



**FOCALPOINT**

**Excelsior** *Slimline*

**Excelsior** *Multiflue*

**INSTALLATION AND USER  
INSTRUCTIONS**



**FOCALPOINT**

**All instructions must be handed to user for safekeeping**

Revision F - 05/10

Country(s) of destination - GB/IE

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**FOCALPOINT**

**CE**

# ***INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS***

## ***Preliminary Notes Before Installation***

This appliance is an Inset live fuel effect gas fire which provides radiant warmth utilising the latest type burner technology.

The fire is designed to fit various types of fireplaces and natural draught flues as listed in the Installation Requirements.

The appliance must be installed by a competent person in accordance with Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998. It is strongly recommended that a GAS SAFE registered engineer be used for this purpose.

Read all these instructions before commencing installation.

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the rules in force and only used in a sufficiently ventilated space.

The appliance is designed for installation on to a non-combustible hearth of at least 300mm depth.

This appliance is factory set for operation on the gas type, and at the pressure stated on the appliance data plate.

This appliance is available in either a manual control version, or a battery powered remote control version, with a number of fuel effect options. These instructions cover both control options, and all fuel effect options. See the relevant sections of these instructions for further details.

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## 1.0 IMPORTANT NOTES

This fire is an Inset Live Fuel Effect Gas Fire providing convected and/or radiant warmth. It is designed to operate on Natural Gas or LPG (Propane) depending upon factory set adjustments. See data plate for gas type.

It is the LAW that all gas appliances and fittings are installed by a competent person (such as a GAS SAFE registered fitter) and in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998, the relevant British Standards for Installation, Codes of Practice and in accordance with the Manufacturers' Instructions. The installation shall also be carried out in accordance with the following regulations:

The Building Regulations issued by the Department of the Environment, the Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidation) Regulations issued by the Scottish Development Department.

BS 5871 part 2

BS 5440 part 1

BS 1251

BS 6891

BS 6461 part 1

BS 5482 part 1 (for LPG appliances)

**Note - For Republic of Ireland, reference should be made to the relevant standards governing installation, particularly in regard to flue sizing and ventilation. See IS813, ICP3, IS327 and any other rules in force.**

**Failure to comply with these regulations could lead to prosecution and deem the warranty invalid.**

**This appliance must be installed in accordance with the rules in force and used only in a sufficiently ventilated space.**

**Consult all instructions before installation and use of this appliance.**

**This appliance is free from any asbestos material. Refractories and fuelbed are constructed from ceramic fibre.**

**Note : Remote control models only - This appliance features a battery-operated remote control system, and under normal usage will need new batteries approximately every twelve months.**

*Remote control Handset requirements - 1 x 'PP3' type (9 volt)*

*Receiver/motor unit requirements - 4 x 'AA' type (1.5 volt)*

*Refer to the appropriate section of these instructions for details of how to change the batteries.*

## 2.0

### APPLIANCE DATA

	Manual Control Version	Manual Control Version	Remote Control Version
Gas Group	G20 Natural Gas CAT I2H	G31 Propane CAT I3P	G20 Natural Gas CAT I2H
Inlet Pressure	20 mbar (+/-2.0mbar)	37 mbar (+/-2.0mbar)	20 mbar (+/-2.0mbar)
Max Energy Input (gross)	6.2 kW	6.2 kW	6.2 kW
Min Energy Input (gross)	3.5 kW	3.5 kW	3.5 kW
Pilot Energy Input (gross)	166 W	166 W	166 W
Setting Pressure	17.5 mbar (+/-1.5mbar)	36.6 mbar (+/-1.5mbar)	17.5 mbar (+/-1.5mbar)
Main Injector Burner	Stereo size 77	Stereo size 130	Stereo size 77
Gas Inlet Connection	8mm compression	8mm compression	8mm compression
Gas Control Valve	BM733/NGC6802	BM733/NGC6802	Mertik Maxitrol GV34 Series
Ignition	Piezo spark	Piezo spark	Piezo spark
Spark Gap	3.5 to 4.5mm	3.5 to 4.5mm	3.5 to 4.5mm
Weight	20 Kg	20 Kg	22 Kg

Please see Data Badge affixed to appliance for current data.

***This appliance is for use only with the gas type, and at the pressure stated on the appliance Data Badge, and is for decorative purposes.***

## 3.0 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENT

The LPG (propane) version of this appliance **MUST NOT** be installed into a basement, or into an area that is entirely or partially below ground level.

This appliance **MUST NOT** be installed into a room containing a bath or shower, or where steam may be present. The fire has been designed to fit into a builders' opening or fireplace conforming to BS 1251 (and meeting certain dimensional requirements), or a suitable flue box complying with the constructional requirements of BS 715. The flue box must be installed onto a suitable non-combustible insulating surface at least 12mm thick, covering the entire base area of the box.

The flue must have an effective height of at least three metres, as measured from the hearth to the top of the flue. Any flue damper plates or restrictors should be removed and no other restriction fitted to the flue. Where removal is not practical, the restriction must be fixed in the fully open position.

A natural draught flue system is required, and if previously used for solid fuel or oil burning, the flue and chimney must be swept prior to appliance installation. Pre-cast flues must be checked for mortar fangs and correct installation of joints, flue sections in loft space and terminals. The flue must be checked before installation by using a smoke pellet or similar to ensure proper draw and that leakage is not evident at any joints. Repair and re-test as necessary before the appliance is installed.

The flue must be connected to only one fireplace, and the flue must not vent more than one appliance (i.e. not shared with a gas back boiler). There must be no opening in the flue apart from the one that the appliance is installed into, and the one venting the gases into the air. A suitable terminal may be fitted, such as class GC1, as regulations allow.

This appliance has been tested for use in a pre-cast block flue complying with BS 1289. In accordance with BS 1289 part 1, pre-cast flues built with directly plastered faces (front or rear) are not correctly installed as to ensure proper operation with **any** type of gas fire. In some instances of this flue construction, temperature cracking of the surface plaster may occur through no fault of the appliance. An air gap or some form of insulation material should be installed to prevent normal flue temperatures from damaging wall surfaces.

This appliance is suitable for use with a "lightweight" surround and back panel of 150C minimum rating.

## 4.0 SITE REQUIREMENTS

The fireplace opening should be inspected and repairs made where necessary. Any chair brick or fireback may be left in situ, providing that the dimensional requirements for debris collection space and spigot clearances are met. See diagram below.

The opening **WIDTH** and **HEIGHT** dimensions should be between 380mm and 450mm wide, and 540mm to 575mm high. For flues used with solid fuel, minimum **WIDTH** is 380mm.

Opening **DEPTH** should be 128mm (*140mm - Multiflue*) or greater for a clay/cement lined or pre-cast flue which is new, unused or previously only used with a gas fire. **DEPTH** should be 168mm (*180mm - Multiflue*) or greater for a flue which has previously been used for a solid fuel or oil burning appliance. Opening **DEPTH**S include any plaster or infill panels which form part of the installation.

This appliance requires a natural draught flue system which may be one of the following;

225mm x 225mm (9in x 9in) brick or stone.

125mm (5in) minimum diameter lined brick or stone.

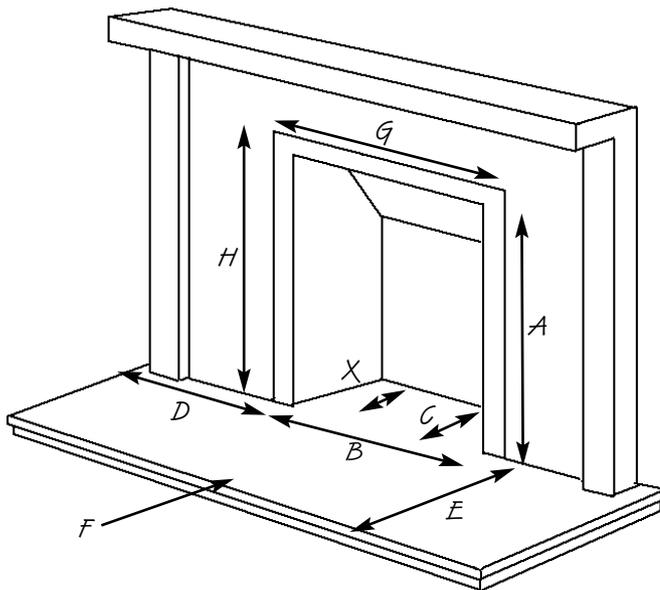
125mm (5in) minimum diameter twin wall flue conforming to BS 715.

Pre-cast block flue complying with BS 1289.

Any existing under grate draught device must be sealed off. The opening wall must be non-combustible.

The appliance requires a hearth with non-combustible surface of at least 12mm thick. The top surface must be at least 50mm above the surrounding floor level, or be surrounded by a raised edge or fender 50mm high.

To enable the product of combustion to be cleared properly up the flue, the outlet at the back of the appliance must have a 50mm minimum clearance between it and the back wall of the opening or any other obstruction. The area immediately above the outlet must form a smooth path into the flue.



***Italics refer to Excelsior Multiflue***

A. Opening height: 540mm min/575 mm max.

B. Opening width: 350mm min/440mm max. (***380mm min/440mm max.***)

C. Mounting depth: 108mm (***120mm***)

D. Hearth must extend minimum of 150mm either side of the opening.

E. Hearth must extend minimum of 300mm in front of the fuelbed.

F. Non-combustible hearth must be a minimum of 50mm in height, or be surrounded by 50mm high fender.

G. 470mm: This area must be flat and vertical to allow good frame sealing.

H. 585mm: This area must be flat and vertical to allow good frame sealing.

***X. See section 4.1.***

Any type of fire surround used with this appliance must be adequately sealed to the wall and floor.

A combustible shelf may be fixed to the wall above the fire, providing that it complies with the dimensions given below.

<b><i>Maximum depth of shelf</i></b>	<b><i>Minimum distance from finished hearth surface to underside of shelf</i></b>
100mm (4in)	745mm (29 1/4 in)
150mm (6in)	845mm (33 1/4 in)
203mm (8in)	895mm (35 1/4 in)

A non-combustible shelf may be fitted to within 10mm of the top edge of the fireframe. Combustible materials, such as wood, may be fitted to within 100mm (4in) of either side of the fireplace opening, providing the forward projection does not exceed 100mm (4in). Any combustible side walls must be at least 500mm to the side of the radiant heat source.

As with all heating appliances, any decorations, soft furnishings, and wall coverings (i.e. flock, blown vinyl and embossed paper) positioned too close to the appliance may discolour or scorch.

## 4.1 DEBRIS COLLECTION SPACE

The mounting depth of this appliance is 108mm (*120mm - Multiflue*).

In accordance with BS 5871 part 2, minimum debris collection volumes are required behind the installed appliance. These are shown in the table below and as dimension X on the fireplace diagram shown previously.

**CLAY/CEMENT LINES OR BLOCK FLUE WHICH IS NEW, UNUSED, OR PREVIOUSLY ONLY USED WITH A GAS FIRE.**  
*X Dimension = 20mm*

**UNLINED FLUE OR CHIMNEY WHICH HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY USED FOR A SOLID FUEL OR OIL BURNING APPLIANCE**  
*X Dimension = 60mm*

## 5.0 VENTILATION

**No purpose provided ventilation is normally required for this appliance.** The requirements of other appliances operating in the same room or space must be taken into consideration when assessing ventilation.

If spillage is detected when commissioning the appliance, then amongst other problems there may be insufficient natural ventilation for correct operation of the flue. If the appliance does not spill with the windows open, but spillage is detected with the windows closed, this demonstrates a lack of natural ventilation. If spillage is still detected with the windows open, the flue is at fault. Installation of an air brick is the best solution to lack of ventilation. Any ventilation fitted must comply with BS 5871 part 2 and BS 5440 part 2.

Spillage detected during commissioning is almost always a result of poor flue performance that cannot be corrected by any amount of ventilation.

For Republic of Ireland ventilation may be required, see IS 813, ICP3, IS 327, and any other rules in force.

## 6.0 PREFABRICATED FLUE BOXES

This appliance can be fitted into a number of proprietary flue boxes provided that the minimum dimensions given in the diagram below are complied with.

**Constructional Note:** The frame of the fire, any back panel or other infill panels, and the flue box must be sealed together so that there is no possibility of leakage between them. Adequate clearances to combustible materials (e.g. false chimney breast construction) must be maintained.

**The manufacturers' instructions for fitting the prefabricated box shall be complied with at all times.**

To fit the fire using the cable fixing kit, some minor adaption may be necessary for certain flue boxes. A check should be made to ensure the firebox does not obscure the flue box outlet.

The firebox, base of the flue box, and hearth below may be drilled to allow plugs and screws to secure installation.

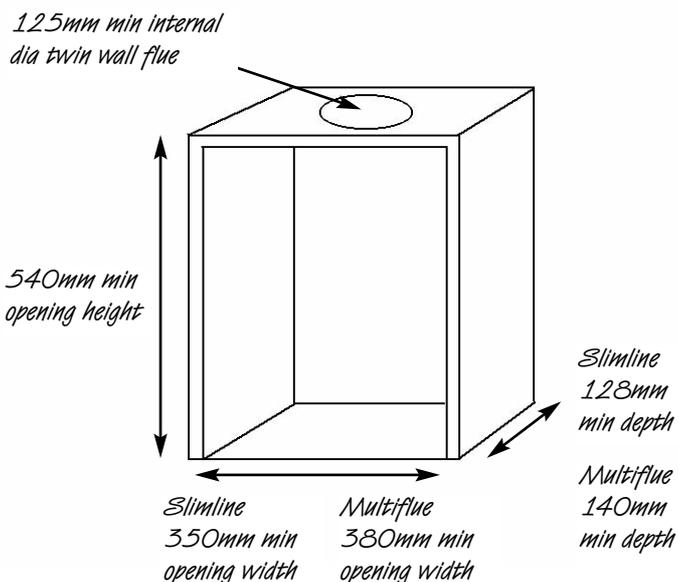
It is important that the sealing requirements of the appliance are met at all times and that the flue box is well sealed to any back or infill panel.

**Note:** The DEPTH dimension is inclusive of any back or infill panel.

## 7.0 UNPACKING THE APPLIANCE

Stand the carton the right way up, cut the strapping bands and remove the top endcap. Read **all** the instructions before continuing to unpack or install this appliance.

Remove the box ceramic combustion matrix, side cheeks and the bags containing the coals/pebbles. Remove the cardboard packing pieces, and any other bags or boxes containing fittings or other parts. When all loose parts have been removed, the outer sleeve may be lifted off to reveal the appliance. Check that the components supplied correlate with the component checklist given in section 7.1. Please dispose of all the packaging materials at you local recycling centre.



## 7.1 COMPONENT CHECKLIST

QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	Firebox and burner tray assembly
1	Decorative frame
1	Firefront
1	Black Moulded ceramic fibre combustion matrix (coal effect version only)
1	Beige Moulded ceramic fibre combustion matrix (Pebble effect, Natural gas versions only)
11	Individual ceramic coals (coal effect version only)
15	Individual ceramic pebbles (pebble effect , Natural gas versions only)
2	Ceramic fibre side cheeks (pebble effect , Natural gas versions only)
1	Ceramic brick panel
1	Remote control handset (remote control , Natural gas option only)
1	Cable fixing kit; 2 cables, 2 tensioners, 2 cable clamps, 4 fixing eyes
1	Sealing grommet
3	Lengths of adhesive sealing strip
1	Self tapping screw pack; 4 No8 x 5/16
1	Spigot restrictor (if not pre-fitted to firebox)
1	Deflector baffle
1	Set of manufacturers instructions
4	Wall Plugs

## 8.0 INSTALLATION OF APPLIANCE

**Note: Ensure that the gas supply is isolated before commencing installation of the appliance.**

The fireplace opening and environment must be in compliance with specifications laid down in the appropriate sections of these instructions.

### 8.1 PREPARING THE APPLIANCE

Remove the appliance from it's carton as described previously and stand on a dust sheet or similar. Place the coals/pebbles, ceramics and fixings safely to one side.

Remove the burner from the assembly by removing the two screws in the data/control plate. Lift away the plate, and remove the two screws retaining the tray legs. The tray is now free and may be lifted away.

Knock out holes are provided in the rear of the convector box for use where concealed pipework is required. Knock out the holes with a sharp tap from a hammer and fit the rubber grommet supplied. A small incision can now be made in the rubber to slip snugly around the outside of the supply pipe and sleeving.

**Note: DO NOT** install or use the appliance without this seal in place.

If the hole is inadvertently opened, reseal with an intact grommet. Failure to fit this seal correctly will cause the flue suction to act upon the area under the burner resulting in poor performance.

**SPIGOT RESTRICTOR.** If fitting the fire into a Class 1 or good Class 2 flue, attach the spigot restrictor to the rear of the appliance using screws provided.

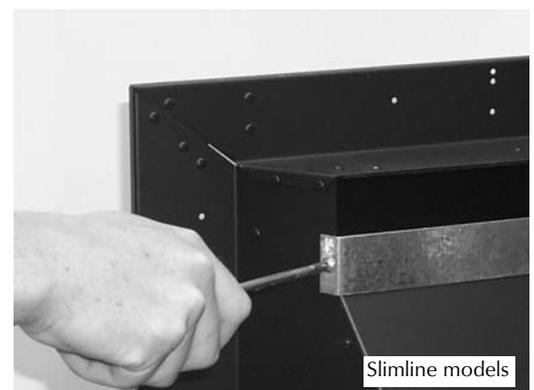
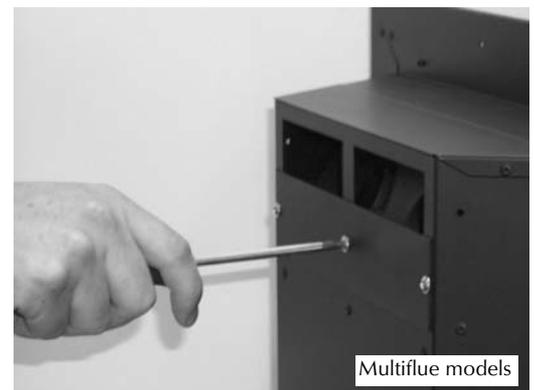
If spillage is detected during the commissioning of the appliance, the spigot restrictor should be removed immediately.

### 8.2 PREPARING THE OPENING

Before installing the fire, check the flue for correct operation using a smoke pellet. All of the smoke should be drawn up the flue and exit correctly from the terminal. If problems are found DO NOT fit the fire until corrective action is completed.

Protect the decorative hearth whilst pushing the convector box in and out of the opening. Part of the packaging is an ideal hearth saver pad.

Before running the gas supply into the opening, offer up the convector box to the fireplace to check the fit is good. Ensure that it slides in correctly, the sealing face sits flat and square to the wall or infill panel, and that the base is firm in the floor of the opening as no leaks are permissible here. At this stage it is essential to ensure that the spigot outlet of the fire is not obstructed in any way. Remove the convector box and take any necessary measurements before making good and preparing for final installation. Apply the self adhesive sealing strips around the edge of the rear of the firebox frame, approximately 5mm in from the edge.



## 8.2 PREPARING THE OPENING (continued)

**Cable fixing:** For fixing the fire by the cable method, see relevant section.

**Fixing by screw:** Mark and drill the fireframe or base, and relevant points in the opening or on the wall. Wall plugs will be required. NOTE: Plastic rawlplugs are not suitable for this application.

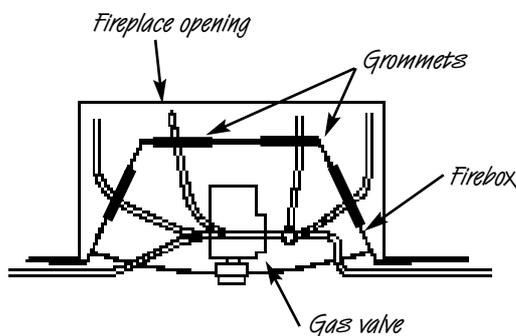
**Gas supply:** Following preparation for the fixing method, the concealed gas supply (if required) can now be put into place. Refer to the relevant section for suggested pipe routes. The ends of the sleeving in which the gas pipe is run should be sealed. The end of the 8mm supply pipe should be temporarily sealed to prevent the ingress of debris during fixing.

## 8.3 GAS SUPPLY

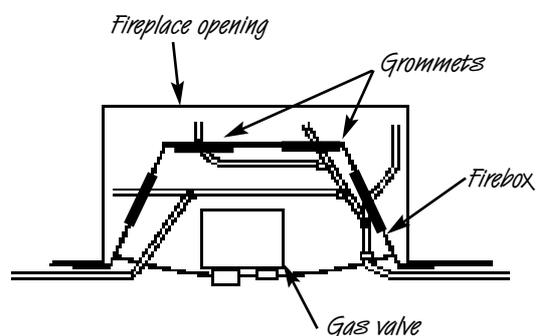
When the opening is ready for installation of the fire, the gas supply can be routed as shown in the following diagrams.

An isolator cock or restrictor elbow must be fitted to the incoming supply to facilitate servicing.

**Manual control version**



**Remote control version**



If using a concealed supply it should be laid in accordance with the diagram below. Select the supply route most relevant to the entry point of the gas supply into the fireplace opening. If using an across the hearth connection, then the firefront is notched and the supply pipe can be routed through this.

The gas pipe must be suitably protected where it passes through fireplace openings. Any sleeving should be sealed to the pipe at its ends.

The open end of the gas supply pipe should be temporarily sealed to prevent ingress of dust and dirt during installation.

## 8.4 CABLE FIXING

Drill four holes as shown in the diagram and fit the fibre rawl plugs. If the fireplace does not allow for the exact layout shown, the eyebolts should be fixed to give a similar configuration as possible.

Thread both tensioning cables through the holes at the top of the firebox, both eyelets, and back through the lower holes in the firebox as shown in the photograph. Before finally fitting the firebox, apply the self-adhesive sealing strips around the rear of the firebox frame.

Push the appliance back into the fireplace, centralise and pull the loose cables through the holes into the firebox.

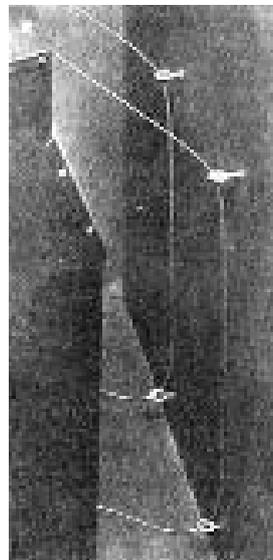
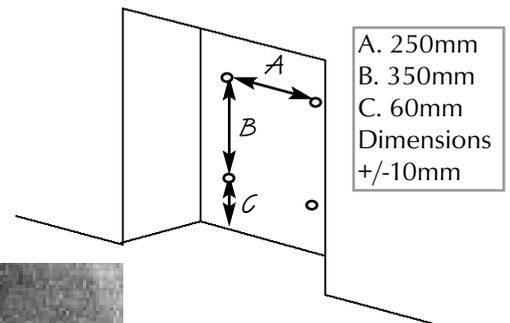
Thread the cable tensioners onto the cables as shown, with the nuts screwed down close to the tensioner head.

Slide the screwed nipple onto the cable, pull cable taut and tighten nipple.

Adjust tensioner using a suitable spanner to pull the appliance back into position, to allow an even seal around the fireplace opening.

Visually inspect the seal and reset if necessary.

Surplus tension cable **MUST NOT** be cut off as this will prevent proper installation after servicing. Coil up the surplus cable and tuck the coils out of the way as suggested in the photograph.

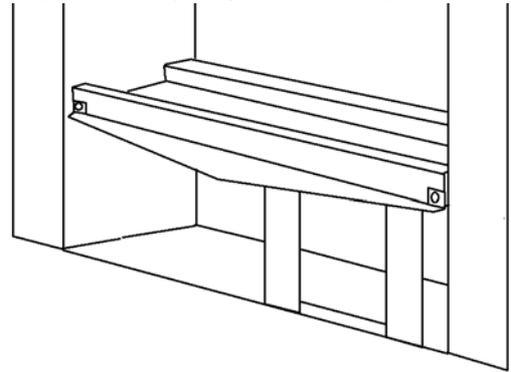


## 8.5 FITTING THE BURNER TRAY

Temporarily fit the burner tray and ensure a suitable gas route can be achieved. Place the burner tray into the firebox making sure that the rear lugs locate properly on to the ledge in the firebox. Fit the two securing screws through the tray legs to secure the assembly.

Connect the gas supply and tighten the gas connections. Fit the data/control plate to the tray using the two screws provided. Ensure that the control knob can be pushed fully in and does not touch the plate.

Fit the deflector baffle to the two locations on the front face of the firetray. Screws are provided for this purpose. The baffle should be level with the lower edge of the tray. Place contemporary firefront in front of the fire temporarily to check the angle of the baffle. The front should fit well and the control devices beneath should not be visible to the eye. Realign the baffle slightly if necessary to achieve the correct fit.



## 8.6

## GAS CONNECTION

Purge the gas supply to remove any air, and connect the previously installed gas supply to the control tap and tighten all joints.

If using an across hearth connection ensure the decorative frame and firefront will clear the supply route. If the data/control plate is not already fitted, attach with two screws, ensuring the control knob is free to be depressed fully.

## 9.0

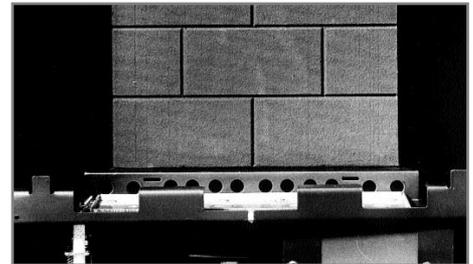
## FUEL BED LAYOUT - Coal effect option

This fire is supplied with 11 ceramic coals. The coals may vary slightly in size, shape, in order to allow a realistic layout.

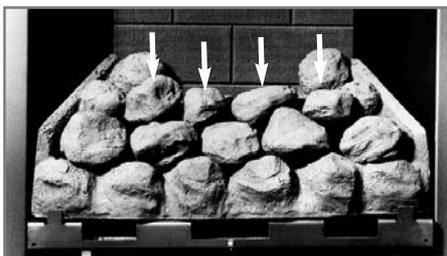
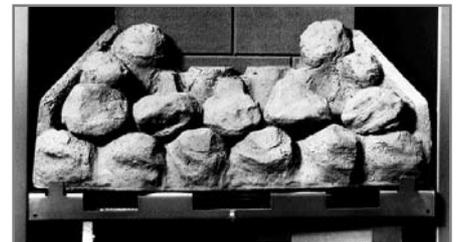
Firstly, remove the ceramic components from their protective packaging, and place the brick panel against the rear of the firebox



Place the ceramic combustion matrix onto the burner.

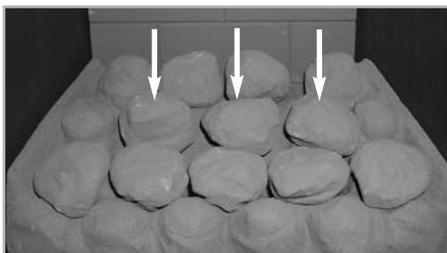


Place the front row of five coals on to the matrix. Ensure the coals are firmly against the side cheeks as shown in the photograph. If necessary, pull the coals forward slightly to ensure their rear edges do not overhang the flame ports. The edges of the coals **MUST NOT** be allowed to enter the flame ports.



NATURAL GAS - 4 Coals

Place the middle row of four coals (**Only three loose coals are required on the middle row of coals for LPG models as shown.**) onto the supports in the matrix, over the top of the holes. Ensure the coals are not turned sideways, such that they actually enter the holes.



PROPANE/LPG - 3 Coals

Finally, place the rear row of two coals.

**Note:** The coals must not be crammed together, or inserted into the holes in the matrix. A well laid out, generously spaced coal layout will give the best results.



## 9.0 FUEL BED LAYOUT (continued)

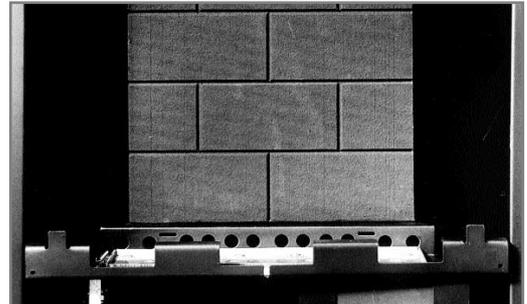
The coals may be rotated slightly within their positions to give a good visual effect. Pay special attention to finally adjust the coals with the fire lit on the HIGH setting in order to ensure that no flames play onto the firebox sides. This will reduce the possibility of heat discolouration.

The fire is designed to operate correctly with the coals supplied when assembled according to the instructions. Never add to the eleven coals, or change them for a different type. Never throw rubbish or other matter onto the fuelbed.

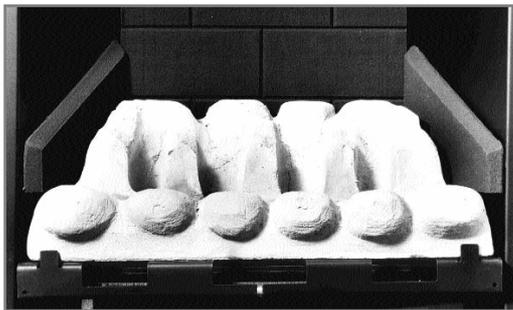
## 9.1 FUEL BED LAYOUT - Pebble effect option (Natural Gas Only)

This fire is supplied with 15 ceramic pebbles. The pebbles may vary slightly in size, shape and colour, in order to allow a realistic layout.

Place the brick panel against the rear of the firebox



Place the ceramic combustion matrix onto the burner and the ceramic side cheeks onto the matrix.



Place the front row of six pebbles on to the matrix. Ensure the pebbles are firmly against the side cheeks as shown in the photograph. If necessary, pull the pebbles forward slightly to ensure their rear edges do not overhang the flame ports. The edges of the pebbles **MUST NOT** be allowed to enter the flame ports.



Place the middle row of four pebbles onto the supports in the matrix, over the top of the holes. Ensure the pebbles are not turned sideways, such that they actually enter the holes.



Place the rear row of five pebbles, making sure that the flat sides are firmly against the brick panel and side cheeks as shown.

**Note: The pebbles must not be crammed together, or inserted into the holes in the matrix. A well laid out, generously spaced pebble layout will give the best results.**



The pebbles may be rotated slightly within their positions to give a good visual effect. Pay special attention to finally adjust the pebbles with the fire lit on the HIGH setting in order to ensure that no flames play onto the firebox sides. This will reduce the possibility of heat discolouration.

The fire is designed to operate correctly with the pebbles supplied when assembled according to the instructions. Never add to the fifteen pebbles, or change them for a different type. Never throw rubbish or other matter onto the fuelbed.

## 10.0 FITTING THE DECORATIVE FRAME

The appliance is supplied with a decorative frame in a variety of finishes. The frame is held onto the firebox by one of two methods; either by magnetic pieces fitted to the steel backing plates, or as a three piece clip-on assembly.

If not pre-fitted, the clip-on frame pieces should be hooked over the outer edges of the fireframe, and pushed firmly home. The sides should be fixed first, followed by the top bar, which overlaps the sides. Push firmly home. A plastic protective film may be applied to the outside of the frame and should be removed at this stage.

Place the decorative firefront in front of the fire and slide the ashpan door into place. The firefront shown in these instructions may be different to the one supplied with the appliance.

## 11.0 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

Turn on and test the gas supply up to the fire for any leaks, in accordance with current Approved Codes of Practice (ACOPs)

## 11.1 OPERATING THE APPLIANCE - Manual versions

The pilot is visible through the left hand side of the matrix. Rotate the coals/pebbles for good viewing. Push in and turn the control knob to the SPARK position, and hold there for a few seconds.

Continue turning anti-clockwise through the spark click to the PILOT light position, ensuring the pilot has lit. If not, return the knob clockwise, and repeat.

When the pilot lights after the spark, keep the knob depressed for approximately ten seconds. Now release the knob and the pilot should stay alight. If the pilot is extinguished during use, wait three minutes before repeating the ignition procedure. To achieve the HIGH setting, push the control knob in slightly and continue turning anti-clockwise to the high position. The main burner should light after a few seconds. To decrease the setting to LOW, turn the control knob clockwise to the low setting.

To turn to the PILOT position from the HIGH or LOW positions, press the control knob in, and return to the pilot position and release. To turn the fire OFF, keep the knob pressed in, return to the off position and release.



## 11.2 OPERATING THE FIRE (remote control versions)

Turn the main burner control (shown on left hand side of control valve) knob fully anti-clockwise.

Turn ignition knob (shown on right hand side of control valve) slightly left towards the ignition position until reaching the stop, press down and hold for 5 seconds (only pilot gas is flowing)

Continue pressing down the knob while turning further to the left to activate the piezo spark, continue to hold the knob down for a further 10 seconds after the pilot has been lit. If the pilot does not light repeat the previous steps.

Upon lighting and after the further 10 seconds, release the knob and turn further to the left to the ON position. The main burner will light and be controlled in accordance with the main burner control knob setting. Adjust the main burner control knob to the desired setting.

If the pilot is extinguished during use of the fire, you MUST wait ten minutes before repeating the ignition procedure.

To turn the main burner OFF whilst keeping the pilot flame lit, turn the ignition control knob to the pilot position then only the pilot will remain lit.

To shut the fire off completely, press the ignition control knob down and continue turning to the right from the pilot position to the OFF position.

A safety interlock prevents re-ignition of the pilot flame until the thermocouple has cooled sufficiently to allow the magnetic valve unit to reset itself.



The remote control unit allows operation of the main burner setting between maximum and pilot only setting. It does not permanently turn the pilot on or off.

The remote control handset incorporates an inbuilt safety feature to prevent the main burner being activated or turned up accidentally. It is necessary to press button 1 and 2 (see illustration) simultaneously to turn the fire up.

To turn the fire down press button 3 only.

## 11.3 SPARK FAILURE

The gap between the spark electrode and the pilot should be 3.5 - 4.5mm to produce a good spark. There should be no need to adjust this. If under any circumstances the electric spark fails, the pilot may be lit manually by proceeding with the ignition sequence as previously described, and after turning the control knob through the spark position, the knob should be held in and the pilot lit with a taper.

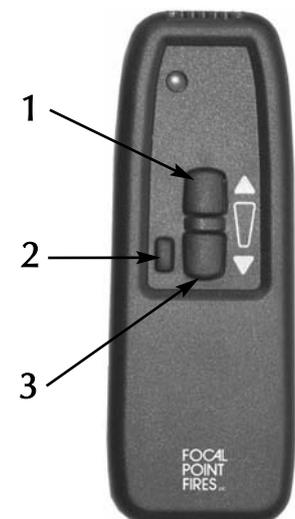
## 11.4 SETTING PRESSURE

The test point is located either on the main injector pipe or on the front of the valve (marked 'OUT'), accessible by removing the control plate. Attach a U gauge, and light the fire on the HIGH setting.

The setting pressure should be in accordance with the figures stated on page 2 of these instructions. The fire is factory set to achieve these pressures, and any significant variation could indicate a supply problem.

If the pressure is too high, the gas supply meter may be set incorrectly. This should be checked with the fire running and if necessary reset by the gas supplier. If the pressure is too low, then check the meter governor pressure with the appliance running. If this is incorrect it will need to be reset by the gas supplier.

If the setting pressure is too low, but the meter pressure is acceptable, then a problem in the supply pipework is to be suspected. This will be dirt and debris, kinked or inadequate size pipes, restriction in a fitting or solder flashing across a joint.



## 12.0 FLUE SPILLAGE MONITORING SYSTEM

This fire is fitted with a flue spillage safety device (ODS). If the fire shuts down during use for no apparent reason then several things may be suspected. If a door or window has been opened creating a draught, then pilot disturbance is the problem, and removal of the draught should resolve this. The gas pressure reaching the fire must also be checked (again, recall your installer to check and rectify any problem). The thermocouple connection into the back of the gas control valve may also have worked loose during installation, simply get the installer to tighten.

If pilot disturbance is not the cause, then the ODS safety system may be in operation. Switch the appliance OFF, check the flue and carry out any remedial work required. Relight the fire and carry out a spillage test. **DO NOT** allow the appliance to be used if it continues to fail a spillage test.

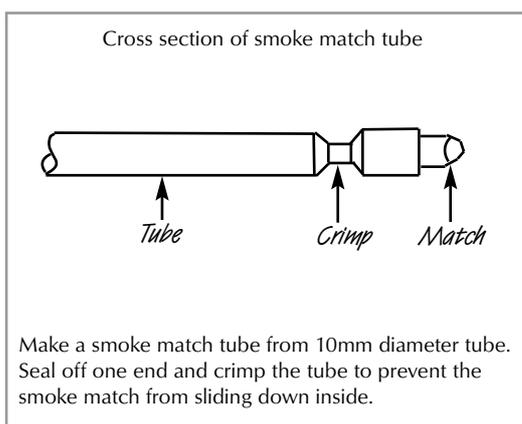
The aeration hole of the pilot must be carefully cleaned out on each annual service to ensure continued function of the ODS.

The spillage monitoring system shall not be adjusted, modified, or put out of operation by the installer. Any spare parts fitted **MUST** be of a type supplied for the purpose by the appliance manufacturer.

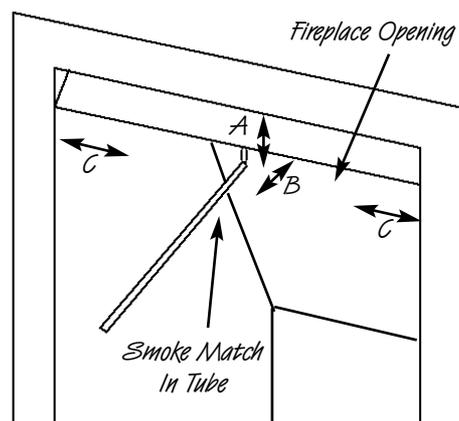
If the fire is not spilling, then further guidance should be sought, using the Troubleshooting section as a guide.

## 12.1 TESTING FOR SPILLAGE

Close all doors and windows to the room containing the appliance. Let the fire run on HIGH for five minutes. Take a smoke match, light it, and using a smoke match tube, hold it at the top edge of the fire opening, 25mm down and 25mm in. Starting 50mm in from either side, run the smoke match across the opening. All the smoke should be drawn away up the flue. Any smoke returning into the room indicates that spillage is occurring. If the initial spillage test fails, run the fire for a further 10 minutes and repeat the test. When the test has been completed satisfactorily, repeat with any extractor fans in the premises running on the highest setting, and any communicating doors open. Finally, repeat with all doors open.



A. 25mm down from top of opening  
B. 25mm in from front of opening.  
C. Disregard outer 50mm either side of fireplace opening



## 13.0 BRIEFING THE CUSTOMER

All instructions must be handed to the user for safekeeping. Show the customer how to light and control the fire.

After commissioning the appliance, the customer should be instructed on the safe use of the appliance and the need for regular servicing. Frequency of service depends on usage, but **MUST** be carried out at least once annually.

Advise that cleaning of the fire may be achieved when the fire is cold using a damp cloth and mild detergent on most surfaces.

Scratched and other superficial damage to the matt black paintwork of the appliance can be covered with matching heatproof spray. Use only the manufacturers' recommended spray paint. Paint only when the fire is OFF and cold. Always mask off the surrounding area to prevent contamination with overspray. Ventilate the room during the use of the spray. **DO NOT** attempt to spray paint the coals/pebbles or ceramics, or wash them in water.

Advise that the fire will emit a "newness" smell for a time after initial commissioning and that extra ventilation may be needed during this time. Advise that the fire is fitted with a spillage safety device (O.D.S.). If the fire shuts down, this system may be in operation. If spillage is suspected, **SWITCH APPLIANCE OFF** and call in the installer to investigate any problems.

## 14.0 SERVICING

Isolate the fire from the gas supply. Ensure that the fire is fully cold before attempting service. A suggested procedure for servicing is detailed below.

1. Lay out the dust sheet and tools.
2. Carefully remove the ceramic components.
3. Remove the decorative front and frame.
4. Remove the two screws that retain the data/control plate.
5. Disconnect the gas supply, and remove the two securing screws in the tray legs.
6. Remove the burner tray.
7. Remove convector box as described.
8. Check the fireplace opening for rubble accumulation and remove. If debris is excessive, initiate remedial work on the flue.
9. Check the flue with smoke pellet for correct operation.
10. Refit convector box using new seals where necessary
11. Strip off the burner pipes and clean thoroughly.
12. Clean out the injector, pilot assembly and burner tube. DO NOT remove the pilot injector.
13. Re-assemble and re-fit the burner tray.
14. Turn on the gas supply, and leak test.
15. Refit the decorative firefront and ceramics.
16. Check any purpose provided ventilation is un-obstructed.
17. Light the fire and test for spillage.
18. Check setting pressure and safe operation of the appliance.

For specific servicing instructions, see the relevant sections.

## 14.1 CLEANING THE CERAMICS

Remove the firefront and place to one side. Remove the ceramic components. Gently clean in the open air. Be careful not to create dust from the coals/pebbles. Where necessary replace damaged components with genuine spares. Seal scrap ceramic components in plastic bags and dispose at proper refuse sites as directed.

Re-fit the coals/pebbles by referring to the relevant section of these instructions.

## 14.2 REMOVING THE BURNER TRAY

Remove the decorative front and frame. Remove the ceramics and the data/control plate.

Remove the two screws securing the tray legs to the firebox. Pull tray forward slightly and lift away.

Refitting is the reverse of above, being sure to engage the tray location lugs on the shelf at the rear of the firebox.

## 14.3 DISMANTLING THE BURNER TRAY

Remove the tray as previously described. The pilot unit can be removed by undoing the tubing nut, the thermocouple nut on the rear of the valve, and the two securing screws, and lifting away. Remove the tubing nut from the valve end of the pilot pipe, and blow through to dislodge any debris. Clean the exterior of the pilot assembly with a soft brush and blow through the flame ports on the pilot head. Remove the lint arrestor, and check the aeration holes are free from lint or dirt. The pilot assembly is a non-serviceable item, and should not be taken apart. The aeration hole must be absolutely clear internally for proper operation. See specifications for gap setting.

Remove the two tubing nuts on the ends of the gas pipe to the injector elbow. Release the screw through the supporting leg and lift assembly clear. The injector pipe can now be checked for debris. Remove the nut retaining the injector elbow. Blow through the elbow to remove any debris.

The valve is not field serviceable, apart from the pilot filter. Remove the control knob by pulling it forwards, then remove the largest of the three screws on the face of the valve. Slide the filter out and clean away any debris that may have accumulated. The filter element should also be blown clean. This component should not require replacement, however if signs of deterioration are evident then a genuine spare must be used. If a large amount of debris is present in the filter then the pipework and control should be thoroughly cleaned before re-assembly.

## 14.4 REMOVING THE FIREBOX

Remove the burner tray as described previously.

Protect the hearth from potential damage. Unroll the coiled tensioner cables from the rear of the firebox. Remove the securing nipples and tensioner adjusters. The firebox is now released from the opening and can be slid outward onto the hearth. Inspect the fireplace opening for debris and if excessive rectify the flue before proceeding further. Check the seal around the fireframe and if necessary replace. Refitting of the convector box is as described in the fitting section of these instructions.

## 15.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

### *Fire sparks but pilot does not light*

No gas to fire, check isolators are open.  
Pipework blockage, clean out.  
Air not fully purged, repurge supply or wait longer.  
Spark earthing to metal work, reset gap correctly.  
Blocked pilot, clean out internally.

### *Pilot lights but then goes out*

Severe restriction in gas supply, clear obstruction.  
Faulty thermocouple, replace pilot unit.  
Hold control knob in for longer.  
Check control knob does not foul data plate.  
Missing grommet seal in firebox, replace

### *Fire does not spark at pilot*

HT lead detached, refit.  
Spark gap too large or small, reset correctly.  
Faulty piezo unit, replace.  
Debris shorting out electrode, clean.  
Spark shorting to metalwork under tray, realign HT lead.

### *Fire runs for a time and then cuts off*

Excessive room draught or flue pull, rectify.  
Loose or faulty thermocouple, rectify.  
ODS system in operation.  
Firebox grommet seal not fitted, rectify.  
Lint in pilot aeration hole, clean thoroughly internally

### *Pilot flame shrinks when fire is on high*

Poor gas flow to fire, check pressure with fire on high.  
If pressure is low, remove any restriction in pipework or valve.  
Check all isolators are adequately sized and fully open.  
Check meter pressure is adequate.  
Air leak under base of firebox, rectify.  
Lint in pilot aeration hole, clean thoroughly internally.  
Firebox grommet seal missing, rectify

### *Fire smells when first lit or in use*

Newness smell from brand new appliance.  
Spillage occurring. Carry out spillage test and rectify any problems.  
Low temperature sealants or combustible materials used in incorrect positions.  
Air leak under base of firebox, rectify  
Firebox grommet seal missing, rectify.

# USER INSTRUCTIONS

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## 1.0 IMPORTANT NOTES

The installation of this fire **MUST** only be carried out by a competent person (such as a GAS SAFE registered fitter) in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998, the relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice, the Building Regulations and the manufacturers' instructions.

Failure to comply with the above recommendations could lead to prosecution and invalidate the appliance warranty.

Please ensure you are handed all of the manufacturers documents on completion of the installation. This will include these instructions.

Always keep a note of the installer's name and address, the original purchase receipt and the date of installation for future reference.

The fire and flue should be serviced regularly to ensure continued safe operation. See the servicing section for further details. Frequency of service will depend on use, but **MUST** be carried out at least once annually.

Parts of this appliance become naturally hot during use. It is recommended that a suitable fire guard conforming to BS 6778 is used, especially where young children, the elderly, or infirm are concerned.

Combustible items, such as flooring and furniture, and soft wall coverings (such as blown vinyl or embossed paper) may discolour if fitted too close to the fire. See relevant section for further details on clearances to combustibles. No combustible material or flooring should protrude onto the hearth.

**DO NOT** burn any foreign material on this fire, the coals/pebbles must be of the correct type and laid out in accordance with the relevant section of these instructions. Failure to do so could create a hazard or lead to soot-ing.

Before the appliance is installed, the chimney should be swept. All flues should be checked by the installer to ensure there are no defects or obstructions that may prevent the flow of combustion products.

This appliance is fitted with a flue blockage safety device which will shut down the fire if abnormal flue conditions occur. It is **NOT** a substitute for an independently mounted Carbon Monoxide detector.

The fire is only suitable for use with the gas type for which it is supplied.

## 1.1 REPLACING THE BATTERIES (remote control versions only)

Handset - Remove cover from rear of handset and insert 1 x 'PP3' (9 volt) battery - Replace cover

Appliance - **Ensure appliance is off and cool.** Remove cover from top of receiver box. The cover is protected by reflective foil, and located towards the right hand side, underneath the burner unit. Insert 4 x 'AA' (1.5 volt) batteries - Replace cover.

## 2.0 FIREFRONT

This fire is supplied with a particular style of firefront. Use of the firefront will ensure an adequate airflow under the fuelbed for the correct functioning of this appliance.

Compliance with safety standards cannot be guaranteed if another style of front is used.

## 3.0 CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES

A combustible shelf may be fixed to the wall above the fire, providing that it complies with the dimensions given below.

<i>Maximum depth of shelf</i>	<i>Minimum distance from inside edge of fire frame to underside of shelf</i>
100mm (4in)	203mm (8in)
150mm (6in)	305mm (12in)
203mm (8in)	356mm (14in)

A non-combustible shelf may be fitted to within 10mm of the top edge of the fireframe.

Combustible materials, such as wood, may be fitted to within 100mm (4in) of either side of the frame of the appliance, providing the forward projection does not exceed 100mm (4in).

Any combustible side walls must be at least 500mm to the side of the radiant heat source.

As with all heating appliances, any decorations, soft furnishings, and wall coverings (i.e. flock, blown vinyl and embossed paper) positioned too close to the appliance may discolour or scorch.

## 4.0 VENTILATION

**No purpose provided ventilation is normally required for this appliance.** The requirements of other appliances operating in the same space or room, and the results of a spillage test must be taken into consideration when assessing ventilation requirements, this will have been carried out by your GAS SAFE registered installer.

For Republic of Ireland, ventilation may be required, see IS 813, ICP3, IS 327, and any other rules in force.

## 5.0 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS - Manual versions

The pilot is visible through the left hand side of the matrix. Rotate the coals/pebbles for good viewing. Push in and turn the control knob to the SPARK position, and hold there for a few seconds.

Continue turning anti-clockwise through the spark click to the PILOT light position, ensuring the pilot has lit. If not, return the knob clockwise, and repeat.

When the pilot lights after the spark, keep the knob depressed for approximately ten seconds. Now release the knob and the pilot should stay alight. If the pilot is extinguished during use, wait three minutes before repeating the ignition procedure.

To achieve the HIGH setting, push the control knob in slightly and continue turning anti-clockwise to the high position. The main burner should light after a few seconds. To decrease the setting to LOW, turn the control knob clockwise to the low setting.

To turn to the PILOT position from the HIGH or LOW positions, press the control knob in, and return to the pilot position and release. To turn the fire OFF, keep the knob pressed in, return to the off position and release.



## 5.1 OPERATING THE FIRE (remote control versions)

Turn the main burner control (shown on left hand side of control valve) knob fully anti-clockwise.

Turn ignition knob (shown on right hand side of control valve) slightly left towards the ignition position until reaching the stop, press down and hold for 5 seconds (only pilot gas is flowing)

Continue pressing down the knob while turning further to the left to activate the piezo spark, continue to hold the knob down for a further 10 seconds after the pilot has been lit. If the pilot does not light repeat the previous steps.

Upon lighting and after the further 10 seconds, release the knob and turn further to the left to the ON position. The main burner will light and be controlled in accordance with the main burner control knob setting. Adjust the main burner control knob to the desired setting.



## 5.1 OPERATING THE FIRE (remote control versions) continued

If the pilot is extinguished during use of the fire, you **MUST** wait ten minutes before repeating the ignition procedure.

To turn the main burner OFF whilst keeping the pilot flame lit, turn the ignition control knob to the pilot position then only the pilot will remain lit.

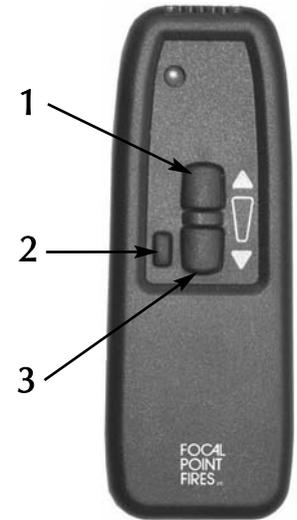
To shut the fire off completely, press the ignition control knob down and continue turning to the right from the pilot position to the OFF position.

A safety interlock prevents re-ignition of the pilot flame until the thermocouple has cooled sufficiently to allow the magnetic valve unit to reset itself.

The remote control unit allows operation of the main burner setting between maximum and pilot only setting. It does not permanently turn the pilot on or off.

The remote control handset incorporates an inbuilt safety feature to prevent the main burner being activated or turned up accidentally. It is necessary to press button 1 and 2 (see illustration) simultaneously to turn the fire up.

To turn the fire down press button 3 only.



## 6.0 FLUE SPILLAGE MONITORING SYSTEM

This fire is fitted with a flue spillage safety device (ODS). If the fire shuts down during use for no apparent reason then several reasons may be suspected. If a door or window has been opened creating a draught, then pilot disturbance could be the problem, and removal of the draught should resolve this. The fire can then be re-lit in accordance with the previous section. A grommet seal may also be missing from the firebox causing abnormal draught to shut down the pilot. Call your installer to check seals are properly fitted.

If pilot disturbance is not the cause, then the ODS safety system may be in operation. Switch the appliance OFF, call in your installer to check the flue and ventilation and carry out any remedial work required. **DO NOT** allow the appliance to be used until the flue system is passed as safe.

## 7.0 CLEANING

Before carrying out any of the following operations, ensure that the fire is OFF and completely cold.

Debris that may form on the fuelbed should be periodically removed by a competent person. Large deposits could indicate deterioration of the flue. This should be repaired by a competent person, and the fire serviced before further use.

**STAINLESS STEEL AREAS** - These areas may be cleaned using a soft damp cloth or stainless steel cleaner.

**IMPORTANT** - Always clean in the direction of the grain, and never across it as this will scratch the surface. It is recommended that a small area is attempted before cleaning the entire stainless steel area - to ensure the cleaning material is suitable.

**PAINTED AREAS** - These can be cleaned using a dry cloth.

## 8.0 COALS AND CERAMICS

See the relevant section in the Installation Guide of these instructions.

## 9.0 SERVICING

The fire and flue should be checked on an annual basis to ensure all of the product of combustion are entering the flue and that there is no excessive build up of soot. The frequency of service will depend on usage, but **MUST** be carried out at least once annually. Servicing must be carried out by a competent person, such as a GAS SAFE registered installer.

Cleaning of the coals/pebbles may be carried out by following the instructions given in the Installation section. The Installation instructions carry full servicing details for the use of the installer.

If debris from the flue or other foreign matter is found on the fire it may indicate a need for servicing. Do not use the fire until the source of the debris has been found and rectified.

Air vents (where fitted) should be checked periodically to ensure they are free from obstruction.

## 10.0 SHORTLIST OF SPARES

<b>PART NO.</b>	<b>ITEM</b>
F780094	Pack of 15 coals
F550057	Pack of 15 pebbles
F780093	Ceramic combustion matrix (coal)
F780035	Ceramic combustion matrix (pebble)
F550208	Ceramic pad set (includes rear pad, taper pad and side cheeks)
Please Enquire	Decorative Frame
Please Enquire	Decorative Front
F930017	Remote Handset















