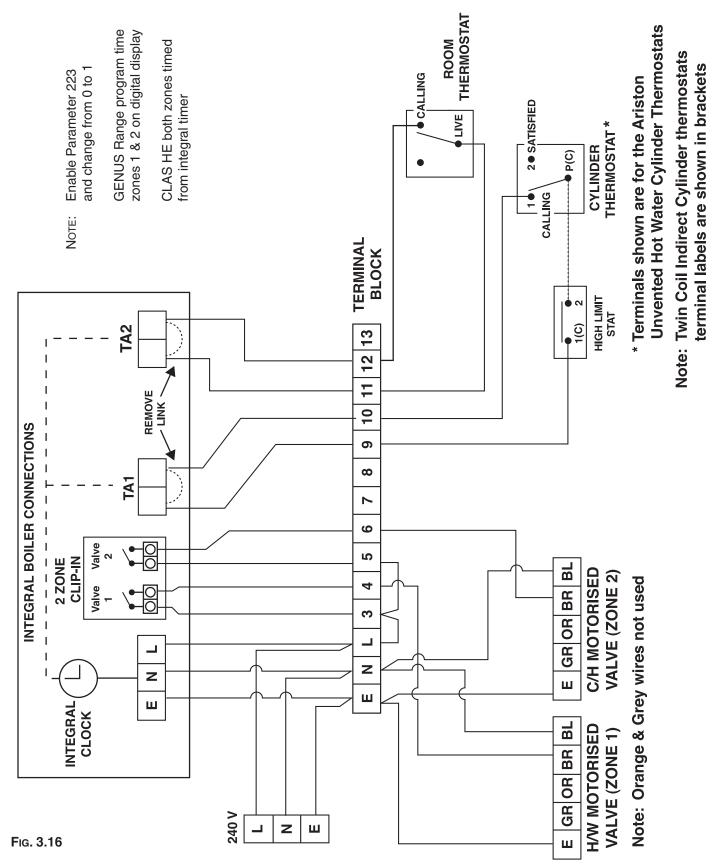




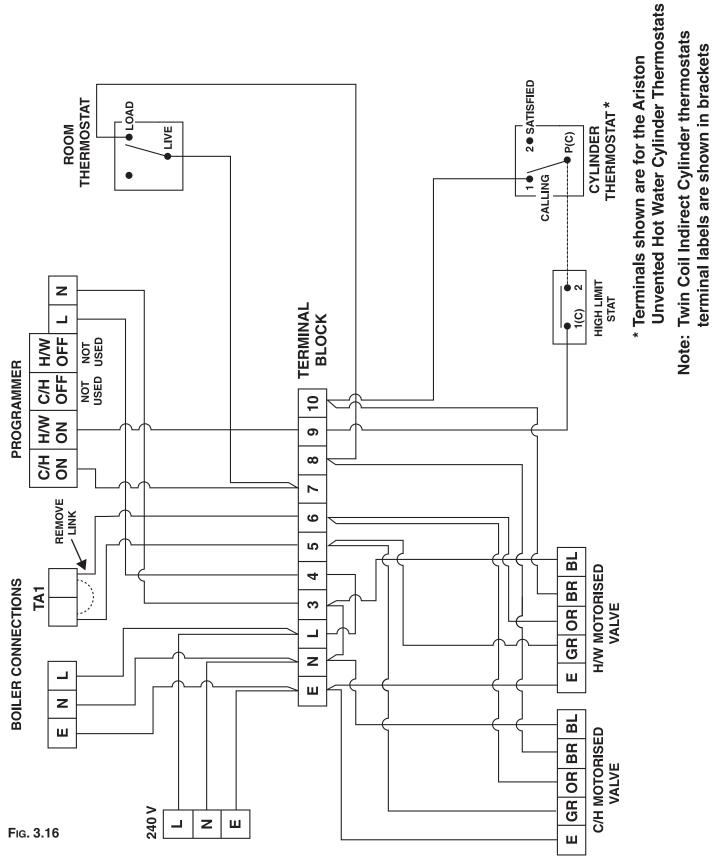


*Important:* When wiring the 500 litre cylinders immersion heater ensure that a suitable heat resistant cable rated above the protective device is used (i.e. 6MM for 32AMP).

## Wiring diagram for two 2 Port Valves with Ariston GENUS HE, CLAS HE and CLAS boilers with 2 zone clip in fitted.

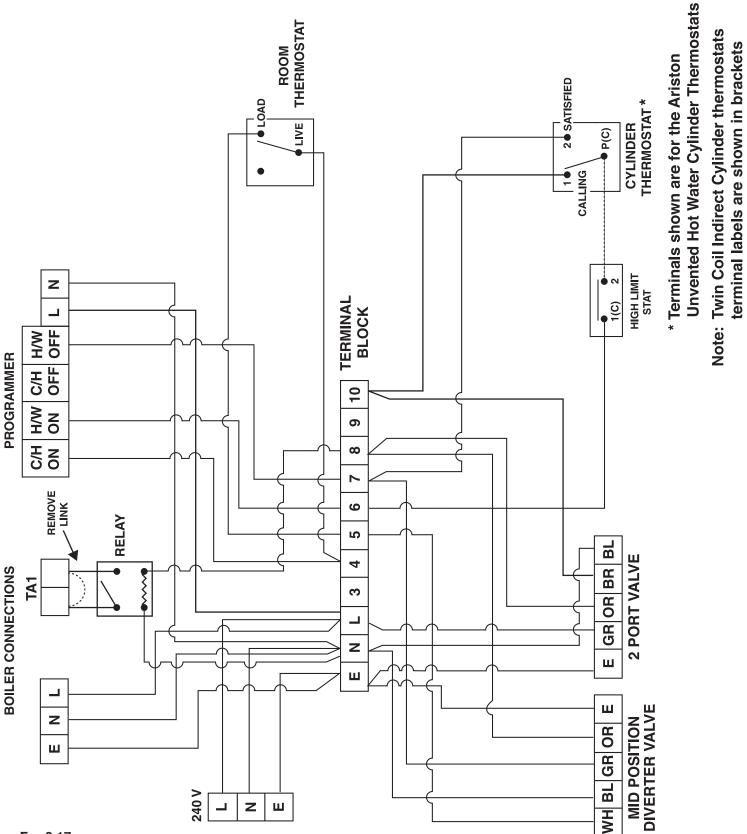


NOTE: WITH REGARDS TO THE AQUABRAVO ITSI CYLINDERS, FOR MORE DETAILED WIRING INSTRUCTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT ON 0870 241 8180.



NOTE: WITH REGARDS TO THE PRIMO ITSI CYLINDERS, FOR MORE DETAILED WIRING INSTRUCTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT ON 0870 241 8180.

## Wiring diagram for two 2 Port Valves



## Wiring diagram for a 3 Port Valve & 2 Port Valve



## 4. COMMISSIONING

The thermostat(s) on the immersion heater(s) should be adjusted to trip at 60-65°C. This is the ideal temperature to prolong element life in hard water areas. Scale on the sheath builds up more rapidly at temperatures above this causing the element to overheat and premature failure can occur. Higher temperatures without additional controls would result in scalding. In known hard water areas the use of a scale inhibitor is also recommended.

In addition to the thermostat the thermal cut-out will switch power off to the element should the thermostat malfunction, causing an excessive rise in water temperature. The thermal cut-out can be reset manually after the fault has been corrected.

## **INDIRECT SYSTEMS**

For models up to 300 litres a mains supply of 240V, 3kW (13 amps) will be required for the direct immersion heater. heat resistant cable, round 3 core 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> (to BS6141) must be used. For *High Capacity* 500 litre models consult the wiring diagram on page 20 of this manual.

For indirect controls a 240V, 3 amp supply is required.

The cables must be clamped in position (as previously stated) and the control thermostat should be set at  $60^{\circ}$ C for the reasons above. In addition to the thermostat there is a thermal cut-out should the thermostat fail. Refer to Fig. 3.13.

## WARNING : THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

The earth continuity conductor of the electrical installation must be effectively connected to all exposed parts of other appliances and services in the room in which the water heater is to be installed and conform to the I.E.E. wiring regulations.

**Note:** Do not switch on the immersion heater or fire the boiler until the cylinder is full of water.

Check for obvious signs of damage to the cylinder and controls, and also that the controls fitted correspond with the references quoted in these instructions.

Ensure that the drain cock at the base of the appliance is closed before commencing.

- 1) <u>ProTech Models Only</u>. Ensure that the *ProTech* anti-corrosion system is connected to the electrical supply;
- 2) Ensure that the line strainer (situated in the pressure reducing valve) is clear of installation debris and clean if necessary;
- 3) Check that the pressure in the expansion vessel is the same as the incoming water pressure;
- 4) Open all outlet taps;
- 5) Turn on mains water supply and allow the water heater to fill;
- 6) Ensure that the hot water system is flushed in accordance with BS 6700;
- 7) Close taps in turn after having purged the system of air;
- 8) Check for leaks around the controls and immersion heaters and again after the unit has heated up;
- 9) Check that no water is passing to waste through the relief valves;

- Test the operation of the temperature & pressure relief and expansion valves by lifting/turning the manually operated test lever/cap and observing that water flows through freely and safely to waste;
- Check that the discharge pipe is plumbed so that it falls continuously and that no taps, valves or other shut off devices are installed in the pipe;
- 12) Check that all thermostats are set at approximately 60-65°C;
- DIRECT UNITS. Switch on immersion heater(s) and allow unit to heat up. Check operation of thermostat(s);
- 14) INDIRECT UNITS. Fill the indirect (primary) circuit following the boiler instructions. Switch on the boiler, ensure that the programmer is in the domestic hot water position. Allow unit to heat up and check operation of indirect thermostat and motorised valve(s);
- 15) Check the temperature of the hot water at the nearest outlet and record in the Benchmark Log Book;
- Demonstrate operation to user, including operation of temperature & pressure relief valve and what to do if it operates;
- 17) Give this manual along with the completed Benchmark Log Book to the user to retain for future reference and make the customer aware that periodic checks of the equipment are essential for safety.

## 5. MAINTENANCE

To ensure efficient and safe operation, and to maintain the warranty, it is necessary to ensure the appliance is serviced annually by a competent person.

Before servicing, preliminary electrical system checks must be carried out to ensure electrical safety (i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit).

5.1 ProTech Anti-corrosion System **WARNING:** SWITCH OFF THE POWER SUPPLY BEFORE WORKING ON THE APPLIANCE.

## Trouble-shooting:

- 1) The green L.E.D. is NOT on:
  - Check to see that the circuits electric plug is connected (if not, connect);
  - Check to see that the P.C.B, is supplied with electricity (if not, replace the supply cable);
  - Check to see that 230 V electricity is supplied (if not, ensure that 230 V is supplied);
  - If all these checks fail to locate the problem, replace the electronic circuit (installer).
- 2) The red L.E.D. is on:
  - Check to see that the tank is filled with water (if not, fill it before carrying out the following checks);
  - Check to see that the clip-on circuit connector is in the proper position (if not, position correctly);
  - Check to see that the electrodes connection lead is property connected (to check this, gently pull on it) (if not, replace the electrode);
  - Check to see that the connection lead to the tank is properly connected to the tank (if not, connect properly); .
  - Check to see that the two leads from the clip-on circuit connector are not damaged, stripped, etc. (if so, replace the electrode);
  - If all these checks fail to locate the problem, replace the electronic circuit.

Note: To replace the P.C.B, there is no need to drain the cylinder;

- 1) Disconnect the two supply cables from the P.C.B. to the supply terminal;
- 2) Disconnect the clip-on circuit connector and polarising slot which connects the circuit to the tank and the electrode;
- 3) Disconnect the P.C.B. from its supporting plate (plastic clips in the 4 corners) and;
- 4) Replace the defective circuit with a new one, then re-install in reverse order to the above.

**5.2 THERMAL CUT-OUT(S)** If the thermal cut-out has operated the cause must be found before resetting (see section 6).

5.3 IMMERSION HEATER(S)

Should the immersion heater(s) become scaled, we would recommend that the immersion heaters be replaced, a scale reducer be fitted on the cold water supply to the cylinder and that the thermostat is set below 60°C to prevent further scale formation.

UNVENTED CONTROLS

Check controls as per the following:

- 1) Line strainer with the water supply turned off remove screen from strainer and clean off any debris;
- 2) Expansion vessel with the water supply turned off and taps open, check expansion vessel pressure and top up as necessary;
- 3) Temperature & pressure relief valve with the water supply turned on, check manually by lifting the test lever/turning the test knob (ensure valve

5.4

closes after testing);

- Expansion relief valve check manually by turning the test knob (ensure valve closes after testing);
- 5) Discharge pipes (D1) from both temperature & pressure relief and expansion relief valve for obstructions;
- 6) Tundish & discharge pipe (D2) open either valve gradually to produce a full bore discharge into tundish and D2 without any back pressure;
- 7) Pressure reducing valve check that the correct outlet pressure is being maintained by recording the pressure at an in-line terminal fitting e.g. tap.
- **5.5 THERMOSTATS** Ensure that all thermostats are adjusted for the correct temperature setting, this should be between 60 and 65°C.
- **5.6 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE** To ensure efficient and safe operation, and to maintain the warranty, it is necessary to ensure the appliance is serviced annually by a competent person.

After servicing, preliminary electrical system checks must be carried out to ensure electrical safety (i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit).

To drain the cylinder it is necessary to proceed as follows:

- 1) Close the mains supply service valve;
- 2) Open hot water taps;
- Attach a hose and open the drain cock and allow the cylinder to empty, taking care of hot water contained in the cylinder. (Pumping the water out will completely drain the cylinder)

## Magnesium Anodes (STD and STI models only)

No longer than every 12 months, the installer should check the magnesium anti-corrosion anodes (consult the label on the face of the unit for the correct location). Assessment of the condition of the bottom anode (where fitted) can be made by judging the condition of the top anode.

Removal of anodes;

- 1) Close the mains supply service valve;
- 2) Open hot water taps;
- 3) Attach a hose and open the drain cock and allow the cylinder to empty;
- 4) The anodes are removed by unscrewing;

EXAMINE THE ANODES AND IF THE DIAMETER IS LESS THAN 10mm replace both anodes.

The use of an approved P.T.F.E. sealing tape is required to ensure watertight connection for anodes.

#### Thermal Cut-out(s)

If the thermal cut-out has operated the cause must be found before resetting.

#### Immersion Heater(s)

Should the immersion heater be scaled, we would recommend it be replaced.

## **Unvented Controls(s)**

Check controls as per the following:

- 1) Line strainer with the water supply turned off remove screen from strainer and clean of any detritus;
- 2) Expansion vessel with the water supply turned off and taps open, check expansion vessel pressure and top up as necessary;
- Temperature & pressure relief valve with the water supply turned on, check manually by lifting the test lever/turning the test knob (ensure valve closes after testing);
- 4) Expansion relief valve check manually by turning the test knob (ensure valve closes after testing);
- 5) Discharge pipes (D1) from both temperature & pressure relief and expansion relief valve for obstructions;
- 6) Tundish & discharge pipe (D2) open either valve gradually to produce a full bore discharge into tundish and D2 without any back pressure;
- 7) Pressure reducing valve check that the correct outlet pressure is being maintained by recording the pressure at an in-line terminal fitting i.e. tap.

## Thermostats

Ensure that all thermostats adjusted for the correct temperature setting, this should be between 60 and  $65^{\circ}$ C.

After servicing, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist located on page 35 of this manual.

#### Note!

Where there is a possibility of scale forming, it is recommended the thermostat be set to below  $60^{\circ}C$  and a scale reducer be fitted on the incoming mains supply

# 6. FAuLT FINd ING

[							
	1) Mains cold water supply shut off	Check and open Isolating and/or stop valve. Check water, Local Water Authority					
NO HOT WATER FLOW	2) Line strainer blocked	Turn off mains water supply, remove line strainer and clean					
	3) Cold Water Combination valve fitted incorrectly	Check direction of flow arrows on valve, refit in correct position if necessary					
	1) Low mains water pressure	Check pressure, consult Local Water Authority if necessary					
REDUCED FLOW RATE	2) Line strainer partially blocked	Turn off mains water supply, remove line strainer and clean					
	3) Size of service pipe too small	Increase to size stated on page 9					
	1) Direct immersion heater is not switched on	Check immersion heater, switch on if necessary					
	2) Direct thermal cut-out has operated	Test thermostat operation and wiring, if faulty, correct/replace. Reset cut-out					
WATER FROM HOT TAPS IS COLD	<li>Boiler programmer set to central heating only (Indirect models)</li>	Check switch on domestic hot water if necessary					
	4) Boiler is not functioning (Indirect models)	Check boiler operation, if fault suspected consult manufacturer's instructions					
	5) Indirect thermal cut-out has operated	Test thermostat operation and wiring, if faulty, correct/replace. Reset cut-out					
	6) Motorised valve jammed or not wired correctly (Indirect models)	Check wiring and operation of motorised valve correct/ replace as necessary					
DISCHARGE FROM PRESSURE/ TEMPERATURE RELIEF VALVE	<ol> <li>Pressure above 7 bar, failure of pressure reducing valve. Temperature above 90°C failure of thermal control</li> </ol>	Shut down boiler or immersion heater. Check pressure reducing valve and thermal controls. Replace if necessary					
DISCHARGE FROM EXPANSION VALVE	1) Continually. Pressure reducing valve faulty	Check pressure from valve. Replace if over 3.5 bar					
	2) When heater is heating. Faulty expansion vessel or lost charge	Check charge of vessel. Re- charge vessel to 3.5 bar or match incoming mains pressure replace if necessary					
	3) Back feed of high mains pressure via mixer.	Service / replace mixer					
WATER HAMMER	1) Expansion Vessel fitted vertically.	Ensure vessel is fitted horizontally or connection at top.					
	2) Pipework not secure	Clip pipework					
	3) Jumpers on taps loose	Replace tap jumpers					
	4) Flexible hose connecting expansion vessel	Remove flexible hose and hard pipe.					

#### 7. TEChNICAL dATA

		ST ProTech 100	Classico HE STD 125	Classico HE STD 150	Classico HE STD 210	Classico HE STD 300	Classico HE STI 125	Classico HE STI 150	Classico HE STI 210	Classico HE STI 300	Classico HE STD 500	Classico HE STI 500
Maximum Water Supply Pressure* Operating Pressure Expansion Vessel Charge Pressure Expansion Relief Valve Setting Pressure & Temperature Relief Valve Setting Pressure Reducing Valve Set Pressure Electrical Supply Immersion Heater Rating Immersion Heater Rating Immersion Heater Type Immersion Heater Reference Number Maximum Primary Pressure Heat Exchanger Performance Coil Surface Area Heat Loss (kWh in 24h) @ 60°C Nett Weight Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) Global Warming Potential (GWP)	bar bar bar bar/°C bar V kW bar kW m²	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) - - 1.26 41 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) - - 1.60 42 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) - - 1.73 49 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) - - 1.97 54 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) - - 2.43 94 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 18.4 0.65 1.60 49 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 21.6 0.84 1.73 58 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 27.2 0.84 1.97 63 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 24.4 0.84 2.43 103 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240/415 6 (2) (3) - - 4.02 130 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240415 6 (2) (3) 3.5 33.0 1.50 4.02 146 0 <5

\* To pressure reducing valve <sup>(1)</sup> Single Phase <sup>(2)</sup> Single Phase/Three Phase <sup>(3)</sup> BS EN 60335-2-73

Model	Make of Pressure	Make of 6 bar	Make of
	Reducing Valve	Safety Valve	T&P Valve
ST ProTech 100	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITI/STI 125 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITD/STD 125 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITSI 215 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
STD / STI 500	RWC (28mm)	RWC (28mm)	CASHH

Model	Time taken to raise temperature from 15 to 60°C	Time taken to raise 70% of stored volume to 60°C				
ST Protech 100	1 hr 56 mins	72 mins				
Classico STI 125 HE *	19 mins	18 mins				
Classico STI 150 HE *	19 mins	18 mins				
Classico STI 210 HE *	Classico STI 210 HE * 27 mins					
Classico STI 300 HE *	44 mins	37 mins				
Classico STI 500 HE *	58 mins	48 mins				
Classico STD 125 HE ** Classico STD 150 HE **	2 hrs 28 mins	1 hr 46 mins				
Classico STD 210 HE **	3 hrs 46 mins	2 hrs 54 mins				
Classico STD 300 HE **	5 hrs 14 mins	4 hrs 37 mins				
Classico STD 500 HE***	4 hrs 37 mins	3 hrs 18 mins				

\* Indirectly heated \*\* 3kW Immersion heater \*\*\* 6kW Immersion heater

		AQUABRAVO ITD 130	AQUABRAVO ITD 150	AQUABRAVO ITD 215	AQUABRAVO ITD 305	AQUABRAVO ITI 80	AQUABRAVO ITI 130	AQUABRAVO ITI 150	AQUABRAVO ITI 215	AQUABRAVO ITI 255	AQUABRAVO ITI 305	AQUABRAVO ITSI 215	AQUABRAVO ITSI 255	AQUABRAVO ITSI 305
Maximum Water Supply Pressure* Operating Pressure Expansion Vessel Charge Pressure Expansion Relief Valve Setting Pressure & Temperature Relief Valve Setting Pressure Reducing Valve Set Pressure Electrical Supply Immersion Heater Rating Immersion Heater Type Immersion Heater Type Immersion Heater Reference Number Maximum Primary Pressure Heat Exchanger Performance (EN 15332) Coil Surface Area Heat Loss (kWh in 24h) @ 65°C Nett Weight Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) Global Warming Potential (GWP)	bar bar bar/°C bar/°C kW kW bar kW m² Kg	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) 3.5 - 1.40 27 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) 3.5 - 1.68 30 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) 3.5 - 1.93 41 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3+3 (1) (3) 3.5 - 2.27 60 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 17.7 0.5 1.20 22 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 17.3 0.67 1.40 28 0 <5	0.78	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 24.0 0.89 1.93 43 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 24.6 0.89 2.26 49 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 240 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 26.1 0.89 2.31 65 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 16.6/16.6 0.67/0.67 1.13 53 0 <5	12 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 16.6/16.6 0.67/0.67 1.29 60 0 <5	12 3.5 3.5 6 7/90 3.5 240 3 (1) (3) 3.5 22.8/16.6 0.89/0.67 1.49 66 0 <5

\* To pressure reducing valve  $^{(1)}$  Single Phase  $^{(2)}$  Single Phase/Three Phase  $^{(3)}$  BS EN 60335-2-73

Model	Time taken to raise temperature from 15°C to 65°C	Time taken to raise 70% of the stored volume to 65°C
ITI 80***	14 mins	10 mins
ITI 130***	25 mins	18 mins
ITI 150***	30 mins	22 mins
ITI 215***	35 mins	24 mins
ITI 255***	43 mins	31 mins
ITI 305***	49 mins	34 mins
ITSI 215****	37 mins	26 mins
ITSI 255****	42 mins	29 mins
ITSI 305****	46 mins	34 mins
ITD 130 ITD 150	166 mins 199 mins	51 mins 51 mins
ITD 215	291 mins	52 mins
ITD 305	439 mins	66 mins

\*\*\* Indirectly heated. \*\*\*\* As above utilising bottom coil only.

Model	Make of Pressure Reducing Valve	Make of 6 bar Safety Valve	Make of T&P Valve
ST ProTech 100	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITI/STI 125 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITD/STD 125 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
ITSI 215 - 305	SYR (22mm)	SYR (22mm)	CASHH
STD / STI 500	RWC (28mm)	RWC (28mm)	CASHH

# 8. BENCH MARK COMMISSIONING ChECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent p compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to t		ionstrating
Failure to install and commission this equipment to the manufacturer's instr	·	statutory right
		, ,
Customer Name	lelephone Number	
Boiler Make and Model		
Boiler Serial Number		
Commissioned by (print name)	CORGI ID Number	
Company Name	Telephone Number	
Company Address	Commissioning Date	
To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliand Building Regulations Notification Number ( <i>if applicable</i> )		
ALL SYSTEMS PRIMARY SETTINGS (indirect heating only) s the primary circuit a sealed or open vented system?	Sealed	Open
What is the maximum primary flow temperature?		
ALL SYSTEMS		
What is the incoming static cold water pressure at the inlet to the system?		
Has a strainer been cleaned of installation debris (if fitted)?	Yes	No
s the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)?	Yes	No
f yes, has a water scale reducer been fitted?	Yes	No
What type of scale reducer has been fitted?		
What is the hot water thermostat set temperature?		
What is the maximum hot water flow rate at set thermostat temperature (measured at		
Fine and temperature controls have been fitted in compliance with Part L of the Build		Yes
Type of control system (if applicable)	Y Plan S Plan	Other
s the cylinder solar (or other renewable) compatible? What is the hot water temperature at the nearest outlet?		No
All appropriate pipes have been insulated up to 1 metre or the point where they becor		Yes
JNVENTED SYSTEMS ONLY		
Where is the pressure reducing valve situated (if fitted)?		
What is the pressure reducing valve setting?		
las a combined temperature and pressure relief valve and expansion valve been fitted	d and discharge tested? Yes	No
The tundish and discharge pipework have been connected and terminated to Part G c		Yes
Are all energy sources fitted with a cut out device?	Yes	No
Has the expansion vessel or internal air space been checked?	Yes	No
THERMAL STORES ONLY		
What store temperature is achievable?		
What is the maximum hot water temperature?		
ALL INSTALLATIONS		
The hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations		Yes
The system has been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacture	er's instructions	Yes
The system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer		Yes
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has	s been explained and left with the customer	Yes
Commissioning Engineer's Signature		
Customer's Signature		



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## 9. BENCh MARK SERVICE RECORd

## **SERVICE RECORD**

It is recommended that your hot water system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Record is completed.

#### Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

SERVICE 1 Date	SERVICE 2 Date	
Engineer Name	Engineer Name	
Company Name	Company Name	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number	
Comments	Comments	
Signature	Signature	
SERVICE 3 Date	SERVICE 4 Date	
Engineer Name	Engineer Name	
Company Name	Company Name	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number	
Comments	Comments	
Signature	Signature	
SERVICE 5 Date	SERVICE 6 Date	
Engineer Name	Engineer Name	
Company Name	Company Name	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number	
Comments	Comments	
Signature	Signature	
SERVICE 7 Date	SERVICE 8 Date	
Engineer Name	Engineer Name	
Company Name	Company Name	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number	
Comments	Comments	
Signature	Signature	
SERVICE 9 Date	SERVICE 10 Date	
Engineer Name	Engineer Name	
Company Name	Company Name	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number	
Comments	Comments	
Signature	Signature	

#### Commercial subsidiary: Ariston Thermo UK Ltd Ariston Building

Manufacturer:

Ariston Building Hughenden Avenue High Wycombe Bucks. HP13 5FT Telephone: (01494) 755600 Fax: (01494) 459775 Internet: www.ariston.co.uk E-mail: info.uk@aristonthermo.com Technical Service Hot Line: (0870) 241 8180 Customer Service Help Desk: (0870) 600 9888

Ariston Thermo Group, Luce - France